The Sydney Morning Herald.

No. 12,775. SYDNEY, THURSDAY, MARCH 13, 1879. PRICE 2d.

Births.

ABRAHAMS.—March 1, at her residence, Tillingham Villa, Carlton, Melbourne, the wife of E. N. Abrahams, of a daughter.
BAKER.—March 8, the wife of J. W. Baker, of Bathurst, of a son.
LOBBAN.—March 8, at her residence, Parkhaugh, Barcom-street, Paddington, Mrs. A. Lobban, of a daughter.
TIDYMAN.—March 2, at her residence, Russell-street, Bathurst, Mrs. C. Tidyman, jun., of a son, stillborn.

Marriages.

CORNWELL—STONE.—February 27, in St. Philip's Church, North Richmond, by the Rev. A. M'Keown, George William, eldest son of John Cornwell, jun., of Richmond, to Lucy, eldest daughter of Richard Stone, of North Richmond.
HELMRICH—GAY.—February 27, at Paddington, by the Rev. P. F. Mackenzie, Alexander B. Helmrich, of Sydney, to Florence M. G. Gay, of Melbourne.
LEAVERS—STONE.—February 27, in St. Peter's Church, Richmond, by the Rev. Dr. Woolls, James Leavers, of Richmond, to Annie, second daughter of Richard Stone, of North Richmond.
M'KONE—HAGAN.—March 1, by special license, at St. Joseph's Church, Newtown, by the Rev. Paul Fitzpatrick, Felix M'Kone, wheelwright, Harris-street, Sydney, to Maggie, second eldest daughter of Felix Hagan, Newtown.
NEWMAN—SIMPSON.—February 25, at St. David's, Surry Hills, by the Rev. J. D. Langley, Michael, son of Mr. Michael Newman, of Maryborough, Queensland, to Lucy, third daughter of Mr. Isaac Simpson, of Surry Hills, Sydney.
STAINES—MADGWICK.—March 12, in St. Peter's Church, Richmond, by the Rev. Dr. Woolls, William Thomas Staines, to Rose Ann, second daughter of William John Madgwick, of Richmond.
WILSON—LANGHORNE.—March 5, at Elstonwick, Melbourne, by the Rev. Joseph Hay, Robert Wilson, of Melbourne, to Mary Langhorne, of Newtown, Sydney.

Deaths.

BAILEY.—March 8, at the residence of his son-in-law, Thomas Gibson, Darling Road, Balmain, Samuel Bailey, after a long and painful illness, in his 88th year, a resident of East Maitland for over forty years.
MAY.—March 10, at Moruya, William Waltham Frederick May, aged 24 years, second son of C. H. May, of Sydney, accidentally shot, leaving a disconsolate widow and infant, and a large number of friends and relatives to mourn his untimely end. A good husband and a good son, loved and esteemed by all who knew him.
MILLER.—March 12, Ann-street, Surry Hills, Alexander William John, infant son of John C. and Sarah Miller, aged 2 months and 11 days.
REID.—March 10, at the residence of Mr. George Turner, 3, Fitzroy-terrace, Pitt-street, Redfern, Minnie, daughter of James Reid, of congestion of the brain, aged 10 years.
RIVIER.—March 12, at her residence, 161, Forbes-street, Woolloomooloo, Rebecca, relict of the late Captain Thomas Inglis Rivier, aged 56 years.
TUCK.—March 1, at her residence, Poplar Cottage, West Maitland, Margaret, the beloved wife of John Warn Tuck, aged 62 years.
WATT.—March 7, at his residence, Pine Ridge station, Denison Town, David Watt, Esq., J.P., aged 65 years.
WHITEHEAD.—March 12, at her late residence, No. 32, Charlotte-place, Rachael Whitehead, aged 72 years.

Shipping.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
The Company's steamship
AVOCA,
1482 tons, 250-horse power,
J. C. Almond, commander,
will leave Sydney for MELBOURNE, on WEDNESDAY, 19th March, at 12 noon, in connection with the departure from this port of the Company's steamship
ASSAM,
3035 tons, 500-horse power,
which will be dispatched on SATURDAY, 22nd March, for ADELAIDE, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, and GALLE, with H. M. mails, passengers, cargo, and parcels; also for INDIA, MAURITIUS, JAVA, SINGAPORE, CHINA, JAPAN, and EUROPE.
Liberal reduction of passage money made in favour of families and large parties.
Cargo and parcels will be received until 5 p.m. on the 17th, and specie at 10 a.m. on 18th March.
For information on all subjects connected with the Company's various lines, apply to
HENRY MOORE, Agent.
Moore's Wharf, 19th February, 1879.
Passengers' accommodation in the ASSAM allotted in Sydney by plans in office, at same rates as from Melbourne to ports beyond the colonies.
Passage money and freight per AVOCA, between Sydney and Melbourne, at local rates.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.
OVERLAND ROUTE TO GREAT BRITAIN THROUGH AMERICA.
Under Contract with the N. S. W. and N. Z. Governments.
AUSTRALIA,
3000 tons,
W. CARGILL, Commander,
will be dispatched
at 3 p.m., on THURSDAY, 27th March, carrying her Majesty's mails and passengers to Auckland, Honolulu, and San Francisco.
Drafts payable in gold in San Francisco, issued by the undersigned.
Passengers booked from Sydney to Liverpool, London, or Paris, with special advantages.
Through rate from Sydney to Liverpool, first class, £72.
For rates of passage and freight, and for all other information, apply to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Agents, Gresham-street.

STEAM TO AUCKLAND, direct.—The Pacific Mail steamer
AUSTRALIA,
3000 tons, W. Cargill, commander,
will leave as above on THURSDAY, 27th March, at 3 p.m.
Fares at current rates.
Passengers for Waiwera Hot Springs by P. M. Co.'s steamers forwarded free from Auckland to Waiwera.
For freight or passage apply to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Gresham-street.

STEAM TO HONGKONG Direct.—The Eastern and Australian Mail steamship
SOMERSET,
W. H. Pockley, commander,
will be despatched for the above port, on TUESDAY, 18th instant, calling at Cooktown and Port Darwin, if sufficient inducements offer.
For freight or passage, apply to
BRIGHT, BROS., and CO., Agents.
March 8, 1879.

THE E. and A. S. Mail Company's steamer
NORMANBY,
W. Ellis, commander,
will leave the Company's new jetty, at Smith's Wharf, on TUESDAY, the 25th March, at noon, with the mails for Singapore and Hongkong, via Brisbane and other Queensland ports.
For freight or passage, apply to
BRIGHT, BROS., and CO., Agents.
March 8, 1879.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS.
TO LEVUKA (FIJI).—Steamer after arrival of the Pacific mail, due 17th instant.
TO MELBOURNE.—Ly-ee-Moon, Saturday afternoon, at 6; and City of Adelaide, Tuesday afternoon, at 6. Fares and freights at current rates.
TO NEWCASTLE, RAYMOND TERRACE, and MORPETH.—Coonanbara, to-night, Thursday, at 11; and City of Brisbane, Saturday night, at 11.
TO BRISBANE.—Alexandra, Monday afternoon, at 4.30; and Balclutha, Wednesday, at noon. Fares and freights at greatly reduced rates.
TO MARYBOROUGH.—Steamer early.
TO ROCKHAMPTON.—Balclutha, Wednesday, at noon.
TO MACKAY.—Yaralla, from Brisbane, about Monday, 24th instant.
TO GLADSTONE.—Steamer from Brisbane, every Tuesday.
TO BROADSOUND via ROCKHAMPTON.—Balclutha, Wednesday, at noon.
TO BOWEN, TO TOWNSVILLE, TO CAIRNS (TRINITY BAY), TO PORT DOUGLAS (ISLAND POINT), TO COOKTOWN WHARF — Alexandra (without transhipment), Monday afternoon, at 4.30.
TO CARDWELL, TO KEPPEL BAY, TO FLAT TOP ISLAND — Alexandra, Monday afternoon, at 4.30.
Cargo is now being received for transmission to any of the above ports.
FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager.

THE C. and N. R. S. N. CO.'S STEAMSHIPS, from Commercial Wharf, foot of King-street, for GRAFTON, CLARENCE RIVER, via NEWCASTLE, the S.S. NEW ENGLAND, TO-MORROW (Friday) NIGHT, at 9 o'clock.

N. MANNING RIVER S. N. COMPANY'S s.s. BEAGLE, Captain Herson, will leave Caledonian Wharf THIS (Thursday) MORNING, at 10 o'clock, carrying freight and passengers to all parts of the Manning River.
Cargo now received.
JOHN RITCHIE, Agent.

STEAM TO SHOALHAVEN, ALL PARTS OF THE RIVER.
The fast and favourite paddle steamer OUR OWN sails THIS DAY, at 10 a.m. sharp, from PATENT SLIP WHARF.
All freights payable in Sydney.
G. F. MASON, Agent.

THE CLARENCE AND RICHMOND RIVERS STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS will be dispatched from the Company's Wharf, Sussex-street, as follows, weather permitting.

FOR GRAFTON, CLARENCE RIVER:	
Ship.	Date of Sailing.
CITY OF GRAFTON	TUESDAY, 18th March, at 9 p.m.
FOR MACLEAY RIVER:	
TINONEE (under charter)	MONDAY, 17th March, at 9 p.m.

JOHN WHITE, Secretary.

NEWCASTLE STEAMSHIP COMPANY (Limited).
The S.S. COLLAROY (chartered while the KEMBLA is getting new boilers), for NEWCASTLE, from Lime-street Wharf, foot of Erskine-street, THIS (Thursday) NIGHT, and TO-MORROW (Friday) NIGHT, at 11.
H. D. PORTUS, Manager.

HUNTER RIVER NEW STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
STEAM TO NEWCASTLE, MORPETH, RAYMOND TERRACE, &c.
FROM SYDNEY.
On FRIDAY NIGHT, at 11, the MAITLAND.
On MONDAY NIGHT, at 11, the MAITLAND.
GOODS WILL NOT BE RECEIVED AFTER 5 p.m.
F. J. THOMAS, Manager.
Offices—Foot of Market-street.

ILLAWARRA S. N. CO.'S STEAMERS.—TO WOLLONGONG.—To-morrow, 9.30 a.m. and 11 p.m.
ULLADULLA and CLYDE.—To-morrow, 9.30 a.m.
MORUYA and TATHRA.—To-morrow, at 11 p.m.
KIAMA and SHOALHAVEN.—To-morrow, at 11 p.m.
MERIMBULA and EDEN.—Wednesday, 9.30 a.m.

PARRAMATTA, RYDE, ERMINGTON, and NEWINGTON STEAMERS, leave KING-STREET, THIS DAY, at 7, 9, 11, 1, 3, 5; leave Parramatta, 7, 9, 11, 1, 3, 5. GLADESVILLE STEAMERS leave King-street, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12.30, 1, 3, 4.15, 5, 6.15, calling at HUNTER'S HILL and COCKATOO. FIVE DOCK, ASHFIELD, and BURWOOD. Steamers leave King-street at 7, 10, 12.30, 4.15, 6.15. Leave Five Dock 7.45, 9.30, 11 a.m.; 2.45, 5 p.m. Fares about half railway rates.

HUNTER'S HILL and LANE COVE FERRY.—Steamer WOMERAH leaves—
Lime-street Wharf, 9, 11, 1, 3, 5.5, 7
Lane Cove, 8, 10, 12, 2, 4, 6.
SATURDAY—Lime-street Wharf, 1.15 and 11.15 p.m.
Lane Cove, 10 p.m.
SUNDAY—Lime-street Wharf, 10, 2.30, 6.
Lane Cove, 9, 1, 5

STEAMER PELICAN leaves King-street To-morrow, 7.30 a.m., return 1.30 p.m.

STEAM TO RICHMOND RIVER (detained by heavy sea at Richmond Bar.)—The fine new S. S. RICHMOND, from Grafton Wharf, on MONDAY, at 6 p.m.
G. and B. NICOLL.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE, NEWCASTLE, BRISBANE, MARYBOROUGH, and ROCKHAMPTON.
The M. S. S. CO. will dispatch their STEAMSHIPS (when practicable), as follows, from STRUTH'S WHARF, foot of King-street:—

FOR MELBOURNE:		
CHEVIOT	F. H. Stanford	TO-MORROW, Friday, at 12 o'clock.
MACEDON	Chas. Ashford	TUESDAY, March 18.
FOR BRISBANE:		
DERWENT	H. B. Bristow	TUESDAY, at 5 o'clock.
FOR MARYBOROUGH:		
DERWENT	H. B. Bristow	TUESDAY, at 5 o'clock.
FOR ROCKHAMPTON:		
DERWENT	H. B. Bristow	TUESDAY, at 5 o'clock.

Carrying passengers and cargo. Return tickets issued to and from MELBOURNE, available for three (3) months, by any of the Company's steamers, leaving every TUESDAY and FRIDAY, and vice versa. Cargo received for the above ports every day.
These vessels are victualled by the owners. Steerage passengers supplied with bedding.
WM. HOWARD SMITH, Struth's Wharf.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.
THE MELBOURNE STEAMSHIP COMPANY
will dispatch the
steamship
CHEVIOT, 1500 tons,
F. H. Stanford, commander,
TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, at 12 o'clock.
For all particulars apply to
WM. HOWARD SMITH, Struth's Wharf.

UNION STEAMSHIP COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND (Limited).
Fortnightly communication to all NEW ZEALAND PORTS.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	Date of Sailing.
TARARUA	836	W. C. Sinclair	15th March, via Auckland.
WAKATIPU	1796	E. Wheeler	About 25th March, via Wellington.
FROM MELBOURNE:			
ROTORUA	936	M. Carey	18th March, via Hobart Town and Bluff.
CLAUD HAMILTON	668	Muir	20th, via Hokitika.

FREDK. W. JACKSON, 56, Pitt-street.

STEAM TO AUCKLAND AND ALL NEW ZEALAND PORTS.
The Union Company's powerful steamship,
TARARUA,
836 tons, W. C. Sinclair, commander,
will be dispatched, as above, on SATURDAY next, 15th instant, booking passengers and cargo for all ports.
Passengers for Hokitika, Westport, and Greymouth booked at through rates.
Shipping orders must be obtained for all cargo, which will be received at the wharf daily.
No cargo received on day of departure.
FREDK. W. JACKSON, 56, Pitt-street.

STEAM TO AUCKLAND.
The powerful and favourite S. HERO, Thomas Logan, commander, will leave the Grafton Wharf for Auckland on SATURDAY, 22nd March, at 3 p.m.
Shippers are requested to apply for shipping orders.
For freight or passage apply to
BRIGHT, BROTHERS, and CO., Agents.

STEAM to NOUMEA, NEW CALEDONIA.—The splendid steamship
WOTONGA,
G. J. Finlayson, commander,
will be dispatched as above, TO-MORROW, Friday, the 14th instant, leaving the A. S. N. Company's Wharf at 10 a.m. precisely. No cargo received after 4 p.m., this day.
For freight or passage apply to
MONTEFIORE and MONTEFIORE,
5, Gresham-street.

STEAM TO TASMANIA.—The T. S. N. COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS leave as under:—
FOR HOBART TOWN.—S.S. TASMAN, from Grafton Wharf, TUESDAY, 18th March, at 1 p.m.
FOR LAUNCESTON.—S.S. ESK, from Grafton Wharf, on or about THURSDAY, at 4 p.m.
For freight or passage apply to
T. and W. WILLIS, 48, Pitt-street.

MANLY BEACH STEAMERS daily (Saturdays and Sundays excepted).
Fairlight leaves Queen's Wharf, 10.15, 2.15, 6.
Royal Alfred ditto ditto, 7.15, 11.30, 4.30.
Calling at Woolloomooloo Bay, 10.30, 11.45, 2.30.
Return trips from Manly, 8.10, 9, 12, 3.15, 4.45, 5.30.
No freight taken after 2.15 p.m.
Fares: Return tickets, 1s 6d; children, 1s. Saloons extra.
EXTRA LATE BOATS.
From Sydney—Wednesday and Saturday, 11.15 p.m.

NORTH SHORE STEAM FERRY COMPANY (Limited).
The steamer hitherto running to MOSSMAN'S BAY will be withdrawn from and after SATURDAY next, the 15th instant. The ZEUS will run between NEUTRAL BAY and the CIRCULAR QUAY, leaving the former place at every half-hour, commencing at 7.30 a.m., until 6.30 p.m., and the latter place at every hour, commencing at 8 a.m., until 6 p.m.
By order of the Board of Directors.
THOMAS FIELD, Secretary.

ORIENT LINE OF STEAMSHIPS FOR LONDON,
VIA THE SUEZ CANAL.
The full-powered steamships of this line are built and fitted expressly for carrying Passengers on long ocean voyages; they are each of about 4000 tons register, and make the voyage in about 40 days. They are fitted with punkahs, attached to the main engines, and steam-heating apparatus on the most approved principle, and they are thoroughly ventilated for the tropics.
The next departures will be:—

Steamer.	From Sydney.	From Melbourne.
JOHN ELDER	April 5th	April 12th.
CHIMBORAZO	May 5th.	May 12th.
CUZCO	June 6th	June 14th.

To be followed every month by a similar steamer.
FARES TO LONDON, £16 and upwards.
Suez Canal dues, 8s in addition.
Passages from London can be granted in Sydney.
For further particulars, apply, in London, to F. Green and Co., and Anderson, Anderson and Co., Managers of the Orient Steam Navigation Company (Limited); or to the Agents in Sydney,
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.,
Gresham-street.

FOR LONDON.
The splendid Clyde clipper
FIRTH OF TAY,
823 tons register,
Classed 100 A1 at Lloyd's, now on her second voyage.
Having her dead weight stowed and a considerable portion of her outward cargo on board, will have early dispatch.
The vessel has been docked and painted at Messrs. Mort's, in order to ensure a fair homeward passage.
For rates of freight or passage, apply to Captain THOMPSON, on board, at the Cosmopolitan Wharf,
or to
MASON, BROTHERS, Agents.
Wool received at TALBOT'S.

FOR LONDON.—
The magnificent new A1 clipper ship
TRAFALGAR,
1430 tons register,
David Mour, commander,
will sail on or about 25th instant.
Has unsurpassed accommodation for first and second class passengers. The saloon cabins are all furnished and provided with beds, bedding, &c., and all necessary requisites. There are bath-rooms, smoking-house, &c.
The Second Cabins are fitted up in a most superior style, with tables, washstands, cupboards, &c., and the berths, which are all enclosed, are very suitable for families.
For plans of cabins, rates of freight, and passage apply to the Captain, on board at Queen's Wharf, Circular Quay; or to
DANGAR, GEDYE, and CO.
Wool received at Flood and Co.'s.

FIRST SHIP FOR LONDON.
The fine clipper barque,
INGLEWOOD,
1043 tons register, Fisher Brocklebank, Commander.
This vessel is nearly full, and will be dispatched in a few days.
For rates of freight apply to
ALBERT A. SMITH, Hunter and O'Connell streets.
Wool received at TALBOT'S.

FOR LONDON.
The AA1 iron clipper ship
CARMARTHEN CASTLE,
1407 tons register, Hugh James, commander,
having the whole of her dead weight and a large portion of her wool and other cargo on board, will sail in a few days.
This vessel, being on her fourth voyage, has made unrivalled passages, and offers an admirable opportunity for shippers.
Apply on board, Circular Quay, to
LEARMONTH, DICKINSON, and CO., Agents;
or to R. P. CAMPBELL, Broker.
Wool received at Marsden's.

FOR LONDON
The magnificent iron ship
BORDER CHIEF,
1011 tons register,
100 A1 at LLOYD'S.
This fine vessel, requiring only a limited quantity of wool, will be dispatched in a few days, and offers the most favourable opportunity to shippers.
For freight apply to Captain LESLIE, on board, at Circular Quay; or to
JOHN FRAZER and CO.
WOOL RECEIVED AT FLOOD AND CO.'S.

ABERDEEN CLIPPER LINE.
FOR LONDON.
The favourite clipper barque
DAMASCUS,
964 tons, A. C. PITT, Commander,
is now loading as above, and will have prompt dispatch.
For terms of freight or passage apply to the Captain, on board, or MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.
Wool received at Talbot's.

FOR AUCKLAND.—
The clipper schooner
FANNY
will be dispatched, as above, in a few days. For freight, passage, and all particulars apply on board, at Grafton Wharf; or to
J. C. READ, Jun., Agent,
3, Gresham-street.

FOR TONGA, HAABAI, and VAVAU, FRIENDLY ISLANDS.
The Clipper Barque METEOR,
J. L. Clulow, master, will be dispatched on the 22nd instant.
CARGO will be received at Alger's Wharf, on MONDAY next.
For freight or passage apply to
RABONE, FEEZ, and CO.

FOR Freight or Charter, the clipper schooner B. BELL.
C. B. BOND, 64, Sussex-street.

FOR TWEED RIVER.—Schooner VALE, first fair wind. Apply R. LANGLEY, 63, Sussex-street.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.—Barque FIRTH OF TAY, for LONDON.—This vessel is now receiving cargo at the COSMOPOLITAN WHARF.
MASON, BROTHERS, Agents.
Wool received at Talbot and Co.'s.

FRANCIS THORPE, from London.—All ACCOUNTS against this vessel must be rendered in Duplicate to the undersigned, on or before noon on THURSDAY next, 13th instant, otherwise they will not be recognised.
MASON, BROTHERS, Agents.

BARQUE FALCON, from London.—All CLAIMS and Accounts against the above vessel must be rendered at the office of the undersigned before noon, on THURSDAY, the 13th instant, otherwise they will not be recognised.
HARBOTTLE, BIDDULPH, and ALSOP, Agents.

SHIP BLAIR ATHOLE.—Tenders will be received up to noon FRIDAY, 14th instant, for Spar Making, Blacksmith Work, and Ship Chandlery. Specifications to be seen at the Office of the undersigned. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
JOHN FRAZER and CO.

S. S. ZAMBOANGA.—All parties having CLAIMS against the above steamer are requested to lodge the same with the Captain, on board, or Spanish Consul (Mr. Moore), in duplicate, on or before SATURDAY, 15th March, otherwise they will not be recognised.
V. ARANGUREN, Master.

FOR FREIGHT or CHARTER.—Clipper schooner GLOSSARIAL. G. F. MASON, Patent Slip Wharf.

FOR HIRE, Steam LAUNCH Katie. Orders left at Buckham's Oriental Hotel. Terms moderate.

STEAM Launch LIGHTNING for HIRE. Excursions George's River. Apply Pinhlet's Hotel, Wynyard-square; or George Stewart, Liverpool.

WANTED, to CHARTER, vessels to convey about 900 tons Building Stone from Sydney to Port Adelaide.
FORD, ADAMS, and CO., Circular Quay.

FOR SALE, 18-feet FISHING BOAT. IRELAND, Woolloomooloo Bay, near Baths.

FOR SALE, Coasters' BOATS, 14 to 18 feet; Surf Boats, River Boats, Skiffs, &c. WARD, Dawes Point.

FOR SALE, a Twin-screw STEAMER, built under special survey, having two pairs compound surface, condensing, disconnecting, and reversing engines, 40-horse power each nominal, combined power 80-horse; steams average rate of 10 knots on a consumption of 5½ tons coal per day; 218 tons gross, and carries 180 tons dead weight on 9 feet 6 inches, not including bunkers. Has superior passenger accommodation, and is in every way suitable for the Northern river trade.
Only principals need apply.
Further particulars W. W., Herald Office.

THE ORIENT WHARF, DARLING HARBOUR.
The undersigned beg to notify that they have leased the above property from the A. S. N. Company, where they are prepared to berth ships of any tonnage, at moderate rates. Special advantages are offered for the protection of goods, capacious sheds being erected on the premises. MARSDEN and SON, Stevedores and Lightermen, Wool Stores, Circular Quay.

FLOATING DOCK, DARLING HARBOUR.—THOMAS S. ROWNTREE and CO., Wood and Composite Shipbuilders and Blacksmiths. Ships of any size docked; repairs and work efficiently carried out on the most reasonable terms. Masts, spars, and ship timber of every description always on hand

QUAY BERTHS vacant; first-class wharfage and storage. G. F. MASON, Patent Slip Wharf.

A GOLDEN RULE: Never be without a good supply of JOSEPHSON'S AUSTRALIAN OINTMENT.

UNION FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF N. Z.
Capital, £2,000,000. Paid-up, £100,000.
Fire and Marine risks accepted at lowest current rates.
Wool insured from time of shearing until reaching London.
W. H. MACKENZIE and CO.,
Agents for New South Wales.
Exchange-corner, Sydney.

UNIVERSAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY (Limited).
Chief Office ... ... 55, Cornhill, London.
Capital, £1,000,000. Paid-up, £250,000.
Wool insured from time of shearing until reaching London.
Marine risks accepted. Claims payable at chief office, or at any agency of the Company.
War risk granted free on all shipments to 31st March, 1879.
W. H. MACKENZIE and CO.,
Agents for New South Wales.
Exchange-corner, Pitt-street, Sydney.

Religious Announcements.

ST. MARY'S PRO-CATHEDRAL.
ARGUMENTS FOR CHRISTIANITY.
His Grace ARCHBISHOP VAUGHAN will develop FOUR ARGUMENTS, during the SUNDAY EVENINGS in Lent, touching the reasonableness of Christianity and the shallowness of unbelief.
2. First Argument—"Man"—Third Sunday in Lent.
3. Second Argument—"God"—Fourth Sunday in Lent.
4. Third Argument—"Denial"—Fifth Sunday in Lent.
5. Fourth Argument—"Faith"—Palm Sunday.
The Archbishop's Discourses will begin on SUNDAY EVENING, at 7 o'clock, and will be continued every Sunday Evening at the same hour.
Benediction of the Most Blessed Sacrament will be given immediately after each Discourse.
Sittings are provided for four hundred visitors during these Discourses.
A. J. FORDE, Dean of St. Mary's.
March 5th, 1879.

ANNIVERSARY SERVICES will be held in the ASHFIELD PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Liverpool Road, on SABBATH next, the 16th instant, to commemorate the FIFTH ANNIVERSARY of the PASTORATE of the Rev. JOHN AULD, M.A.
Rev. ANDREW GARDINER, M.A., at 11 a.m.
Rev. Dr. W. MOORE WHITE, at 7 p.m.
CHILDREN'S SERVICE at 3 p.m., to be conducted by the MINISTER and Mr. JOHN WALKER.
Special collection at all the diets in aid of the Branch School at Canterbury.

REDFERN and WATERLOO PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
The GIBBONS PRIZE, value £2 10s, will be competed for by Sunday School pupils at the above Church, THIS EVENING, half-past 7. Examination on Psalm 119.
Collection in aid of Sunday School Fund.

Business Announcements.

THE BUSINESS of the late JOSEPH WARD and CO., Ship Brokers and Commission Agents, will be continued by the WIDOW, for the benefit of herself and family, under the same name as heretofore—
JOSEPH WARD and CO.
Requisite arrangements have been made for the efficient management of the business, and it is respectfully desired that the support hitherto accorded to the late firm may be continued.

NOTICE is hereby given that the PARTNERSHIP heretofore subsisting between us in the business of Millers, under the style or firm of G. A. AYLING and COMPANY, has THIS DAY been dissolved by mutual consent, and that the said business will be carried on by the undersigned, JOSEPH ALEXANDER ROBINSON.
Witness our hands this 10th day of March, 1879.
J. A. ROBINSON.
C. A. AYLING.
Witness—George Pinnock.

NOTICE.—S. and F. SWEENY having purchased the business of W. O. Ward, Coachbuilder, Macquarie and Church streets, Parramatta, desire to inform old customers and the general public, that they will carry on the above business, in all its branches, and hope, by strict attention to quality of workmanship, combined with moderate charges, to merit a continuance of the support so liberally bestowed upon W. O. Ward for the last thirteen years.
W. O. WARD presents his compliments to old friends and customers, and wishes to inform them that he has sold his business, as Coachbuilder, &c., in full working order, to S. and F. SWEENY, and desires for them a continuance of the support so liberally accorded to him during so many years.

PUBLIC NOTICE.—My business will be carried on as usual during my absence on a visit to London and Paris.
CHAS E. WIGZELL, Prize Ornamental Hairworker, 143, 145, Oxford-street, Sydney.

Calls on Shares.

NORTH SHORE STEAM FERRY COMPANY. (Limited).
NOTICE is hereby given that a SIXTH CALL of 2s (two shillings) per share has been made, and will be payable at the Offices of the Company, Milson's Point, on or before TUESDAY, 25th March.
By order of the Board of Directors.
THOMAS FIELD, Secretary.
Milson's Point, North Shore, 28th February, 1879.

REDHEAD COAL MINING COMPANY (Limited).—NOTICE is hereby given that the Directors have THIS DAY made a CALL of one shilling per share, payable to the Manager, at the Office of the Company, 177, Pitt-street, Sydney, on WEDNESDAY, April 2, 1879.
By order of the Board.
GEORGE HARDIE, Manager.
March 11, 1879.

Personal.

GENTLEMAN who called to see Miss D., 126, Castlereagh-street, 3 weeks ago, kindly call again.

IF THIS should meet the Eye of GEORGE A. BUSTARD or UNWIN, his Mother would be thankful to hear of him, as his Aunt Fanny is dead. Please call at No. 1, Hawkins Hill-terrace, St. John's Road, Glebe.

MISS MASON.—Letters for you at General Post Office, requiring reply. M. A. B.

MRS. OSBORNE, please call on Mrs. Jordan, 224, Market-street.

THE PARTY who was seen taking the FOX-TERRIER from the Queen of Nations is requested to return same at once, to save trouble.

WILL Mr. KENNEDY, late of Chandler's Cottages, call on H. WADDINGTON, Macquarie-place.

WILL Mr. M. PHELAN, late of Berrima and Bargo.—Please call or send address to Sydney Morning Herald Office.

Lost and Found.

FIVE Pounds Reward.—Lost, a blue Greyhound SLUT. Apply J. GAGEN, 46, Sussex-street North.

LOST, Part of Steel SPECTACLES. Church-hill. Finder please return. No. 2, Bond-street.

LOST, part of Gold EARRING, between Oxford-street and Moore Park. Reward at 44, Botany-street, S. H.

LOST, a bunch of Silver CHARMS. Call at Baroda, Potts Point, Macleay-street.

LOST, Gold EARRING, on Sunday night, between Waverley and the corner of Oxford and Bourke streets. Reward at 86, Hunter-street.

LOST, on Tuesday, in Domain, POCKET-BOOK, containing papers of no value to any one but the owner. Return to proprietor, Tattersall's Hotel. Reward.

ONE POUND REWARD.—Lost, from Ultimo, Bay GELDING, branded CF near shoulder. W. HARRIS, Ultimo.

REWARD.—Lost, Gullah PARROT, talks French and English. Royal Exhibition Hotel, Devonshire-street.

REWARD, £1.—LOST, from Canterbury, 10th February, one black HORSE, branded C over T off shoulder. Any person bringing the same to J. M'COY, Woolpack Inn, Canterbury will receive the above reward.

REWARD, £1.—STRAYED, from Kingsgrove Road, Gannon's Forest, on Monday night, 10th instant, a Bay MARE, branded Y on shoulder, having on saddle and bridle. Any person bring the same to Mr. MACMAHON'S residence, Gannon's Forest, will receive the above reward.

TEN SHILLINGS REWARD.—STRAYED, from Leichhardt, Black COW, white belly, scratch on off hock. IVEY, Springside-street, Garryowen, Balmain.

TEN POUNDS REWARD if Stolen, £1 if Strayed.—1 Chestnut Draught HORSE, branded on near shoulder WE, three white fetlocks; 1 Grey HORSE, branded on near shoulder A, puffed on the fore legs. JOHN FYLE, Ashfield.

TO POUNDKEEPERS and OTHERS.—STRAYED, from Arncliffe, Cook's River, black HORSE, JI off shoulder, Brown HORSE, C over ND (touching) near shoulder. One Pound reward on returning same to G. R. JACOBS, Tempe Family Hotel, Arncliffe, Cook's River.

FOUND, a PURSE, &c. Owner leave description at Builders' Exchange, King-street, for G. Withers.

FOUND, a WILD PIG, in my orchard. If not claimed, will be destroyed. Woodburn Park, Rookwood.

FOUND, Black and Tan TERRIER. Apply Mrs. MUNTON, The Pines, Blue's Bay, North Shore.

SPECTACLES.—A parcel of SPECTACLES left on my counter. THOMAS BAKER, Draper, opposite Cathedral.

Meetings.

NOTICE.
We, the undersigned residents of Campbelltown, wish to call a Public MEETING, in the Temperance Hall, Campbelltown, to taken into consideration the advisability of forming Campbelltown into a municipality.
(Signed) JOHN HURLEY, Campbelltown, Householder
JAMES BOCKING, ditto, Miller, &c.
JOHN KIDD, ditto, Freeholder
E. H. FIELDHOUSE, ditto, ditto
P. B. HURLEY, ditto, ditto
A. J. GORE, ditto, Householder
[Here follow 17 signatures].
Campbelltown, 8th March, 1879.

To John Hurley, Esq., M.P.; James Bocking, Esq., J.P.; John Kidd, Esq., J.P.; E. H. Fieldhouse, Esq., J.P., and the other gentlemen signing the above requisition.
In compliance with your request, I have much pleasure in convening a Public MEETING of the residents of Campbelltown, to be held in the Temperance Hall, Campbelltown, on FRIDAY EVENING, the 14th day of March. 1879.
THOS. CHIPPENDALL, J.P.
Campbelltown, 10th March, 1879.

CAMDEN ELECTORATE.—Mr. GARRETT will address the Electors on MONDAY EVENING next, 17th instant, at the Court-house, PICTON.

INDEPENDENT ORDER ODDFELLOWS.—New Branch forming at North Shore.—A Public MEETING, to be held at Mr. Morgan's Furniture Store, Mount-street, THIS EVENING, to enrol members at half fees till opening night. This is the largest benefit society in the world.

INDEPENDENT ORDER ODDFELLOWS.—Surry Hills Branch.—MEETING, THIS EVENING, 8 o'clock, Black's Hotel, Crown-street, to take names for membership. Half fees till opening night. Charter sent for. Lodge will open in two weeks.

MASONIC.—Tranquillity R.C.—Monthly MEETING, THIS EVENING, 7.30. Business: Initiation, raising.

NO. 37, BRUNSWICK LOYAL ORANGE LODGE.—Regular Monthly MEETING, in Lodge Room, Protestant Hall, THIS EVENING at 7.30. A full attendance of brethren requested. Brethren of kindred Lodges cordially invited to attend.

NO. 10 L. O. L.—Regular Monthly MEETING, TO-NIGHT, in Protestant Hall, No. 3 room. Members requested to attend. ARCHIBALD SMITH, Hon. Secretary.

PUBLIC NOTICE.—UNITED ANCIENT ORDER OF DRUIDS.—All those that have paid to join the Norma Lodge of St. Leonards, North Shore, and those desiring to join, will please meet at Montgomery's-buildings, FRIDAY, 14th March, 8 p.m. By order. W. WILKS.

A MEETING OF LICENSED PLUMBERS will be held at Easy's Emu Inn, George and Bathurst streets, TO-MORROW (Friday) EVENING, 14th instant, at 7.30 p.m., to consider the regulations recently adopted by the Municipal Council.
THOS. J. POWN and CO.
WM. COOPER
JAMES CORBET
} Licensed Plumbers.

NOTICE.—Operative Blacksmiths Meet, THIS EVENING, half-past 7. Swan-with-Two-Necks.

POULTRY, PIGEON, and CANARY SOCIETY.—General MEETING, TO-NIGHT. W. CRANE.

N. S. W. STEWARDS' and COOKS' MUTUAL ASSOCIATION.—The Members of the above will meet at their Rooms, THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock.
JAS. FINCH, Hon. Secretary.

REDFERN LITERARY ASSOCIATION.—Readings and Recitations. Rehearsals.

PRINCE ALFRED LITERARY SOCIETY AND DEBATING CLUB, Newtown.
Public DEBATE on FRIDAY,—"Is the character of Oliver Cromwell worthy of admiration."
Members can obtain tickets at the Town-hall.
Hon. W. J. Foster in the chair.

GREAT COBAR COPPER MINING COMPANY, LIMITED.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Half-yearly General MEETING of the Company stands adjourned to FRIDAY, 14th March, 1879, at the Chamber of Commerce Exchange, Sydney, at 2 o'clock.
By order of the Board.
GEORGE HARDIE, Manager.

FISCHER and BEARD'S GOLD-MINING CO. (Limited).
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Annual General MEETING of Shareholders of this Company stands adjourned to THURSDAY, the 13th March proximo, at half-past 3 p.m.
By order.
ALFRED SANDEMAN, Manager.
Temple Court, King-street,
27th February, 1879.

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE CITY BANK.—Ladies and Gentlemen,—About the 7th March I sent in a written application, and became a candidate for the position held by the deceased Mr. Raphael. Should you elect me your AUDITOR, you may rely upon my efforts faithfully to fulfil the duties of that important function.
Your very obedient servant,
DANIEL P. M. HULBERT, M.A., S.J.C.,
Member of the Cambridge Senate.
Wimbledon, Moore Park.

THE FOLLOWING AMOUNTS are thankfully acknowledged by the Rev. J. N. MANNING:—

	£	s	d
C. T. Burfitt, Esq., 355, George-street	1	0	0
Mrs. Captain Scott, Lisgar	0	10	0
Spencer Ashlin, Esq., 184, Pitt-street	1	0	0
N., 26, Bridge-street	0	5	0
F. H. Dangar, Esq.	2	0	0
G. C., Surry Hills	1	0	0
A Friend	0	1	0
F. Edmond O'Brien, Temple Court	0	10	0
R. C. Clay, 163, Pitt-street	0	10	0
C. E. M. D.	1	0	0
Deus spiro spero	0	5	0
	£9	1	0

INTERCOLONIAL JUVENILE INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION, MELBOURNE, 1879.
The undersigned will be happy to supply Copies of Regulations and Forms of Application to young people of Sydney desirous of competing at the above Exhibition, to be held about October next.
E. L. MONTEFIORE.
235, Darlinghurst Road.

IMMIGRANTS
per Ship CLYDE (daily expected to arrive)
WILL BE FOR HIRE AT THE
HIRING ROOM,
FORT MACQUARIE,
ON THE SECOND OR THIRD DAY AFTER ARRIVAL.
A further notice will appear on arrival of the ship.
GEORGE F. WISE,
Agent for Immigration.
Government Immigration Office,
Sydney, March 13, 1879.

International Exhibition.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.
NOTICE TO INTENDING EXHIBITORS.
Forms of Application for space are now ready for issue, and can be obtained at the offices of the Commissioners, 153, Macquarie-street; or forwarded to country applicants. NO CHARGE is made for space.
AUGUSTUS MORRIS, Secretary.

SYDNEY INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, 1879.
COMMITTEE No. XIII., on Education and Science, will meet at the Offices of the Commission, at 3.30 p.m., THIS DAY, the 13th instant.
AUGUSTUS MORRIS, Secretary.
Office of the Commission, 153, Macquarie-street,
Sydney, 11th March, 1879.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.
COMMITTEE VII., On Manufactures, will meet at the Offices of the Commissioner, at 3.30 p.m. THIS DAY, 13th instant.
AUGUSTUS MORRIS, Secretary.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.
DESIGNS FOR A CERTIFICATE OF MERIT.
Further Designs for an Award of Merit are invited, and will be received up to the first of May next. Twenty Guineas will be given for the prize design.
AUGUSTUS MORRIS,
Secretary.
Sydney, March 11.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.
The competitive Design for a Medal, signed "Octavia," has been accepted; and the designer is invited to call upon the undersigned.
AUGUSTUS MORRIS,
Secretary.
Sydney, March 11.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.
Committee X. on Art, will meet at the offices of the Commission, at 11 a.m., on SATURDAY, the 15th instant.
AUGUSTUS MORRIS,
Secretary.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.
The Commission will meet at the office, at 3.30 p.m., on FRIDAY, March 14.
AUGUSTUS MORRIS, Secretary.

Business Cards.

A CARD.—SIMS and PERKES, Wholesale and Retail HERBALISTS, TREAT ALL DISEASES. 246, George-st. N.

A CARD.—Mr. GEORGE SMYTHE, Dentist, 21, Hunter-street.

A. COX, Silk, Woollen, and Cotton Dyer, Scourer, and Hotpresser, 61 and 63, William-street, Woolloomooloo; and 825, Railway Bridge. Gentlemen's apparel scoured and properly pressed, daily. Mourning dyed on the shortest notice.

A CARD.—Dr. SPENCER has resumed the practice of the several branches of his profession, who has effected cures in numerous cases after allopathic and homœopathic treatment having failed. Vide testimonials. 304, Castlereagh-street.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH.—Dr. EMANUEL and SON fix artificial teeth of surpassing beauty, of colour defying detection. One surgery only, 174, Pitt-street, opposite Punch's Hotel.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH.—Those who wish to obtain the above, made on the latest English principles, should consult Mr. J. E. CARTER, Surgical and Mechanical Dentist (from London), who guarantees perfect fit, mastication, and natural appearance, at a very moderate cost. Painless extraction by the nitrous oxide gas. All dental operations skilfully performed. Consultation free at Mr. Carter's residence, 28, College-street, Hyde Park.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH INIMITABLE.—Painless dental operations, by the aid of nitrous oxide gas, &c.
Mr. GUSTAVUS GABRIEL,
Dentist,
6, Carlton-terrace,
Wynyard-square.
Town and country residents are specially requested to note address, Mr. Gustavus Gabriel not being connected in practice with any other person.

A CARD.—Mr. JOHN SPENCER, DENTIST, is now practising his profession at the new and spacious residence, 44, Wynyard-square North, which he has had specially built with large comfortable waiting rooms and surgeries, besides every known modern appliance and improvement in dentistry imported from Europe and America. Mr. Spencer would draw attention to the completeness of his establishment for the execution of the best workmanship, and refers to the following awards gained by his own work against all competitors:—The N.S. Wales Agricultural Exhibition Medals (8 years successively), the London International Gold Medal, and the Philadelphia Centennial Medal for Artificial Teeth. Also, painless nitrous oxide gas extraction.
44, WYNYARD-SQUARE NORTH.

BABY-LINEN Warehouse, cheapest in Sydney. Mrs. HINCHCLIFFE, 123, 125, and 127, Oxford-street.

COUCHES and Chairs RE-STUFFED and Covered in best style; chairs caned, &c. A. W., Herald Office.

CHEAP PRINTING.—1000 cards, 12s 6d; 1000 billheads, ruled, 12s 6d; 5000 handbills, 20s; 5000 bakers' billheads, 20s; 1000 bonnet bags, printed, 22s 6d. Star Steam Machine Printing Office, 14, Wynyard-lane, opposite Moss and Co.'s.

DEMOREST'S cut paper Patterns, Robes, Costumes, Underclothing, Children's Patterns, &c. 77, King-street.

DR. F. HILLER, Homœopathic Physician, 231, Macquarie-street. Hours till 9 a.m., 11 to 2, and 7 to 8.

DOLLS dressed on the premises, 1s; cheapest house in Sydney. F. LEE'S, 450, George-street, opposite Markets.

DR. HARMAN TARRANT
(late of Kiama),
161, Elizabeth-street, Hyde Park.
Consultations hours from 9 till 12 morning, 7 till 8 evening.

DR. MEARNS, D.D.S.,
DENTIST
(late Philadelphia Dental College),
10, Wynyard-square.

EVERY lady can make her dress with Patterns tried and fitted by Madame LA SICOTIERE, 330, George-street.

EYE, EAR, and THROAT Specialist.—Dr. JAMES SPARK may be consulted at 20, College-street, Hyde Park

FAMILY MOURNING WAREHOUSE.—Cheapest in Sydney. Mrs. HINCHCLIFFE, 123, 125, and 127, Oxford-st.

FUNERALS FURNISHED in best manner. WALTER STEWART, Undertaker, Pitt and Bathurst streets.

FAMILY MOURNING.—The Cheapest House in Sydney for Ready-made and Unmade Goods, of every description, is E. WAY'S, Importer of Family and Complimentary Mourning Goods, 261, Pitt-street.

GLUE'S LABOUR AGENCY, 176, Pitt-st. Labour engaged and forwarded in any quantity.

J. LAWLER, Importer of Iron Bedsteads, Horsehair, Kapok, Pulu, Flock, Fibre, and Flax. 517, George-street.

MR. E. READING, Dentist, will be absent from his Rooms, on SATURDAY MORNING. 117, Castlereagh-st.

MR. E. K. SATCHELL, Dentist, 38, College-street, Hyde Park.

NO. 257, Pitt-street.—R. BURGIS, Fashionable Tailor. All articles thoroughly shrunk, and perfect fit guaranteed.

ROYAL BOOT MART, opposite the Markets. RICHARD M'COY.

RUSSELL'S PATENT COOKING STOVES.—GIETZ and SARGENT, Manufacturers, 75, Liverpool-street, three doors west of George-street. N.B.—All kinds of stoves repaired on the shortest notice.

TRY FULLER'S PRINTING OFFICE. Large plant, latest appliances, best workmen. 387-9, George-street.

W. HOWES, Tailor. Best materials, fit, and workmanship. Lowest charges. 476, George-st., op. Markets.

Educational.

A SURVEY OFFICE Exams. and MATHEMATICS. Private class for above twice a week. Vacancies, terms, &c., apply
F. BEVILL, M.A., 296, Victoria-street South.

BOOKKEEPING or Writing taught. Mr. NORRIS, Writing Master, 34, Park-street. Day or evening.

CIVIL Service Class—Bookkeeping made easy; Writing, Arithmetic, &c. Fitzjohn Hall, tutor, 738, George-street.

ENGLISH, French, Drawing (inclusive), two guineas. Eltred House, Glenmore Road. Principal, Miss MARTIN.

MISS COOK is organizing strictly private Dancing Classes. The first Tuesday in April.

OAKLANDS, MITTAGONG.
In consequence of various additions and improvements, the School will be capable of comfortably accommodating eighty boys after the Easter vacation, which will terminate April 21.
Applications for admission should be sent in before April 14.
Prospectus forwarded on application to the Secretary or the Head Master.
H. E. SOUTHEY, Head Master.

EXPERIENCED Tutor (4th year student of Glasgow University) has two hours free. Address 87, Herald Office.

LADIES' Fashionable Writing TAUGHT, in easy lessons, at residence or Institute. Norris, writing master.

MUSIC.—Four Lessons per week to beginners, half-hour, 7s monthly. Pierce, William-street.

MISS DEACON and Mrs. HILLIARD, Rathy House, Newtown.—The ensuing quarter will commence on TUESDAY, April 1. Vacancies for two Resident Pupils.

MR. JESSE SHEPARD having completed his CLASS FOR DEVELOPING can admit no more members.

NEGLECTED EDUCATION.—Evening Classes.—Private Lessons, experienced teacher. 42, Beecom-street.

THE ZITHER TAUGHT by Mons. MICHEL. Particulars at Mr. Paling's, musicseller, George-street.

A GENTLEMAN, double first class in honours, Sydney University, is prepared to visit schools, or to assist students and others privately. For terms, &c., apply S. K., care of C. J. Fache, Esq., Cleveland House, Alfred Park.

DANCING.—Mr. J. HALL'S Classes for Pupils and visitors, THIS EVENING, Oddfellows' Hall, Sussex-street.

TONIC-SOL-FA and DRAWING (elementary freehand).—Evening LESSONS required by a gentleman twice a week, by same or separate teachers. Address till Saturday, stating terms, time, and place, to D. A. Sinclare, General Post Office.

ILLUSTRATIONS IN NEXT SATURDAY'S "SYDNEY MAIL."
COLLISION BETWEEN THE STEAMERS BARRABOOL AND BONNIE DUNDEE.
VIEW OF A BEDROOM IN A COMMON LODGING-HOUSE
PICTURESQUE VIEWS OF BUILDINGS IN ROUEN.
MOST FASHIONABLE LADIES' COSTUMES.
In the "SYDNEY MAIL," Saturday, 15th March.

Volunteer Notices.

VOLUNTEER FORCE.
MUSKETRY INSTRUCTION.—TORPEDO CORPS.
TARGET PRACTICE, 1st and 2nd class men, 1878, at 10 a.m., MONDAY, the 17th March. Position Drill, 3rd class men and Recruits, at 7.30 p.m., on the 17th, at Victoria Barracks.
By command.
M. MURPHY, Major,
Acting Major of Brigade.

FIRST REGIMENT VOLUNTEER INFANTRY.—ENROLMENT of RECRUITS and Medical Inspection TO-NIGHT, at 7.30 o'clock, at 10, O'Connell-street.
By order.
JAMES HILL, Lieutenant and Adjutant.

SECOND REGIMENT N. S. W. VOLUNTEER INFANTRY.—Recruits dismissed drill will attend PARADE at the Victoria Barracks, on SATURDAY next, 3.45 p.m.
Medical Inspection for Recruits joining the Regiment EACH THURSDAY, at the Office, 10, O'Connell-street, at 8 p.m.
By order.
JAMES WILSON, Captain-Adjutant.

OLD SERVICE VOLUNTEERS meet TO-NIGHT, Temperance Hall, 8 sharp. Important. J. Brignell, hon. sec.

PADDINGTON and S. H. CO., VOL. RIFLES.—A MEETING of Company will be held at Court-house, Darlinghurst, THIS (Thursday) NIGHT, at 8 o'clock. THOS. MOORE, Ensign, Officer Commanding.

LAND ORDERS wanted at best market price. E. Oatley, auctioneer, &c., 40, Hunter-street.

ON SALE one VOLUNTEER LAND ORDER. Apply GARRAD and BOOTH, Market and Sussex streets.

TWO V. L. O.'s wanted. State price, James Perry, 16, Bridge-street, Sydney.

Tenders.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
TENDERS will be received up to 4 p.m., on MONDAY, 17th instant, for the removal of 2000 cubic yards of earth (more or less), in Prince Alfred Park. Particulars at the office, 227, George-street. HENRY M. WRIGHT, Acting Secretary.

BOROUGH OF ST. LEONARDS.
TENDERS are required by TUESDAY, 18th instant, for supplying kerbing and gutter stones. Particulars from the Foreman of Works.
WILLIAM TUNKS, Mayor.
12th March, 1879.

BOROUGH OF NEWCASTLE.
Separate TENDERS will be received at this Office, up to 1 o'clock p.m. on MONDAY, 17th March, 1879, from persons willing to perform the following work:—
1. Excavating, Forming, Guttering, Kerbing, Walling, of Wolfe and King streets.
2. Forming, Metalling, Masonry, Drainage, &c., required in Blane-street, No. 3 section, from Ash's timber yard to A. A. Company's Bridge.
3. Metalling Hunter-street, from Watt-street to A. A. Company's Bridge.
4. Metalling Bull-street, from Bruce-street to Darby-street.
Plans and specifications to be seen at the Council-chambers.
Forms of tender may be had on application.
EDWARD S. HOLLANDS,
Town Clerk.
Town Clerk's Office, Newcastle, 10th March, 1879.

IN THE ASSIGNED ESTATE OF JOHN M'MAHON, Storekeeper &c., Carcoar.
TENDERS are invited till the 18th instant, for the purchase of Stock-in-trade, Book Debts, and Working Plant.
Every information can be had from
J. T. DAVENPORT and CO.,
Accountants and Trade Assignees,
George and Wynyard streets.

IN THE ASSIGNED ESTATE of F. D. SAWKINS, storekeeper, &c., Moree.
TENDERS required for the purchase of Stock, Book Debts, Working Plant, and Goodwill of BUSINESS.
J. T. DAVENPORT and CO.,
George and Wynyard streets.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS are invited for the Erection of a NEW WING, as well as extensive alterations to the existing building of the SINGLETON and PATRICK'S PLAINS BENEVOLENT ASYLUM.
Plans and specification may be seen on application to the SECRETARY, SINGLETON, or to the ARCHITECT, to whom Tenders are to be delivered on the 31st instant.
A. L. ELPHINSTONE, Jun.,
Architect,
Park and Pitt streets.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS are required for the Erection of a Cottage for H. Fitzpatrick, Esq., on the Cooper's Estate, Lavender Bay. Plans and specifications may be seen on application at the Office of the undersigned, to whom tenders are to be addressed, not later than noon on the 22nd of March.
JOHN KIRKPATRICK, Architect.
Temple Court-chambers.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS required for the Erection of a TOWN HALL, at the Glebe; to be tendered for as follows:—
1st. Excavation, masonry, and brickwork.
2nd. Carpentry, joinery, and finishing trades.
3rd. The whole in one sum.
A. THORNLEY, Junr., Architect,
205, York-street.

TO NIGHTMEN.—TENDERS will be received until MONDAY, the 24th, from persons willing to clear such cesspits as may be required for the current municipal year. Particulars on application to the Council Clerk.
DANIEL HOLBOROW, Mayor.
Council-chambers, Ashfield, March 12, 1879.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS are invited for the Erection of an addition to premises on Blue's Point Road, North Shore. Plans and specification, 4, Waterloo-chambers. DAVID M'BEATH, City Architect.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS invited until MONDAY, 25th instant, for the Erection and Completion of Three Houses, Kent-street. Plans and specifications at No. 3 Starr-Bowkett Building Society, Pitt-street.

TENDERS are invited for the Erection of a Verandah at the Priory, North Shore.
J. HORBURY HUNT,
Architect, 91, Pitt-street.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS required for the Erection of two Houses, at Newtown. Plans, &c., at my office, 205, York-street.
A. THORNLEY, Junr., Architect.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS are required for the Erection of Weatherboard Cottage, at North Shore. Plans, &c., at my office, 205, York-street.
A. THORNLEY, Junr., Architect.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS required for the Erection of an Hotel, on the Botany Road, Waterloo. Plans, &c., at my office, 205, York-street.
A. THORNLEY, Junr., Architect.

TENDERS are invited for Plastering and Cementing six Houses on the Abattoir Road, Balmain West. Plans at 2, Millsop-terrace, Macquarie-street South, Albion Estate.

TENDERS required for Painting the outside of Ashby Cottage, Wellington-place, off Upper Dowling-street, Darlinghurst. Specification at 486, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

TENDERS required for Masons' Work of four houses, labour only. Apply T. DENNETT, Hand and Heart, Botany Road, Redfern.

TENDERS wanted, to purchase Drain Pipes, at CONLON and COTTER'S Pottery, Broughton-street, Glebe.

VALUABLE CITY ALLOTMENTS TO BE LET, ON A BUILDING LEASE.
The executors of the late Mr. J. G. Raphael, having determined to LET for a term of thirty years the vacant allotment of land situated in Elizabeth-street, adjoining Mr. Raphael's late residence, and having a frontage to Elizabeth-street of about 32 feet, with a depth of about 82 feet, invite TENDERS for same.
Tenders must state the annual rent the tenderer is willing to give, and the probable amount of money intended to be expended.
The plans of any dwelling-house to be erected on this allotment must be approved of by the executors.
Tenders will be received by the undersigned till the 31st of March next.
JAMES C. TAYLOR,
Accountant,
131, Pitt-street, Sydney.

VALUABLE CITY BUILDING SITE.
CASTLEREAGH-STREET, opposite the GUILD HALL.
TO BE LEASED BY TENDER, on BUILDING LEASE, all that CENTRALLY-SITUATED and valuable block of CITY LAND, in CASTLEREAGH-STREET, opposite the GUILD HALL, between PARK and BATHURST STREETS, having a frontage of 54 feet 1 inch by a depth of about 74 feet, lately occupied by Messrs. FLETCHER, BROTHERS, together with the COTTAGE RESIDENCE occupied by Dr. SPENCER, being No. 304, Castlereagh-street.
This is a FIRST-CLASS CITY SITE, close to all the centres of business in Sydney, and a desirable position for SHOPS or STORES, or for private dwellings.
For particulars and plan apply to
HARDIE and GORMAN, AUCTIONEERS,
173, Pitt-street, Sydney.

ASSIGNED ESTATE OF ARCHIBALD WRIGHT, of Circular Quay, Engineer, Smith, &c.
NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
A FIRST DIVIDEND of Seven Shillings and Sixpence in the pound upon all claims admitted will be payable at the Office of the undersigned on and after MONDAY, the 16th instant. Holders of bills or promissory notes will be required to produce them.
THOMAS B. WALKER,
Accountant to the Trustees.
Exchange-corner, Bridge-street.

ALL Private ACCOUNTS against the late ARCHIBALD THOMPSON are requested to be rendered in detail, without delay, to the undersigned.
A. THOMPSON and CO., 182, Pitt-street.

Amusements.

THEATRE ROYAL.

Lessee and Manager .... Mr. Samuel Lazar
Stage Manager........................ Mr. B. N. Jones
Treasurer .... Mr. C. A. Stewart
Scenic Artist .... Mr. W. J. Wilson
Leader of Orchestra........................ Mr. W. Rice.

THIS (Thursday) EVENING, March 13, 1879,
A
SPECIAL FAREWELL PERFORMANCE
tendered by Mr. Samuel Lazar
to
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR
and
THE HONORABLE LADY ROBINSON,
who will honour
THE THEATRE WITH THEIR PRESENCE.

On the
RISING OF THE CURTAIN
the
NATIONAL ANTHEM
will be sung by
THE WHOLE OF THE COMPANY.

The performance will conclude with
THE RIVALS.

Sir ANTHONY ABSOLUTE .... Mr. SAMUEL LAZAR
Sir Lucius O'Trigger .... Mr. B. N. Jones
Captain Absolute .... Mr. N. Douglas
Bob Acres .... Mr. J. H. South
Fag .... Mr. C. Brown
David .... Mr. W. Seagrave
Faulkland .... Mr. W. Chriss
Coachman .... Mr. J. Beverly
Lydia Languish.................. Miss Alice Deorwyn
Mrs. Malaprop .... Miss M. A. Melville
Lucy.................. Miss Maggie Oliver.

The performance will commence with the second act of
OUR BOYS,
by the
MORTON AMATEUR DRAMATIC CLUB
(who have kindly volunteered their services),

Sir Geoffrey Champneys .... Mr. H. Bennett
Talbot (his son) .... Mr. T. Furze
Perkyn Middlewick .... Mr. A. E. Webster
Charles (his son) .... Mr. W. Small
Mary Melrose.................. Miss Marion Willis
Violet Melrose .... Miss Constance Deorwyn
Clarissa.................. Miss M. A. Melville.

BOX OFFICE IS NOW OPEN
at
NICHOLSON and ASCHERBERG'S,
where
SEATS can be secured.

THEATRE ROYAL.

TRUE TO THE CORE,
has been withdrawn in
THE MIDST OF ITS SUCCESS
for
ONE NIGHT ONLY,
in consequence of the
SPECIAL FAREWELL PERFORMANCE
to
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR
and the
HON. LADY ROBINSON,
THIS EVENING.
It
WILL BE AGAIN PRODUCED
on
TO-MORROW EVENING.
SAMUEL LAZAR.

THE COOK STATUE ENCLOSURE.

A
SERIES OF EVENING CONCERTS.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.
The Committee beg to announce that
ARRANGEMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE
with
Mr. SAMUEL LAZAAR,
of the
THEATRE ROYAL,
for a
SERIES
of
THREE EVENING CONCERTS,
to be given in the
COOK STATUE ENCLOSURE,
in aid of the
FUNDS
of the
GOODENOUGH ROYAL NAVAL HOME
and
THE SAILORS' HOME.

Full particulars in future advertisements.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

Stage Manager ... ... Mr. Edmund Holloway.

SECOND WEEK
of the
FAREWELL ENGAGEMENT
of
the popular Artistes,
Mrs. and Mr. F. M. BATES,
FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY
For One Night only
For One Night only.
Mr. Joe Jefferson's version
of
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN
Our American Cousin
Our American Cousin.

Mr. F. M. BATES
as
ASA TRENCHARD.
A character played by him throughout America and the Australasian Colonies with immense success.
THIS (Thursday) EVENING, 13th March,
will be produced the Comedy of
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN.

ASA TRENCHARD... ... ... Mr. F. M. BATES
Lord Dundreary ... ... Mr. St. Laurence
Sir Edward Trenchard ... ... Mr. L. Booth
Captain De Boots ... ... Mr. W. Cargo
Harry Vernon, R.N.... ... ... Mr. E. Mowry
Abel Murcott ... ... Mr. Edmund Holloway
Mr. Coyle ... ... Mr. H. S. Jerdan
Buddicombe ... ... Mr. J. Talano
Binney ... ... Mr. Sam Poole
John Wicken ... ... Mr. W. M. Brown
FLORENCE TRENCHARD ... ... Mrs. F. M. BATES
Mary Meredeth ... ... Mrs Edmund Holloway
Mrs. Mountchesington ... ... Mrs. J. D. Marsh
Augusta ... ... Miss Julia Merton
Georgina ... ... Miss Lillie Marsh
Skillett ... ... Miss Fannie Morelli
Sharpe ... ... Miss Annie Marsh.

Ballad, by Mrs. F. M. BATES—"Rock Me to Sleep, Mother."

TO-MORROW, FRIDAY,
by special request,
LEAH,
THE FORSAKEN.
SATURDAY,
THE STREETS OF NEW YORK.
Box plan at Elvey and Co.'s; carriages at 10.30 p.m.
JOHN BENNETT.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.

Lessee .... M. Hegarty.

TO-NIGHT, THURSDAY,
POSITIVELY THE LAST NIGHT BUT ONE
of
NEW CONRAD and LIZETTE.
Not for want of public patronage, as the Stalls and Pit are crowded to excess every evening, and numbers nightly refused admission, while every seat in the Circle is occupied, and
STANDING ROOM ONLY EACH EVENING.
Messrs. BAKER and FARRON'S season is limited, and they wish to change their programme as often as possible.
BAKER and FARRON
TO-NIGHT and TO-MORROW EVENING,
NEW CONRAD and LIZETTE.
CONRAD SHULTZTERHOOLTZDOFFIN (his original character with Songs and Dance) .... Mr. P. F. BAKER
LIZETTE VON WOLFSTEIN (his original character) } T. J. FARRON
TIM FLAHERTY (with songs and dances) }
During the drama Messrs. BAKER and FARRON will introduce the following "new" songs:—
"LEETLE BABY MINE"—P. F. BAKER
"Beer, Beer"—P. F. Baker and Company
"Jakey, vos ther matter mit you"—T. J. Farron
"Made me cry"—P. F. Baker
"Ta-ta, bye-bye"—T. J. Farron
Comic Medley Duet (arranged and compiled by P. F. Baker)—Baker and Farron
"My son Charley"—T. J. Farron
GERMAN MEDLEY—"The Quarrelsome Lovers" (arranged and compiled by P. F. Baker)—Baker and Farron.
Box plan, Messrs. Nicholson and Ascherberg's, George-street.
Dress circle, 3s; stalls, 2s; pit, 1s.
Doors open at 7.30, commence at 8 o'clock.

LOOK OUT FOR "STRUCK OIL,"
on SATURDAY NIGHT next.
John Stofel........................ Mr. P. F. Baker
Lizzie Stofel........................ Mr. T. J. Farron.

WANTED, 16 SUPERS for "Struck Oil." Apply 11 o'clock THIS DAY, Queen's Theatre.

MASONIC HALL

SATURDAY, MARCH 15.
COMPLIMENTARY CONCERT
to
MADAME CARANDINI
Under the Patronage and in the presence of the
HON. LADY ROBINSON,
who has signified her intention of being present.
Also, his Worship the Mayor.
Tickets may be obtained and seats reserved at Messrs. Nicholson and Ascherberg's, George-street.

MASONIC HALL, Saturday next.—Madame Carandini's Concert.—Grand ensemble of Popular Vocalists and Instrumentalists.

MADAME CARANDINI, Miss Marie Carandini, Miss Melville, Miss Wangenheim, Miss Long—Concert Saturday.

MR. ANDREW FAIRFAX, Mr. T. Rainford, Mr. Walter Sherwin, and Signor Pompei—Saturday next.

MONSIEUR MICHEL will perform on the ZITHER at Madame Carandini's Concert on SATURDAY next.

SCHOOL OF ARTS.

Lessees........... Browne, Cottier, Stoneham, and Gibbons.

TREMENDOUS SUCCESS.

TO-NIGHT,
TO-NIGHT,
and until further notice,
BLONDENETTE LADY MINSTRELS
will appear in their new programme.

NEW SONGS,
NEW DANCES.
Every one delighted.

FRIDAY, March 14, Complimentary BENEFIT to Mr. CHARLES BROWNE, the General Manager, under distinguished patronage. Full particulars in future advertisements.

Doors open at 7.30, overture 8 sharp.
Box Office—Nicholson and Ascherberg's, George-street.
GEO. GIBBONS, Business Agent.

NEW SOUTH WALES PARLIAMENT.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 12.

The PRESIDENT took the chair at thirty minutes past 4 o'clock.

QUESTION.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON, in reply to Mr. Docker, said the Government had not the information as to the number of destitute Chinese who have received or are receiving relief from Colonial funds, but he would endeavour to obtain the information.

CITY OF SYDNEY IMPROVEMENT BILL.

Mr. DALLEY brought up the report of the Select Committee on the City of Sydney Improvement Bill, together with minutes of evidence.

It was ordered that the documents be printed, and that the second reading of the bill stand an order of the day for to-morrow, Mr. DALLEY intimating that it was his intention merely to explain then what had been done.

MESSAGES FROM THE ASSEMBLY.

The PRESIDENT reported the receipt of messages from the Legislative Assembly, stating that the Assembly had agreed to the amendments made by the Council in the City of Goulburn Gas and Coke Company's Bill, and in the Married Women's Rights and Liabilities Bill, and agreeing with some amendments and disagreeing with others in the Small Debts Act Extension Bill.

PAPERS.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON laid on the table a report of the Parramatta Lunatic Asylum.

It was ordered that the document be printed.

CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEES.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON moved,—"That in the absence of Sir George Innes, the Hon. George Thornton take the chair of committees."

The motion was agreed to.

PARLIAMENTARY POWERS AND PRIVILEGES BILL.

The House went into committee to consider the amendments made by the Legislative Assembly in this bill.

On the motion of Sir JOHN ROBERTSON, certain verbal amendments made by the Assembly in Clauses 2 and 3 were agreed to.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON moved, in accordance with the Assembly's message, that the following words be omitted from Clause 3:—"No act done, or word spoken, written, or published, shall be dealt with as a contempt or breach of privilege by either House, unless done, spoken, or published in the Chamber itself, or within the precincts thereof, and that"—

Mr. DALLEY said it was neither his desire nor his intention on this very important question to take up any attitude of determined hostility to the other branch of the Legislature. Nothing could be of greater importance, considered both with reference to convenience in the transaction of public business, and to the maintenance of the dignity and authority of Parliament, than the preservation of perfect harmony between the component parts of the Legislature. It was most undesirable, most deeply to be deplored, that any material difference should arise between the two Houses, which seemed incapable of arrangement. (Hear, hear.) And certainly it was no light responsibility which any one assumed whose public conduct tended to perpetuate or aggravate difficulties of so grave a character. But while fully recognising these facts, the question still remained untouched how far conscientious conviction as to the perils of legislation of a certain kind ought to be sacrificed to considerations of parliamentary expediency. This House had already declared its belief in the inexpediency of trusting the Legislature with the powers which this bill sought to obtain. It had been unable to see any reason why these powers should be asked for. The opponents of these provisions had challenged those who supported them to adduce a single instance in their parliamentary history which required the enforcement of such powers; and he need hardly remind the House that no such instance had been adduced. The whole question had in this Chamber been, carefully—he must say—exhaustively discussed. (Hear, hear.) Since the bill as it had been amended in this Chamber had been returned to the other, there had been ample opportunity afforded, if the people of the country desired to have their representatives in Parliament clothed with the privileges of this measure, to complain of the action of this Chamber, and to demand the protection of the people's representatives by the passing of a Parliamentary Privileges Bill. Had such an expression of popular displeasure been made? Had such a demand been heard of? Was it not a notorious fact that precisely the opposite was the case? In all parts of the colony, and even in adjoining colonies—this House had been specially congratulated in the public Press for the stand it had taken on this very question. (Cheers.) There could be no doubt whatever, that on this subject this Chamber reflected popular opinion on the question. It had been said elsewhere, that every British Legislature would have a sense of justice sufficiently strong to prevent the misuse of these powers. The answer to this assertion was simply, that the history of the first Legislative Assembly in the world was directly at variance with so complacent a view of the sense of justice of deliberative assemblies. He was no incompetent critic of the House of Commons who declared that it had been frequently more endangered by its own arrogance and injustice than by the despotism of kings, and their hostility to constitutional freedom. It was unnecessary for him to refer again to the history of Parliamentary privilege in England. It was a melancholy, a humiliating history. It has been described as furnishing sad proofs of the ferocity engendered by limitless power; and he (Mr. Dalley) was reminded that it had been rightly said that when the House of Commons boasted most of its honour and sense of justice it was most specially unjust and arbitrary. (Hear, hear.) But was it true that even in these days the sense of justice of a British Legislature was such a tower of strength? They knew that it was not true. They knew that within the memory of many now alive—nay within the past forty years—the House of Commons had endeavoured to resist the execution of judgments of the highest Courts of law, and was only deterred at last from a wholesome dread of public opinion. In the colony of Victoria, it was alleged that the Act which had been passed there so long ago, clothing the Legislature with all the privileges, immunities, and powers of the Imperial Parliament, had worked satisfactorily, or at all events had not been attended with the disadvantages and perils which had been apprehended by the opponents of some parts of this bill. He did not know whether there was anything in the conduct of public business in that country to inspire us with any great desire of imitating its example. But was it not a fact that a short time only elapsed between the possession and the tyrannical exercise of such powers, and, under the warrant of the Speaker, the publisher of the leading journal of Victoria was handed over to the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Legislative Assembly, to be kept—to borrow the language of the warrant—"in custody for the space of one calendar month, unless the House shall sooner order his discharge, or unless the Parliament of Victoria be sooner prorogued, or the Legislative Assembly be sooner dissolved." In the whole colony of Victoria there was perhaps no institution so deserving of popular respect and admiration as the great and ably conducted paper which stood at the head of the journalism of the colony. It was a paper worthy of any part of the British Empire—even of its capital. It had done more than scores of politicians to bring the resources, the capacities, the advantages of the colony before the world. (Hear, hear.) And the first use made of the Parliamentary Privileges of Victoria was an attempt to degrade the journal by the imprisonment of its publisher. It would not be unproductive of benefit in the consideration of this bill to pause for a few moments and reflect upon what had been done in Victoria. The matter had an historical interest; but life in the colonies was too rapid to remember the lessons of history, even though it was only the history of a few years since. On the 20th of March, 1866, the publisher of the *Argus* was summoned to appear before the bar of the Assembly to answer for certain statements contained in that journal. On the following night he was denied the right, by 39 to 21, to be heard in defence of the article complained of. On March 22nd he was locked up in a cell of the Assembly; and the House adjourned from Friday till the following Tuesday, leaving the publisher in prison. It was discovered on Monday that the cell in which he was placed was damp and unfit to be occupied by any one, and that his health was being seriously impaired. A gentleman occupying then, and now, a distinguished position in his profession and in public life in Victoria, visited the prisoner, satisfied himself that his health was suffering, and requested the Speaker to have him removed to some other place of confinement. This was actually refused. Meanwhile rain had fallen and the cell had become still more damp and unwholesome, and several medical gentlemen reported that the place could not be occupied without imminent danger to health. On the 28th March the Assembly agreed to liberate the publisher on the payment of fees, and without apology. The publisher declined to pay the fees, and remained a prisoner. On the 30th (Friday) both Houses adjourned till the following Wednesday. On the intervening Monday, the Sergeant at Arms prevented the prisoner from seeing his friends except on certain days, and limited the supplies of food and drink of the prisoner to a certain standard; and it was ascertained that this contemptible course of procedure was adopted at the suggestion of one or more members of the then administration. On Wednesday, April 11th, the prorogation of Parliament took place, and at 5 o'clock the same evening the prisoner was released. Now, this was what had actually taken place in an adjoining colony, soon after the powers sought to be conferred upon the Legislature by this bill came into their possession. This cruel, arbitrary, wanton, cowardly conduct was adopted by a British Legislature towards one who, after all, had only a technical responsibility for what had been done, inasmuch as he was not the editor of the paper, nor the writer of the article, and, in all probability had never seen it till he was summoned to the bar of the House to answer for it. He (Mr. Dalley) asked again hon. members to think of these things. Was this one of the powers which it was desired to obtain by this measure? He affirmed that nothing whatever had been shown to exist in this country which would justify us in giving the Legislature the power to interfere in the way contemplated by this bill with persons outside Parliament. Then was this House, after mature deliberation—when the course it had advisedly pursued had been approved of by the country—when no example had been furnished of the necessity of such provisions as those which it had condemned—was this House to abandon its convictions because the other branch of the Legislature dissented from our convictions? For his part, although prepared to make any sacrifices for peace, he shrank from the sacrifice of popular liberty for even so desirable an object; and he should record his vote to maintain the consistency of this branch of the Legislature, the real dignity of Parliament which was imperilled, and true freedom which was endangered by such legislation as this. (Cheers.)

Mr. FOSTER desired at this time that he might be permitted to say a few words particularly regarding the nature of the objections which had been raised by his hon. friend, and the manner in which they had been made. To his mind the full effect of his hon. friend's address had been to raise a side issue which had nothing to do with the matter before the House. If his remarks went to show that the original state of things was undesirable, they went equally to show that the remedy proposed by this bill was the one to be applied. He did hope that hon. members would reflect as to what this bill really purposed to do. This bill, which had been passed by the Legislative Assembly and which had been sent up to this chamber, provided that no one who committed an offence against either branch of the Legislature outside Parliament should be dealt with by that House as judges. The Parliament, it was provided, should not be its own judge in any case in which the offence had not been committed within the precincts of the House. [Mr. BUTLER: Who pronounces the offence if Parliament does not?] No one pronounced the offence. It was strange to him that the hon. member who had just spoken had not pointed out in committee some method of improvement in the way he had indicated. [Mr. BUTLER: The clauses were struck out.] The enactment clearly was that the offences that were committed outside the precincts of Parliament were to be dealt with in due course of law; the offender was to be indicted in the ordinary may for a misdemeanor. [Mr. BUTLER: I wonder my honorable friend cannot read his own clauses.] He trusted that hon. members would read for themselves and be guided by common sense and not by the oratory of his hon. friend who had just sat down. The words in his opinion were so plain that they did not admit of argument. If these offences were to be misdemeanors, and to be tried in the ordinary way as misdemeanors, he failed to see that the remarks of his hon. and learned friend had any other object than to draw members aside from the main object by saying that the House was to send the accused to a judge and that the jury were to find him guilty. And yet it was said that the trial was to take place in the ordinary way. The provisions of the bill were, shortly, to make offences committed in the face of Parliament punishable summarily in the face of the House, but to prevent the possibility of any offence not committed in the face of the House being dealt with summarily; and then it went on further to say that a contempt of the House committed outside, and not in the face of the House, should be a misdemeanor. This was the part against which all the arguments had been brought to bear, and it was said that it was not desirable that we should make a breach of privilege not committed in the House a misdemeanor. [Mr. BUTLER: It is a misdemeanor already.] He defied his hon. and learned friend to produce any authority that that was so; and if there was no other authority than the dictum of his hon. and learned friend, then he said it was not a misdemeanor, and had never been treated as such, and had never been urged before the Privy Council at home. [Mr. BUTLER: What about Macpherson's case?] That was a case of assault, and was an offence at law, and the mere fact of its having been committed in the House did not take it out of the grasp of the law. [Mr. DALLEY: It could not be a misdemeanor, because Parliament had said it was not.] This bill came before them as a sort of compromise, and was an acceptance on the part of the Legislative Assembly that they would not demand the powers that were possessed by superior Courts of Record. It had been laid down as a principle of law that though inferior Courts of Record could not deal with contempts outside the precincts of the Court, yet the commission of a contempt against an inferior Court was an offence at common law. The whole object of this bill was to make those offences indictable at common law, which if they had been committed against an inferior Court would have been so indictable. It was intended by this bill to take out of the hands of each branch of the Legislature the power to deal with those cases which were not so much cases of emergency, and which could reasonably be dealt with in the ordinary way in Courts of law, and it was unnecessary at this time to show how necessary it was to deal at once with offences committed in the face of the House. The question now was whether they would give to the Courts of common law the power of dealing with those offences which were committed not at the moment, and did not require to be dealt with instanter, and which, though involving the possibility of lessening the usefulness of the Legislature, yet did permit of being tried according to the ordinary course of law. If any objection could be urged to such a measure as he had described he would be glad to hear of it. It did seem to him that though a compromise, it gave them as much as could be expected. His hon. and learned friend had argued that the power of Parliament had been misused in Melbourne, but if he recollected the matter it was a very different case to the one that Mr. Dalley had put. The case was that of Mr. George, and the article had been most libellous and greatly calculated to bring into contempt a great portion of the Assembly against which it had been written. [Mr. BUTLER: In a case of that kind a man could be prosecuted.] He did not say he could not have been prosecuted, but though perhaps he had not written the article himself, it was not fair to put him forward as an innocent, unoffending man. But he would admit for the sake of argument that Mr. George's case was one in which the Legislature possessed powers which never ought to have been given to them. His answer at once was—hence the necessity of this bill, because it would prevent what had occurred in Melbourne. It did meet the objection urged by Mr. Dalley, and would prevent the recurrence of what had occurred in the case of Mr. George in Melbourne. The only matter of difference that subsisted between the two Houses was that where an offence against the privileges of Parliament was committed outside Parliament it might be dealt with as a misdemeanor in the ordinary courts of law. The hon. member (Mr. Dalley) said the House would not give up its conscientious objections for the mere purpose of showing courtesy to the other branch of the Legislature. He (Mr. Foster) admitted that every member was bound to satisfy his conscience, and to submit to inconvenience rather than violate it; but he denied that the passing of this bill with the amendments was a matter of conscience. A very small majority of the House preferred the form in which they passed the Council. There was no matter of conscience in that. There had been no indication of a presumption that rights would be violated, that wrong would be done to the Constitution in passing the bill as sent up originally, or that there would be any inconsistency in hon. members changing their minds now, when it was found that the amendments did not meet with the assent of the Assembly. There was a bill to maintain order inside, and to secure the respect due to Parliament outside; yet in dealing with it the hon. and learned member had treated the House to an able and eloquent speech against the British Constitution as it existed in England, and against the state of things which had grown up in England in the course of ages. If the Parliament of England was such a monster of iniquity as was urged, it could not last long. No doubt in former ages it had its grievous faults, but in modern times there had been engrafted on it all the improvements of modern intellect, and it was as perfect a system of Government as could be found in any part of the world. It was to make due allowance for arguments against reposing the same trust entirely in the Colonial Legislature that this bill had been framed, for it enabled the legislature voluntarily to divest itself of any powers which in former times were said to have been abused in England. The hon. and learned member not only condemned our constitutional institutions in a wholesale way, but made out, if his argument was to be admitted as conclusive, that we did not want any legislature at all, that we had the Fourth Estate, which was all that was requisite. He (Mr. Foster) considered the Press an efficient organ for the expression of public opinion when properly used; he could not say that every newspaper was so. They occasionally transgressed rights, and could not be brought under any authority except the law of libel, unless by some such means as those in this bill. They were made amenable to breaches of parliamentary privilege. If they libelled a body of men such as those who composed one House of the Legislature, they could not be punished for libel, as there was no distinct body to sue. This was inconsistent with the maintenance of that dignity which a supreme Legislature should have. It had no opportunity of vindicating its own character. The Legislature should be so respectable and so respected that it should be looked upon as an offence to write in a disrespectful and derogatory manner of it. Parliament could not act upon the heat of the moment under this bill; it could act only through the ordinary Courts of Justice. He thought those hon. members who, in their anxiety for the liberty of the subject, would deny the Legislature these powers, were losing sight of another great principle that if our Houses of Parliament were to be respectable, they must be treated with respect—that if we intended to make them respectable in future we must treat them as worthy of respect. Instead of urging all sorts of argument as to the possibility and probability of abusing their powers, we should encourage the hope that they would not abuse them when it was necessary to invest them with those powers, and see that we did not unnecessarily put powers into their hands that were liable to abuse. By this bill, as it came up to the Council, no power liable to abuse was put into their hands except that for punishing offences committed in the face of Parliament. Unless we were left to the power of the Fourth Estate, in which the hon. and learned member believed so implicitely and entirely, and left it to the newspapers to punish those who wrote or spoke against Parliament, there would be no means left to punish such offences. He questioned whether it was desirable now to take the course through which the bill had passed into consideration, or to speak of the power the House undoubtedly had of throwing it out. If it was not a matter of conscience, but only a matter of preference, that the bill should not stand in the form in which it first came before the House, they would be acting unjustifiably if, for that mere preference, they rejected it without further consideration.

Mr. GORDON wished to point out that the hon. member Mr. Foster, when complaining that there was a small majority in favour of omitting this clause, should bear in mind that, if the House was occupied so long in the same way as by the hon. member, there would be only a small majority to-night. The hon. and learned member had not convinced him that the 6th clause, retained by the other House, ought to be a part of the bill. He (Mr. Gordon) had no objection to Parliament passing a bill to deal with its own members, but he objected to passing a bill to affect people outside while the Supreme Courts of the country could deal with them in the ordinary way. He had heard nothing to convert him from the opinion which induced him to vote against the clause.

Mr. DOCKER said when the bill was previously before the House he did not find an opportunity of taking part in the discussion on it. He voted against the amendment proposed by Sir Alfred Stephen for the omission of this clause. He did so because it appeared to him futile to consider that an offence when committed on one side of a boundary which should be no offence a yard on the other side. He was always of opinion that a body like Parliament should possess some greater privileges as to parties outside than was possessed by an ordinary Board of an Insurance Banking Company. Since the bill went back to the other House he had looked closely into the question it involved, and he found that although the bill provided amply for offences by members against Parliament, there was no provision for offences by persons outside. He had not seen a single article in the Press which could be considered even by those anxious to stretch the privileges of Parliament as a breach of them. Only on one occasion within twenty years of his experience had an offence been committed. Unfortunately of late years members had been introduced into the other Chamber who had not the same regard for the feelings of people outside. Motions were placed on the paper insinuating offences of the most grievous character against members of the Civil Service, and they were left for months without any decision being arrived at, or an opportunity being given to friends to repel the aspersions. He found a report of a debate in the other chamber in which a highly respected solicitor, who was allowed to address the House from the bar, referred to as a poor low drivelling idiot. He could not but consider this as an outrage against an individual, and he had come to the conclusion that if legislation was at all necessary on this subject, it was not for the protection of individuals within the precincts of Parliament, but for the protection of outrageous insults on persons outside. He proposed, therefore, to reverse the vote he gave on a previous occasion, and now to vote against the proposed omission.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON said the hon. and learned member, Mr. Dalley, in his declamatory speech advised hon. members to stand by their consistency. He (Sir John) should have thought that amongst a body of gentlemen who were in favour of two Houses of Parliament it would have been well understood that where differences occurred some conciliatory process should be entered upon to bring them into accord. If the Council was to stand upon its consistency, what about the Assembly? Were these gentlemen, who held their position directly by the will of the people, to have their opinions with regard to this legislation dealt with as nothing because his hon. and learned friend did not think they took the right view as custodians of the liberties of the people. He (Sir John) was under the impression that this was not the way to bring about conciliatory action between the two Houses. He should have thought that when the two Houses differed in opinion, and the Council thought that something had been overlooked in dealing with the matter, it might have sent back a reaffirmation of its views to the other Chamber without a speech that would be highly insulting. If this Chamber was to be respected, there should be something more like moderation in dealing with questions in which the Houses did not agree. It was indisputable that the Council had the right to reject a proposition of the Assembly; but if people did everything they had a right to do, they would find the world a very uncomfortable and unpleasant place to live in. It was necessary, especially where two bodies of the Legislature had co-ordinate powers, that consideration should be given one to the other. What had the Assembly done in this matter? Last session that body, which primarily represented the people of the country, sent a bill to the Council, asking for the same privileges as those the Parliament of England had, and which the Parliament in the sister colony of Victoria also possessed. The Council held that it was not right that any body of people should be accuser and judge at the same time, and that such was the case with respect to the powers and privileges exercised by the House of Commons. The Assembly went more than half way towards the opinions of the Council. What did the bill ask for? Not that the Chamber might have the power of ordering the punishment of any man, but that it should have power to move that a person guilty of misconduct should be taken before the ordinary tribunals of the country in the same way as other persons. Although it might be said that the Council would appear as an accuser in calling upon the Attorney-General to lay an information, the bill recognised the principles that the Parliament should not be judges, and certainly not punishers. His hon. friend asked without bringing forward any arguments in support of his request, that the Council should reject the amendments of the Assembly, or at least his hon. friend argued only that they should act consistently with their former decision. It was a bad thing to stick too much to such consistency as that when the two Houses were in controversy, or when matters were likely to breed ill-feeling between them. He would undertake to affirm that a majority of the other House had never been willing to do an injustice to any man, but had been considerate of every man's interest and every man's liberty. His hon. friend said that the people had not spoken in favour of the bill, but had they spoken against it? No, they had not spoken against it. He apprehended, however, that if they sent persons to represent them in the Legislature they would desire that their representatives should be protected, and that they should enjoy freedom of speech, and that a man should not be howled down by lying attacks in the Press. If his hon. friend read the case of Mr. George from any other paper than the *Argus*, he apprehended he would probably have come to a different conclusion than that he expressed as to whether the Assembly of Victoria dealt hardly with that gentleman or not. The bill did not propose that the Parliament of New South Wales should have the power the Victorian Assembly exercised in that instance. It asked that a body of British gentlemen should have the right to determine whether in a case of misconduct they should proceed before the law Courts of the country, and have their case determined in the same manner as other cases of misconduct. It might have been said by the other side of the Chamber—but it was not said—that the Parliament would prosecute at the expense of the Government, whereas the individual prosecuted would have to defend himself on his own charges. That was a point which might have been taken and he would defy any member to show one particle of objection in the measure, except the provision that the Parliament should be protected by the Crown Law officers, whereas a defendant would have to defend himself. If gentlemen were sent to Parliament in the public interest, surely they had a right to be protected. The gentleman in Victoria who was assailed by the *Argus* was assailed in a most brutal and outrageous manner. [Mr. DARLEY: He was spoken of as a privileged ruffian.] His hon. friend had said that the liberties of the people were guarded by the Press. Who was the Press? Who wrote leading articles and dared not put his name to them? Who were these people who called a man a privileged ruffian? Was no one to be held blameworthy? It was said that a man might not have seen the article before it was printed, or did not write it, but who was to be liable for it. The person whose name was in the imprint in the paper in which the article appeared, and it was decided that the imprint should be inserted in papers in order that an anonymous slanderer should not be able to damn any person's character without some one being liable. He did not know what Ministry were in power at the time Mr. George was imprisoned, but he did know that his hon. friend denounced them as contemptible. No man possessed powers of declamation greater than those of his hon. friend. They had been told that his hon. friend would be elected with the bill in his hand by any constituency. He was quite sure his hon. friend would be elected by any constituency without the bill being in his hand. He would be elected with the bill in his hand, or if he danced on it on the hustings. His hon. friend stated that gentlemen out of doors were outrageously assailed in the Legislature. The bill would be a step towards stopping such attacks. He did not mind what the Press said about him. The majority of the Press would tell the truth if some of the others did not. He had been for thirty-five years subject to the views of the Press, and also had suffered misrepresentation at various times, but he had never sought to sue anyone for libel. He would despise himself if he thought the people required him to defend himself against the attacks of the Press. In the interests of public right, and in the interests of constituencies whose representatives are brutally assailed by people out of doors, it was desirable that where a majority of the House thought there was a case to go before the Judges they should have the power to send it there.

The House divided as follows:—

AYES, 6.

Sir J. Robertson	Mr. Foster	Mr. A. Campbell	Tellers.
Mr. Samuel	De Salis	Watt	

NOES, 12.

Mr. Holt	Mr. E. K. Cox	Mr. Marks	
Docker	Butler	White	
Dalley	Moore	Smith	Tellers.
G. H. Cox	Darley	Gordon	

The amendment was, therefore, retained.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON formally moved that the remainder of the amendments not concurred in by the Assembly be not persisted in.

Mr. WATT wished to explain the reason for his vote. He had listened with great interest and attention to the speeches which had been delivered by the hon. and learned members, and almost felt himself convinced by the speech of the hon. and learned member, Mr. Dalley. But when he came to consider what the hon. gentleman's arguments were, he saw that they did not touch at all the amendments which the House had to consider. He found it laid down by authorities that freedom of speech was essential to deliberative assemblies, and an inherent right. In the United States he found that not only the supreme Legislature, but also the local Legislatures were acknowledged to possess this power without its being in the Constitution, or in any Act. He supposed it was not so here, from the fact of this bill being required. It seemed to him that the House was depriving Parliament of all protection from slander out of doors. He could not see how the House, collectively, could bring an action against a slanderer; and if a member of the House were slandered all he could do would be to bring his own action. He did not think it was too much for a member to ask to be privileged in the House, and it appeared to him to be an anomaly, as mentioned by the hon. member, Mr. Docker, that what was regarded as a breach of privilege within the precincts of the House should not be considered such a fact beyond them. It would be a breach of the privileges of Parliament to insult or assault a member inside the House, but let him step across the threshold and it would amount to nothing more than a Police Court matter, to be dealt with by a small fine. It was for these difficulties that he had voted as he had done.

The motion was agreed to.

The CHAIRMAN then left the chair, and reported that the Committee had insisted on some amendments and not on others.

The adoption of the report was made an order of the day for to-morrow.

On the motion of Sir JOHN ROBERTSON, it was resolved that the House, at its rising to-morrow, should adjourn till Wednesday next, at 7 o'clock p.m.

The House at six minutes to 7 o'clock, adjourned till 4 p.m. the following day.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 12.

The SPEAKER took the chair at twenty-nine minutes past 4 o'clock.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS.

Mr. LACKEY, in reply to Mr. W. H. Suttor, said the Commissioner for Roads had on hand to credit of the road from Kelloshiel to the road from Sofala to Hill End, balance of 1878 vote unexpended, £907 6s. 1d.; vote of 1879, £1500; total, £2407 6s. 1d. It was desirable to expend some of the grant on that portion of the road between the Turon River and the Hill End Road. Plans and section for the improvement of the portion of road referred to were under consideration preparatory to, carrying out the work.

Mr. LACKEY, in reply to Mr. T. B. Smith, said whatever repairs the traffic might require on the main Western Road, at the Blue Mountain, would be made as far as funds would admit. Season railway tickets were reduced in price some time ago, and bore favourable comparison for cheapness with rates charged in the neighbouring colonies, or even on the English railways. A train—in addition to the mail train—to the Blue Mountains, a little earlier than the present mail train, which took the place of one leaving Redfern before at 6.10 p.m., could not be run; but the question of starting the mail train a little earlier than at present would receive consideration.

Mr. LACKEY, in reply to Mr. M'Elhone, said delay in building the new post and telegraph office at Merriwa was caused by extra work for the foundations. Instructions would be given for having the work commenced at once.

Mr. HOSKINS, in reply to Mr. M'Elhone, gave information as to a man named Coggan, and as to Mr. P. Jennings paying balance of purchase money on land.

Mr. WATSON, in reply to Mr. Johnston, said the application for wharf accommodation at Newcastle, for steamers plying on the Hunter and Williams, had been referred to the Department of Public Works, with a view to ascertain the possibility of complying with the wishes of the applicants.

Mr. LACKEY, in reply to Mr. Dangar, said tenders had been accepted for police barracks and post and telegraph offices at Walgett, and both buildings would be of brick.

Mr. HOSKINS, in reply to Mr. Jacob, said delay in publishing further *Gazette* notifications relative to the road from the Clarence Town and Raymond Terrace Road was caused by an objection by the Rev. W. S. Donald, who claimed cost of fencing, estimated at £105 12s.

Mr. F. B. SUTTOR, in reply to Mr. Coonan, said a clerk of Petty Sessions had been appointed at Brewarrina.

Mr. LACKEY, in reply to Mr. Coonan, said it was not the intention of the Government to place a sum of money on the Estimates for a bridge over the Castlereagh River at Coonamble. It would be inaccessible in flood time, and not be on the main line of traffic.

Sir HENRY PARKES, in reply to Mr. Day, said Mr. Parnell, a clerk of the Registrar-General's office resigned, stating private employments offered him greater advantages. It was not correct that the sum to raise his salary from £75 a year was removed from the estimates. It stood upon the estimates, but had not been voted.

Mr. BAKER, in reply to Mr. M'Elhone, said it was not the case that Mr. Johnston, M.L.A., claimed a reward for the discovery of the Barrington Gold-field; but notice of the discovery of that gold-field was sent to the Department of Mines on the 8th of July, 1876, by that gentleman. If the hon. member deemed it expedient to move for papers relating to the matter, they would be laid on the table of the House.

A FIFTH JUDGE.

The SPEAKER intimated to the House that he had received from the Governor a message recommending that provision be made for the salary of a fifth Judge.

It was ordered that the message be referred to a Committee of the Whole House.

PAPERS.

The following papers were laid on the table of the House by Ministers:—Detailed statement of expenditure for the defences of the colony, showing the proposed expenditure for 1879 relative thereto; return showing the extent of land taken for railway purposes since the last return, with money paid for it; return relative to explorations made by Mr. surveyor Francis for railway purposes from the Clarence to New England, and thence to Moree by way of Inverell and Warialda.

It was resolved that the documents be printed.

PETITION.

Mr. COONAN presented a petition from the Political Reform League, suggesting improvements in the Chinese Immigration Bill.

The petition was received.

TOURIST'S MAP OF RAILWAY LANDS.

Mr. MACINTOSH moved—"That there be laid upon the table of this House a copy of the 'Tourist's Map' attached to the Railway Report for 1877, showing, by various tints, the alienation to date, with nature thereof, areas, dates, and alienees; also, by separate tints, the lands at present reserved and resumed, with the dates of such reservation or resumption, the areas, dates, and present objects of the same, and the trustees of the said reserves."

The motion was agreed to.

PAYMENT OF AUCTION PURCHASES.

Mr. GARRETT moved,—"That there be laid upon the table of this House a return showing—1. The number of cases during the last six years up to the present date in which parties have been allowed to pay the balance due on their auction purchases after the three months described by law from date of sale had expired. 2. The names of the parties to whom such privilege was granted in each case. 3. The number of cases (during the period named in section 1 of this question) in which the privilege of paying the same description of balance has been refused. 4. The names of the parties to whom such privilege was denied. 5. The name of the Minister who dealt with each such application."

The motion was agreed to.

COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS.

Mr. W. C. BROWNE moved,—"That there be laid upon the table of this House a copy of all correspondence, minutes, and other documents having reference to the leave of absence of Mr. W. A. Duncan, Collector of Customs, and the appointment of an Acting Collector."

The motion was agreed to.

APPOINTMENT AND DISMISSAL OF OFFICERS IN LAND DEPARTMENT.

Mr. GARRETT moved,—"That there be laid upon the table of this House a return showing—1. The names of all persons appointed by him as officers of the Lands Department, or by the Governor and Executive Council, during his administration of the said department; whether such appointments were temporary or permanent. 2. The number of such persons who have been dismissed, for what cause, and by what Minister or Government. 3. The rate of pay each of such persons received upon being appointed. 4. The present station of those of such persons who now remain in the Public Service. 5. If they have been promoted, by what Minister or Government."

The motion was agreed to.

PATENTS BILL.

Mr. WINDEYER moved,—"That this House will, on Thursday next, resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole to consider the expediency of bringing in a bill to amend the law relating to patents for inventions and improvements in arts or manufactures." The object of this bill was specially to protect persons who might be desirous of procuring patents for novelties exhibited by them at the forthcoming Exhibition. If the bill were not passed, many inventions might not be exhibited, for fear that they would be taken possession of.

The motion was agreed to.

ADDITIONAL JUDGE.

On the motion of Mr. F. SUTTOR, the House went into committee to consider the expediency of bringing in a bill to authorise the appointment of an additional Judge of the Supreme Court.

The message from his Excellency recommending that provision be made for the appointment of the Judge having been read.

Mr. WINDEYER moved "That it is expedient to authorise the appointment of an additional Judge of the Supreme Court." After the way in which the matter had been debated last night he should be content to move the resolution without comment.

Mr. S. C. BROWN felt rather surprised at the course pursued by the hon. gentleman, considering that the last person who spoke last night gave it as his reason for voting to go into Committee that he wished to hear further reasons from the Government for the appointment of this fifth Judge. Now the Attorney-General depending upon the large majority he obtained last night, thought fit to move this resolution without one single word. He did not feel called upon to say much more on this subject. But he wanted to draw the attention of the House to one or two matters. One justification given for the vote was on account of the large arrears. He stated last night and the Attorney-General had an opportunity to contradict him if wrong, that there were no arrears in the Banco Court, and there was but one case that stood over in the Jury Court. To-day he had an opportunity of considering the Term list for this term, and he found that there was nothing to speak of in the way of arrears of business from the last year. There were nothing like the arrears there used to be in the olden days when they only had three Judges. There were several motions for prohibition made last term, returnable this term, but they could not be called arrears. All the motions for new trials known to them, were set down before the 5th of February. The term for December began on the 24th November. There were in the whole term-list of this sittings, but three cases entered before the 22nd November. One of these was called on, and would have been heard had it not been that for the convenience of the counsel it was postponed. He thought the second was called on, but the Judge who tried the case did not happen to be sitting that day, and it was postponed. That list showed some five or six matters altogether on the paper before the commencement of last term: all the rest were initiated since. We might be in a deadlock, but the deadlock was occasioned solely by the illness of one of the Judges, and because there was a heavy appeal in one case. Was the House prepared to grant a permanent Judge on account of these special circumstances? When Sir Alfred Stephen took his well-earned leave of absence some years ago a temporary Judge (Sir William Manning) was appointed. That gentleman afterwards returned to the bar, and none of the inconveniences arose that had been spoken of last night. If there was any temporary pressure it would be met by a temporary appointment, and there was no need to saddle the country with this £2000 a year, and a subsequent pension. He repeated that the true remedy was to be found in some alteration of the constitution of the Supreme Court and the Circuit Courts. He was astonished at the change that had come over some hon. members since they had gone to the other side of the Chamber. If any one had told him that those gentlemen would have brought in such a bill as this he would not have believed it. The Judges had never made any attempt whatever to overtake the business of the court and get it done. So far from that the vacations had been increased, while the time for the business of the court had not increased.

Mr. GREENWOOD had expected to have heard some reasons given for the appointment of a fifth Judge, but as none had been given, he should vote against the bill. He had done all he could during the day to gain information on the matter, and he thought four Judges were quite sufficient for the business of some 700,000 people—the population of the colony. If there were cases standing over that ought to be dealt with, they could find relief easily by a thorough law reform. (Hear, hear.) The present expenditure was quite sufficient for the colony. He found by the estimates before them that the salaries of the Judges were provided for by special appropriation, and there was besides £147,000 for the administration of justice, and that did not include the Supreme Court. If we had a wise administration of that sum, we should have no need whatever for the appointment of another Judge. He was of opinion that the division upon this motion would be a very different one to the division of last night.

Mr. M'ELHONE said he had asked for information last night and it was not given to him, and he thought that information ought to be before them before they went any further. He asked if this appointment was created whether Mr. Windeyer, the present Attorney-General, was going to get it or not. If the Government were going to create this appointment and give it to one of their own colleagues it was rather an indelicate matter. He believed the House had a right to this information, and until they got it he thought they were justified in stopping any further progress. He was strongly of opinion that this office of a fifth Judge was not required. As had been pointed out last night the Attorney-General had tried to mislead the House by telling them that there were five Judges in Victoria, when in fact there were only three. He had been advised that the Judges could if they liked so distribute the circuits that one Judge could always be in Sydney, and the work could be got through easily. It had been stated that the Judges often came into Court late, and that it was sometimes 11 o'clock before the work commenced, and that they often adjourned in the afternoon before 4 o'clock. It was all very well for the Judges, who were in receipt of their salary all the same to do this, but it was often a matter of great hardship to the unfortunate suitors, the jurymen, and others who were compelled to be there. He was convinced there was no necessity for such an appointment to be made, and if it was made it would be done only for the purpose of giving it to Mr. Windeyer, the present Attorney-General.

Mr. DRIVER said whatever might be the result of the present motion, he trusted the Government would not comply with the wish of the hon. member who had just sat down, that they should say to whom this appointment was to be given. (Hear, hear.) No body of men with any feeling would for one moment think of complying with such a request as that. (Hear, hear.) He had long been a member of that House with his hon. friend the member for Newtown, and they had not very often voted on different sides of the House. [Mr. S. C. BROWN: Hear, hear.]—but he was unable to conceive upon what grounds that hon. gentleman based his opposition to the appointment of a fifth Judge. As to what the hon. member had said about remanets, he would point out that the cases in the Supreme Court now were very much more important than they used to be a few years back. They had cases now that occupied the time of the Court for weeks and weeks together, and it was impossible that the ordinary business of the Court could be carried on at the same time. Besides this the criminal business, he was sorry to say, had very much increased. He admitted that there was a good deal in what had been said about the unpunctuality of some of the Judges, that they did not take their seat on the bench till after 10 o'clock, and that they sometimes rose before 4. But even if all this were remedied, still the appointment of a fifth Judge would be absolutely necessary. There was the business of the Divorce Court—which had been lately created—that occupied a great deal of time and attention. The business of the Equity Court, perhaps, had not increased, but that was because people preferred to put up with inconvenience and loss rather than run the risk of a suit in Equity. Although the hon. member for Newtown had said there was very little business left over from last term, he would point out that during the whole of last year there were arrears every term. There was one case in which he was himself concerned as attorney, and which went over for at least three terms. With regard to motions *nisi* he would not mind voting for a bill such as was once brought in by Mr. Buchanan to deprive the Judges of power to grant new trials on the ground that the verdict was against evidence. He did not see that there was anything in the argument that the administration of the law in England was less than it is here, for the cost of travelling here was very much greater, and the difficulties of getting from one court to another were much more than they are in England.

Mr. PILCHER could not subscribe to the statement that the business of the Supreme Court had increased during the last eleven years, either in town or in circuit. He commented upon the extraordinary course of the Attorney-General in moving this resolution without a word of explanation; and the House ought to demand to know what was to be in the bill before they agreed to a motion introduced in this lacadasical way.

Mr. GARRETT said that the Attorney-General had followed the usual course, and that last night's debate superseded the necessity of discussion until the bill came up for the second reading. We must throw the responsibility of the bill upon the Government, and judge it upon its merits.

Sir HENRY PARKES said that the Government desired to proceed with the bill in the usual way, and to take the debate on the second reading; but he understood from the hon. member for Newtown that the debate on the merits of the question would be taken on the motion for going into committee. He understood that the hon. member would not take any course at all like obstruction. [Mr. S. C. BROWN: Hear, hear.] He was surprised that the hon. member accused several members of the Government of the greatest inconsistency, because four years ago they voted against a bill for the appointment of a fifth Judge. Four years in the history of a young country was a great deal, and in our case it meant an increase to the population of 100,000 souls. He supposed that that implied a proportionate growth in commerce and all other human affairs; and, indeed, in the magnitude and importance of the transactions which must come before the Courts. The bill against which he felt it his duty to vote four years ago, did not stop at appointing a fifth Judge; but it proposed to increase the salary of the Chief Justice from £2600 to £3500 a-year, and his pension from £1400 to £2000; and the salaries of the other Judges from £2000 to £3000, and their pensions to £1500. There was sufficient in the circumstances which he had succinctly stated to justify any hon. member who voted against the bill of 1874 to vote in favour of this bill. But what was to be said of the consistency of gentlemen who voted for the bill to increase the salaries and pensions of the Judges in 1874 now voting against this simple proposal to create a fifth Judge? If inconsistency could be alleged against him, how much greater was the inconsistence of the hon. member, Mr. Lucas, who was a member of the Government which brought in the bill of 1874, and Mr. Pilcher, who then warmly supported it? In 1878 the hon. member for West Macquarie said that it was utterly impossible for Judges to perform the duties of their circuits. (Hear, hear.) But now the hon. member appeared to think it was perfectly possible. He would tell the committee why, most reluctantly, he consented to the introduction of this bill. So far from it being any advantage to the Government, he confessed at once that he saw nothing but trouble at every stage from the beginning to the end. (Cheers.) It could not do the Government any good whatever. First we wanted to economise our time and close the session, and next he had found at all times that one of the most troublesome duties he had had to perform was to make appointments. He had never made appointments until he had been driven to make them, and he had never experienced any difficulty so irksome and so unsatisfactory as that was. He had had a taste of what it was to appoint a Judge, and he did not want a second experience. [Mr. M'ELHONE: I am sure Mr. Butler does not.] Nor did he want any experience arising out of any appointment if he could avoid it. He had been waited upon by numbers of persons in our community who had amongst their rights none more sacred than that of obtaining justice in the Courts of the country—justice complete and speedy, and justice could not be complete unless it was speedy. It was pointed out that there were suitors with complete ruin staring them in the face, who were utterly unable to get their cases attended to. He consulted the Attorney-General as to what was the state of business in the Supreme Court, and he also put himself into communication with the Judges of the Court with the utmost desire to guard against their supposed leanings. The result of his inquiry and of the most serious consideration he could give to the whole question convinced him that whatever the trouble and the consumption of time which might be caused, if he desired the administration of justice to go on, we must submit to some proposal for increasing the effective strength of the Supreme Court Bench. The hon. member for the Upper Hunter had—he thought most improperly, and every hon. member who had the slightest acquaintance with public business and the important functions which Ministers had to discharge, would agree with him—asked him whether the Government were going to appoint this person or the other. The hon. member said he had it on good authority

that the bill had been introduced to enable the Attorney-General to become a Judge; but he did not think there was any hon. member in this House who would believe that he would be a party to introducing a bill for such a purpose. He challenged any man on either side of the House to condemn him for any of the appointments he had made, and many of the highest appointments in the country had fallen to his hands. No one could say that he had sinned in dispensing the patronage of the country. He could not give the hon. member for the Upper Hunter the information for which he so delicately asked and modestly required—(laughter)—but he did not object to say that not one word had been said between him and any of the Ministers as to any person having this appointment. (Cheers.) If this bill became law, he would go a little further and say that he should consider it his duty to make the best appointment he could without regard to any other consideration. It was a little too much for any hon. member to recklessly say that we had bargained to give this judgeship, before the bill was introduced, to anybody, still more to say that the bill was introduced to give elevation to the member for the University. The bill was introduced to meet the urgent demands of the suitors of the Supreme Court, and if this bill became law it would be our duty to get the ablest and most efficient man we could to fill the appointment. One word as to the basis on which the whole of the opposition to this bill must rest. All the argument which could be adduced resolved itself in the increase to the additional expenditure of the country. Was it a wise thing to refuse to add £2000 a year to the expenditure of the country if by that expenditure we could secure the more efficient and rapid adjudication of cases in which the most vital interests were concerned? On what possible branch of the public service could money be more wisely or more justifiably spent? By intelligent inquiry the Government had convinced themselves that a fifth Judge was necessary, and without a single desire to take this step from any other motive. One of the Judges was now absent on leave of absence, and would probably do very little more in his capacity as Judge. He happened to know that the Chief Justice had had to leave the Bench from illness several times, unknown to the Bench at the time, and that he was now in a very serious state of indisposition, and would probably be compelled to ask leave of absence. Thus the Bench was reduced to Sir William Manning and Mr. Justice Faucett. Sir William Manning was appointed late in life, and a gentleman of his advanced years could not be expected to undergo the fatigues a younger man might be disposed to undergo. The Bench would thus be reduced to only one Judge who was in the full vigour of life. Those who were acquainted with the state of things in Victoria could easily understand why the vacancy on the Victorian Bench had not been filled. We knew that it would be filled immediately Mr. Berry returned to the colony; and that there were great arrears in the Court there because it had not been filled.

Mr. S. C. BROWN thought the Premier had made a great mistake in that the bill was intended to appoint only one Judge when two where shown to be indispensable. If the hon. member had proved anything he had proved too much. The hon. gentleman, in defending what he (Mr. Brown) called the hon. member's inconsistency, said that the population had increased, and consequently there was more work. The increased population brought more business to the Courts, but it was distributed through the country, and the best evidence that the business had not greatly increased was the fact that there were no arrears, with the exception of a few postponed motions in November, and the Judges commenced with a clean sheet on the 10th February for the trial of cases. If there were now any arrear of cases the Judges were alone to blame for it. What was the fifth Judge to do? Let anyone go through the calendar, and show how five Judges could be employed unless the Judges were going to entirely alter the whole system of pleading. The hon. gentleman at the head of the Government made a forcible appeal to the House on representations made to the Government, but the representations turned out to be (with the exception of one letter) five years old, and representations which had been answered by the statements made in this House. He admitted that owing to the illness of Mr. Justice Hargrave and the length of the Lloyd and Vickery appeal case there was at present some difficulty in carrying on the business, but that difficulty could be met by the appointment of a temporary Judge until Mr. Justice Hargrave was able to resume his duties. Much more business used to be got through than was got through now; and although the Divorce jurisdiction had been given to the Court numbers of other jurisdictions had been taken from it, and so the work had been reduced. Although the legal business had increased the distribution of the work had taken work away from the Supreme Court, and there was no more to be done now than could be done by four Judges.

Mr. LUCAS said the hon. member at the head of the Government had charged him with inconsistency as being the member of a Government which introduced a bill for the appointment of a fifth Judge, and now voting against this bill introduced by the hon. gentleman. This charge came with very ill grace from the hon. gentleman. He had frequently heard that hon. gentleman when such inconsistencies had been brought against him plead that he was at the time a member of the Government, and of course went with the majority. He (Mr. Lucas) could say that he was not bound by any measure which the Government brought in while he was a member of that Government. As the hon. gentleman knew there were divisions of opinion among the members of a Government, and of course the minority, as a rule, went with the majority. If they did not Governments could not be carried on. In this case he was always opposed to the bill, and opposed it to the very last, but at the last moment he was induced to pair off for the bill. He had always voted against a bill of this sort, and he did not think he was acting inconsistently now, and certainly not more so than the hon. gentleman had acted twenty times. He conscientiously believed that the fifth Judge was not required, but if the House was determined to saddle the country with this expense it was not the fault of those who were opposing it, but the fault of those hon. gentlemen who were voting for it merely upon the statement made by the Attorney-General which was clearly shown to be anything but a correct statement.

Mr. PILCHER considered the Chief Justice was as hard-working a Judge as we had, and more than that—he got through twice as much work as any Judge we ever had, and this was simply because he was a rapid man, particularly in trials of causes in *nisi prius*. The hon. the Premier had referred to a portion of some remarks he (Mr. Pilcher) had made in the debate upon the subject of this bill in 1875, and charged him with inconsistency in adopting the course he was now taking. He denied that he was inconsistent. He supported the bill in 1875, which proposed to increase the salaries of the Judges, and he opposed it now because it did not propose to increase the salaries. [Mr. HOSKINS: Oh!] There were some members in this House, and a great many persons out of it, who thought that our Judges were underpaid. Our Judges should be the very best men that could be got. But experience had taught us that with the exception of the present Chief Justice—and his was a very exceptional case—we knew that these judgeships had been hawked around the profession. They had been offered to our leading men over and over again, and they had been refused on account of the salaries. Well, knowing that, were we going to empower the Ministry to appoint another Judge when we had the fact before our eyes that no competent man would take the position. We had in the profession men eminently suited for the position of Judges. What an addition would men like this be to the bench. But did they expect to get them at this salary? The men he had referred to had been offered the appointment three or four or five times over. He challenged contradiction of this from Ministers or from gentlemen who had held office for the last ten years. It had been hawked amongst the profession and they would not have it. Well, what did the Ministry propose to do. They proposed to create another Judge, knowing that they could not get a good man, and they must take a bad one. What meant the appointment of a Judge who might not be suited, whose knowledge might be absolutely nothing? Any one of them might lose £20,000 through the ignorance of this man. That was a most serious matter. If they did not pay Judges properly they could not expect to get good men. If it happened in one case the time would come when they would have the Bench packed with incapables. The Premier charged him with inconsistency because, on the last occasion when a bill was introduced to appoint an additional Judge, he voted in favour of the proposal. But that bill empowered the Government to appoint good men. This did not, and therefore he opposed it. And more than that, he should oppose it all he could. The press of business at the present time was on account of the absence of Mr. Justice Hargrave from illness, and from the indisposition on more than one occasion of the Chief Justice. But then Sir William Manning had been performing quadruple duties, and notwithstanding the absence of Mr. Justice Hargrave, as had been pointed out by the hon. member for Newtown, they had started this very term with a clean sheet. Suppose they had five Judges, where were they to put them? There were only two courts where trials could go on, the Banco Court and the Jury Court. The only case he knew in which the fifth judge was wanted was in the holding of the Circuit Courts. There was a difficulty in getting a sufficient number of Judges to go on circuit. But the circuits only lasted two months in the year. If they had an extra Judge for this time, what were they going to do with him for the other ten months? The Premier had said that the business of the Judges had very much increased through the larger number of circuits. But the hon. member forgot that where the circuits were formerly performed by harassing journeys in coaches, they were now done in railway trains in most cases. For instance, the trip to Deniliquin could be performed by steamers and train all the way in a short time. It was a mere pleasure trip. To Tamworth they could go by steamer and railway, leaving Sydney one night and arriving in Tamworth the next afternoon. Formerly the Judges had to go on rough roads in buggies. They could travel by train all the way to Yass and Wagga Wagga and enter their courts without exertion. There were only two circuits, so to speak, out of the pale of civilization—Grafton and Dubbo. The business of the circuits might be increased, but it was performed with one-tenth the work that was formerly necessary. When on two previous occasions this matter was before the House, the Premier did not give the House the benefit of his opinion except by a silent vote. He contended that no necessity had been made out for the appointment of a fifth Judge, and he should vote against the proposal: also, because, even if there were, they were not likely to get a competent Judge. It was their solemn duty to see that the best men in ability, integrity, and knowledge of the world, and with good sound common sense and judgment, were appointed to the Supreme Court bench. If they passed the measure it would be the thin end of the wedge which would tend to lower the character of that bench, and the character and ability of the professional men who appeared before it.

Mr. LUCAS, in explanation, desired to say that it was not the case that the Judgeship of the Supreme Court had been hawked about the legal profession, for the case referred to had been the only appointment of a permanent Judge for years. The appointment was offered to Sir William Manning, and no one else.

Mr. SHEPHERD said that the hon. member for West Macquarie had been grossly inconsistent in the course he had pursued in dealing with this question, and his reasons could not have much weight. The hon. gentleman opposed the bill on two grounds—first, that in his opinion the Judges of the Supreme Court did not receive sufficient salary; and secondly, that the appointment was unnecessary. Instead of the fact being that no one would take the appointment of a Supreme Court Judgeship, experience justified him in saying that members of the bar were anxious to be raised to so dignified a position. [Mr. PILCHER: No.] The leading member of the bar accepted the position of Chief Justice, and the position would have been coveted by Mr. Butler, also a leading member of the Bar. Years before there had been no difficulty in getting leading members of the Bar to accept the dignified position of a Judgeship, and he believed that to-day leaders of the Bar would gladly accept it. [Mr. PILCHER: I know they would not.] Less than two years ago the hon. gentleman said there was absolute necessity for the appointment of the fifth Judge, and that the people could not get justice unless the appointment were made. And the business had increased since then, for more circuits had been added to the list—Grafton and Dubbo had been added, he believed. [Mr. PILCHER: You believe wrong then.] As far back as 1875 the hon. gentleman advocated the appointment of a fifth Judge, and he quoted from a speech of the hon. gentleman, delivered in that year, to the effect that it was impossible for four Judges to perform the duties of the Circuit Court. [Mr. M'ELHONE: He can change his opinion as well as Sir Henry Parkes.] He did not know that Sir Henry Parkes did change, and if he did he was perfectly justified. If an additional Judge was wanted four years ago, surely to goodness one was more wanted now. In Victoria they had five Judges, though the territory was much smaller, and the circuit towns were all connected with the metropolis by railway. Surely, there was more reason for the appointment of five Judges for New South Wales. The additional Judge would only involve an extra expenditure of £1000 a year, for the cost of commissions to temporary judges on circuits involved an expenditure of £1000. [Mr. WINDEYER: £970.] The want of an extra Judge was required to be in town to prevent the mortgagee foreclosing. All the four Judges were away at times, and an injunction could not be obtained. There was only one other point. Although it was true that certain business had been taken from the Supreme Court and given to the Commissioner of Insolvency, they should not forget that they would have a new machinery at work in the shape of a Lunacy Bill, which will entail a large amount of additional work upon the Judges. We ought to be in a position always to have one Judge in Sydney, so that in no case need justice be denied. An hon. member had said that both Courts were occupied, so that if we had another Judge he could not sit. But there had lately been another room built for the hearing of causes, so that they had three court-rooms, in addition to the public chamber. There were therefore conveniences for these Courts to sit.

Mr. LYNCH thought this discussion altogether premature, because the bill was not before them. The proper time to discuss the bill would be on the second reading, and he should reserve what he had to say until then.

Mr. LEARY said the discussion was not premature; the question they had to consider was whether there was a necessity for a fifth Judge. If they thought there was not, it was their duty to vote against the present resolution. He thought it had been conclusively shown that if we had five Supreme Court Judges, with the exception of circuit time, the fifth Judge would be unemployed. There was the Equity and Divorce Judge; there was one Judge in Chambers, and one Judge in each Court, Banco and Jury Court. If there was a fifth Judge, what could he do, except at circuit time? With regard to the appointment of temporary Judges, opinions had been given by two Attorneys-General. Sir G. Innes had given an opinion that there was power to appoint a temporary Judge. Mr. Dalley had subsequently given a contrary opinion. If the Attorney-General believed that they had this power he ought to act upon it; if not, let him bring in a bill to give power to make such appointments. It was simply through the absence of Mr. Justice Hargrave that the appointment of a fifth Judge was said to be necessary. But suppose all four of the Judges were indisposed, and had to go away on leave, were we to appoint four additional permanent Judges? The thing was absurd. He asked, were they to impose all this taxation upon the country to have a fifth Judge, who would have nothing to do except at circuit time? All that was wanted was, to appoint a temporary Judge during the absence of Mr. Justice Hargrave. This bill was most objectionable, and he should vote against it.

Mr. FITZPATRICK said this was a matter that lay in a nutshell, yet they had had a most exhaustive debate; and they would have to discuss the matter again on the second reading. He objected to having these triple debates: however, as they were in it, he was bound to say something. He had nothing to withdraw on this question, for when Sir John Robertson proposed a measure of this kind some time ago he did not vote either for or against. But he felt now called upon to give a vote. He was not very much acquainted with the practice of the Courts, but he was moved chiefly by the arguments of the hon. member for Newtown, and the admissions of the hon. member for Windsor. He thought, if the jurisdiction of the Courts was better defined and determined, there would be no necessity for a fifth Judge. By some trifling alteration in the law, the business of the Courts could be so arranged as to greatly relieve the Supreme Court. And then they could also fall back upon the matter that had been admitted on all hands—that the Court could begin earlier in the morning, and sit later in the afternoon. The Supreme Court did not sit now like it used to do, when they had men on the bench of equal attainments to those now on it, and who used to sit early and late, and as a rule close their cases the same night, however late it might be. If that were done now, a great deal more business might be disposed of. This question had grown up now chiefly out of the temporary absence of Mr. Justice Hargrave. It had been shown that when Sir Alfred Stephen was away on leave a temporary Judge was appointed. There was no reason on earth why the same thing could not now be done. He was afraid there was some reason to believe that the arrangement of the business of the Judges was not conducted in the way most conducive to getting through the business, and it looked as if they were working up towards the accomplishment of this additional Judge. He believed the Judges themselves determined the circuits, and it had been said that they so determined them lately that the whole four Judges should be absent at the same time.—[Mr. WINDEYER: No.]—They could fix their circuits so that in all human probability one would be back before the other went away. For these reasons he should vote against the resolution, and against the bill. It was nonsense to say that a motion of this kind ought to be carried as a matter of form. The necessity for the appointment of this Judge arose from a passing circumstance, and the appointment of another Judge would not prevent the recurrence of the same state of things. He had one word to say personal to the Attorney-General. A considerable amount of indignation had been expressed because the hon. member for the Upper Hunter had asked if this appointment was to be given to the Attorney-General. If this were an ordinary appointment then the inquiry might have been an impertinence. But when they remembered that there was a practice or rule of the Bar which gave the Attorney-General the right of nomination, they would see that the matter went beyond the hon. gentleman personally. It had been said over and over again that the Attorney-General had a right to be appointed Chief Justice if there were a vacancy. That being so, it was not extraordinary that people out of doors were asking whether this bill was to convert the present Attorney-General into a Judge or not. Such an inquiry would not proceed from his lips but for the existence of this rule. The Premier met this objection by what was almost a platitude, when he said that we must trust to him to make the best appointment he could. He would do the Premier the justice to say that no one who had filled the office the hon. member occupied had been more careful in his appointments. But for the Premier to say that hon. members must trust him was no guarantee that the Attorney-General would not be selected as the fifth Judge. Some time ago the Premier congratulated Mr. Butler upon achieving the great honour of becoming Chief Justice, but after all that hon. member did not get the appointment. If the Government thought it necessary to satisfy the House and the country on this point, it would require something more than what had fallen from the Premier. We knew that there was a certain amount of ferment among the profession out of doors, and that they did not hesitate to say that the appointment was intended for the Attorney-General. They did not think the Attorney-General would be the best man for the appointment. When the bill came on for the second reading, it might be the duty of some hon. member to challenge the vote of the Attorney-General, as to whether or not the hon. member had a personal interest in the matter.

Mr. HUNGERFORD did not think that the question was whether the Attorney-General was to be the fifth Judge or not, but whether the business of the Courts should be promptly and satisfactorily performed. No argument had been adduced to show that a fifth Judge was not required, and he should vote for the motion.

Dr. BOWKER said that it seemed to him that the functions of the Judges were of the greatest importance to the public, and it would be a dire calamity if the Judges were not sufficiently numerous to discharge their numerous duties without delay to litigants. Upon the other hand, however, our expenditure was very much larger than our income. From what we had heard to-night the Judges had not made the best arrangements they could, and they did not give the hours to their duties which they ought to give. If they were ill, and were not able to do the duties, that was a reason why they should retire, and others be appointed in their place. Victoria had a larger population, and yet they had not so many Judges as we had. He had not finally made up his mind on the subject, and he desired to g more light.

Mr. M'ELHONE was certain that if we had four Judges who would work reasonable hours, the business of the Courts could be readily got through. He looked upon Mr. Driver's conversion to the appointment of a fifth Judge as most remarkable, seeing that the hon. member had always opposed former proposals of this kind, as remarkable, in fact, as anything Father Chiniquy could boast of. The Attorney-General was the most persistent office-seeker in the whole House, and would sacrifice anybody and anything, even his friend Sir Henry Parkes, for office. There was no man so hungry for office as the member for the University, who would fawn upon anybody to get it. The hon. member might make a very good Judge but he should be very sorry to see the hon. member Chief Justice. There used to be many more lengthy trials than we had now, and then the extension of railways had made travelling much easier and quicker than it was when we had a less number of Judges, and the business was properly attended to. It was not likely that any of the leading barristers would take the position, because they could make more than the salary; and until the Committee had an assurance from the Government that the Attorney-General would not receive the appointment, we had a perfect right to do a little stonewalling, and stop the Government from getting the measure through.

Mr. MACINTOSH said the Government would be unworthy of their position if they gave a promise as to who was to be appointed Judge, and if they did give such a promise he would vote against the bill. If an improper person were appointed to the position, this House could bring the Government to book for it.

Mr. COHEN said he had given his vote to go into committee because he thought it right that the Government should have an opportunity for discussing the subject in committee. At the same time he could not see that the House was bound by any supposed understanding that might have been arrived at by the hon. Colonial Secretary, and the hon. member for Newtown. When he first heard of this proposal on the part of this Government, his impression was to vote against it, although when the Robertson Government, in 1875, submitted their bill for the appointment of a fifth Judge, he paired-off in favour of that bill. He was convinced that with the present salaries given to the Supreme Court Judges it would be impossible for the Government to obtain one of the leaders or most competent men at the Bar, and in that conviction he was strengthened by some inquiries he had made during the past two or three days. But he made up his mind to listen to all that could be said on both sides of this question, and he came to the conclusion that it was his duty to vote against the proposal of the Government. He did so for this plain reason, that if we were to have the Judge, let us be well assured that we would have a competent man. If we could not have that assurance, it was our duty to vote against the proposed appointment. One of the most experienced practitioners in the Court had told him there was no necessity for a fifth Judge. (Hear, hear.) But, seeing that it was necessary, during the absence of Mr. Justice Hargrave, to strengthen the staff of our Supreme Court, something should be done in the direction of the step taken in the time of Sir Alfred Stephen. A temporary Judge, if he could be obtained, must be appointed. Such an appointment would meet the difficulty. Something had been said about the inaction of the present Judges, and it had been alleged that they displayed a want of perseverance in attending to the business of the Court. He was not prepared to state that such allegations were altogether correct. He knew that, since the Supreme Court Bench had been weakened by the absence of Mr. Justice Hargrave, the other Judges gave all the time they could to the disposal of the Court. It might be true that fragments of time were wasted by the Judges not going into Court at the appointed time, and that if those fragments of time were worked up some arrears might be avoided. He was struck with the cogency of the remark of the hon. member for Windsor, that no arrears existed at the end of 1878, from nisi prius or banco, worth mentioning, with only four Judges. When he heard the remark he was shaken in his opinion he formed that a fifth Judge was necessary.

The question was put, and the House divided with the following result:—

AYES 28.

Parkes	Teece	R. B. Smith
Windeyer	Macintosh	Webb
Watson	Shepherd	Thompson
F. B. Suttor	Kerr	Dangar
J. Davies	Simson	Beyers
H. H. Brown	Johnston	Bennett
Copeland	Garrett	W. C. Browne }
Baker	Stuart	Greville } —Tellers.
Hoskins	Clarke	
Driver	Barbour	

NOES 13.

Fitzpatrick	Dr. Bowker	Terry
Cohen	T. R. Smith	Day }
Leary	Jacob	Murphy } —Tellers.
S. C. Brown	Badgery	
Greenwood	O'Connor	

PAIRS.

FOR.—Mr. Hungerford, Mr. Lackey, Mr. Lynch.
AGAINST.—Mr. Lucas, Mr. M'Elhone, Mr. Pilcher.

The Chairman left the chair, and reported the resolution to the House. Mr. FITZPATRICK objected to the adoption of the resolution, and it was made an order of the day for the following day.

CHINESE IMMIGRATION BILL.

The House having gone into Committee for the further consideration of this bill, Clause 4 was submitted.

"Before any Chinese arriving from beyond this colony shall be permitted to land therein from any vessel, and before making any entry at the Customs, the master of the vessel shall pay to such Collector or other principal officer, the sum of ten pounds for every such Chinese, to be applied in manner hereinafter provided, and no entry shall be deemed to have been legally made, or to have any legal effect until such payment shall have been made. And if any master shall neglect to pay any such sum, or shall land, or permit to land any Chinese at any port or place in this colony before such sum shall have been paid for or by him, or before such list shall have been delivered, such master shall be liable for every such offence to a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds for each Chinese so landed or permitted to land in addition to the amount of such sum. And in every such case, in addition to any such penalty, the vessel shall be forfeited, and may be seized, condemned, and disposed of in like manner as ships forfeited for a breach of any law relating to the Customs."

On the motion of Sir HENRY PARKES, the word "fifty" was inserted in the place of the word "twenty," after the word "exceeding," and the last sentence of the clause eliminated.

The clause as amended was then submitted.

Mr. LEARY said he would feel it his duty to vote against the clause. The idea of putting £10 a-head on persons arriving in the colony seemed to him awfully barbarous. If the clause was agreed to, no person looking like a Chinaman could cross the border without being hunted by the police. Although he did not agree with the bill at all, he could understand a bill restricting the number of Chinese arriving in the colony, and restriction, he held, might be accomplished by limiting the number of Chinamen in vessels sailing to the colony.

Mr. WEBB held that, if a person desired to import a number of Chinamen, it would—even if the clause was agreed to—be only necessary to have them naturalized at Hongkong, which would only cost a few shillings per head. The clause would not prevent Chinamen arriving in the colony, even if there was a probability of their arriving in large numbers, which there was not at present. The clause was only introduced to satisfy persons afraid of their lives of Chinamen, when really there was nothing to fear from them. There were no present circumstances, nor any likely to arise, to require the passing of it or anything like it. If any large number of Chinamen were being brought to the colony, it might be desirable to check it; and perhaps the best way to accomplish that was to give effect to the tonnage restriction, or compel the Chinamen to have their wives with them.

Dr. BOWKER intended to oppose the clause, because it would be the greatest possible injustice to the Chinese in the face of the treaty between England and China. If there was no such treaty, and if the British had not infringed upon the rights and customs of the Chinese very much, and given them certain privileges in return for such infringement, there might be some shadow of excuse for such a clause; but there was the treaty giving the Chinese certain rights, and it was breaking every kind of faith with them to pass anything of the kind. Let the House request, and if necessary insist that the Home Government should try to have the treaty modified, and then it would have some ground to go upon. The Chinese were not an insignificant nation. On the contrary, he was not certain that they would not be one of the most powerful nations on the face of the earth. They were learning all our arts—the making of ships and implements of war—which would give them power, and then, with their immense numbers, who could say what would be the limit of their power. And if we broke faith with them in this way who would say that they had not the right to exercise the power. Besides the disgrace attached to passing a clause of this kind, he believed it was unwise and inexpedient to pass it, and he would vote against it. He would be sorry to see wages reduced. He would lose by it himself, perhaps, as much as anybody; but for all that it should never be said that, for the sake of money, he assisted in passing so unjust a clause.

Mr. GARRETT did not appreciate the moral objections of the hon. member who had just spoken to this sort of legislation when he would approve of it if the treaty with China were altered. In this matter we were simply acting upon the grounds of self-preservation. The hon. member talked as if nothing of the sort had ever been done before. But the passport system existing on the continent of Europe was established on the same principle. So also was the law which, in Victoria, prohibited the landing of a certain class of people. It was to keep out of the community an element that was regarded as pernicious. Giving the Chinese credit for all the virtues claimed for them, which virtues, in his opinion, made them more dangerous, they never could become part of us; they did not come to settle amongst us, and they could never understand our institutions. He would certainly give this clause as hearty a support as he gave to the bill. His only complaint was that it was not stringent enough.

Mr. LEARY said the hon. member talked as if this were a bill to keep out Chinamen. But its character was proposed to be entirely changed. First, no Chinaman was to be admitted; but then any Chinaman who produced a certificate from a British Consul that he was a British subject, he would be admitted. The bill was being made a perfect farce.

Mr. STUART said his objection was that, in the face of an acknowledgment of the evil, the House was prepared to compound it on the payment of a few pounds into the Treasury. But the whole bill was going to be inoperative for the reason pointed out by the hon. member for the Murrumbidgee (Mr. Leary). In fact, it seemed to him that the bill was more likely to be a bill to legalize an influx of Chinese. But the fourth clause, the one under consideration, was the one the principle of which he objected to more than all. He did not object to restriction or prohibition nearly so much as he did to this provision, which would be detrimental to the best interests of the country.

Sir HENRY PARKES said it was very inconvenient to discuss all the new proposals of the bill on a clause like this which was simply to impose a tax of £10 on Chinese immigrants, and to enforce penalties for any failure in that respect. The other clauses in no way affected this; otherwise it would be very easy to answer all that had been said against them. He hoped hon. members who were in favour of the policy of the bill would adhere to the clause. The policy of the bill was to impose certain obstacles in the way of the influx of Chinese—such obstacles as it was thought, in the light of present knowledge, would be effective for the purpose, and it was not intended to go to any length beyond what was required at the present moment. If any of the evils which were prophesied should occur, the Legislature could step in and pass a stronger measure.

Mr. FITZPATRICK began to hope that this bill was doomed, since the hon. gentleman had become jocose. The arguments of the hon. member for East Sydney were not to be disposed of by a joke. Now was the time to answer the hon. member's objections. The Premier said the policy of the bill was to put reasonable restrictions on the introduction of Chinese. The bill, as the Premier proposed to amend it, would not do anything of the kind, and it would thus become a greater sham than it was before. The hon. member for East Sydney had never said that he would vote for the absolute exclusion of the Chinese. (Mr. STUART: Hear, hear.) He had simply said it would be more honest to exclude them. This bill was a slavish copy of the Queensland Act, save in this, that the Queensland Government, in a large and patriotic spirit said to these unfortunate men—"If you come here, you must pay £10, but if within a period of three years you satisfy us that you have been no burden on the country, there is your money back again." Why had not the hon. gentleman imitated that magnificent proposal? Why was the hon. gentleman going to take the money from these yellow men and put it into the Treasury and keep it whatever their conduct? The hon. member for Camden had made a great point that the Chinese were not colonists. Who wanted them to be colonists? Was it not just the argument that it was not desirable that they should be. They were birds of passage. They came and earned their money and took it away. The proposed clause would enable any Chinaman who had been a denizen of Hongkong to come here without paying a farthing. Instead of being a bill to regulate or restrict Chinese immigration it would be more properly characterised as a bill to facilitate Chinese immigration. They would not dare to restrict the immigration of any European nation or their American cousins; but the hon. gentleman did it with these yellow men because they had not the power to resist. It had been proved that the Chinese were honest and not more immoral than other citizens, and their number instead of increasing had decreased in eleven years from 19,600 to 9000. But because of a quarrel in the labour market they were going to disgrace their statute book by legalising the introduction of people here whom the bill declared to be undesirable, providing that they paid to us a sum of money that we were to put into the Treasury and use as general revenue.

Mr. GARRETT would rather vote for a prohibitory bill than this. But the Imperial Government would not sanction that, and they must take what they could get. He took this bill as an instalment. He believed it would have the effect of drawing the attention of the Imperial authorities to the absolute necessity of revising the Pekin treaty, which people said authorized the Chinese to come here in hordes. He denied that. The treaty that was made was simply to protect traders in China. We had nothing to do with this treaty. They did not want to make money out of these people. He should move an amendment to make the amount so large as to make it absolutely prohibitory; or else he would increase the tonnage of the ships. He would even vote a sum of money to export the Chinese that were here. The ablest men in the country had always entertained the view that it was desirable to maintain the thoroughly European character of the community. He would not object to Americans or even Germans coming here. That would be an advantage. But the Chinese coming, as they did under a boss practically, introduced into the colony the state of things that prevailed in the Southern Slave States. This bill was not in any way intended as a revenue measure. He did not believe that £1000 was received while the Act was in force imposing a poll tax on Chinese. It stopped Chinese immigration, and when it had effected its object it was abolished.

Dr. BOWKER said the Premier asked if any one ever heard such an absurdity as that the Chinese would come here in overwhelming numbers, and said it would be time to take restrictive measures when they did. Did the hon. member when in Birmingham never hear the saying, that it is no use to shut the stable door after the horse was stolen. No one was more in favour of preventing the Chinese from coming here than he was; it was almost a fixed idea with him. But a miserable inconsistent bill like this would not effect the object. The only honourable way to do would be to appeal to the British Government to modify the treaty. He should oppose this clause in every part of it.

Sir HENRY PARKES said the hon. member had informed them that he was opposed to the introduction of Chinese, and that it was a fixed idea. The hon. member was like many others with fixed ideas—they differ from all who do not see through their own spectacles, and when they have differed from all other persons they sit down and differ from themselves. The hon. member told them he was opposed to the immigration of Chinese, but it was in some impracticable way. At all events this bill had the authority of three Parliaments of Australia—to the north of us, to the south, and by ourselves, and surely one Parliament after another was some authority, even against the fixed idea of the hon. member for Newcastle. But he rose principally to dispose of this foolish statement as to the proportion of Chinese to the population of the colony. It was said they were only one in 70. But in reality they were one in 16 to the able-bodied men in the colony. The population consists of women and children, as well as men. In England a man's family is usually averaged at five persons; but taking a very large standard, and say there are four persons, it leaves us 160,000 able-bodied men in the colony, and there were 9000 Chinamen—all males; so that we really have one in every 16 to the able bodied men in the colony. (Hear, hear.) With regard to the clause the Government would adhere to it, and he declined to discuss any other clause now.

Mr. HUNGERFORD asked if they were prepared to admit an alien race here on free terms or not. If we admit them as an inferior people then the consequences would be the same as we had seen in America; if we admit them as equals, and give them the franchise, they would come here in such numbers as to outvote the British residents, and we should have that House filled with men like the hon. member for the Upper Hunter.

Mr. COPELAND submitted that the legislation proposed here was not restrictive in any way, and he complained that the amendments had not been distributed to hon. members in time for them to consider them before the bill came on. This amendment, he considered, simply annulled the object of the bill altogether. There was not only Hongkong; there was Singapore, a British possession, where there were Chinese in unlimited numbers, and by this bill they could come in here free. If the race were bad they must be bad altogether. If we were to levy this tax because they are a superior race he could understand it, but in God's name let us lower our flag, and do not let us imagine any longer that we are Englishmen. If we tax them because they are an inferior race, it was contrary to all the principles of free trade and fair play. Were we to handicap the weaker race? If we are to tax them because they are a vicious race, we are winking at their evil practices and letting them in on payment of £10 a head. He would like the Government to define what was meant by the "Chinese race." Was it to leave out the Tartars, who were the great bulk of the inhabitants of the Chinese Empire? If it embraces the Tartars it embraces also the Russians; if it meant Mongolians, it would exclude the Japanese and Malays. The Premier had alluded to the legislation in the colonies north and south. But in Victoria they had abolished this legislation, and as to Queensland, we had no evidence to show how it had worked there. The bill might keep out the Chinese pure and simple, but it would not exclude the Chinese residents in Singapore. In British Columbia the Chinese had paid the £12 annual tax, and remained in the colony. This clause would have no effect in excluding the Chinese who would remain here in all their ignominy, and with all their objectionable qualities. He desired to see the tonnage rate increased; but it was un-English, and a disgrace to our civilization to tax any class of persons for coming here.

Mr. WEBB said if the Chinese took the precaution to take out letters of naturalization, which they could get for a dollar or a dollar and a half, the bill would be inoperative; but he thought this clause most objectionable. It was altogether at variance with the spirit of British institutions, and he should oppose it.

Mr. LYNCH said that no person had employed more Chinese, or knew them better than he did; and he said a more objectionable class of immigrants could not be introduced. Vice, misery, and degradation of every kind followed in their wake; and he would put such a tax upon them as would effectually prevent their influx. If the Chinese once fairly get a footing in this country they would flood it.

Mr. JACOB said that, although he might be preparing a rod for his own back at the next election, he should not hesitate to state his opinion against the bill or to vote against it. We ought not to legislate in a panic; and if it had not been for the fact that the Ministerial elections took place at a time of great political excitement, and hence it was that the bill had been promised. If the Premier were really convinced that this bill was necessary, why did not the hon. member introduce it when he was in office before. It had not been shown that this bill was any more necessary now than it was years ago. In fact, it was less necessary, for there was nothing like the same number of Chinese in the colony now as there was twenty years ago. If the Chinese were the immoral people they were represented to be, we ought not to think of admitting them. We ought to exclude them altogether, and even drive out those who were here. He was quite prepared to admit that we ought not to allow ourselves to be inundated by any foreign people. If the Chinese were to come here in undesirable numbers he should be quite prepared to support any proposition to check their influx or to prevent them from coming altogether. Like people of other nationalities he admitted that the habits of many of these people were most objectionable, and so it had been shown by a writer in the *Herald* that the habits of Europeans were equally immoral. The outcry which had been recently raised on this subject was because it was thought that the Chinese would supplant the British seamen; but there was no reason why the Government should be scared by any action which had taken place. The Colonial Secretary delivered an able speech on the second reading of the bill but for the fact that the hon. gentleman cut the ground from under his feet when he said that it would be foolish to put out power in excess of what the occasion called for. And he did not think the necessity here called for the excess of power the hon. member was putting forth. For if it were necessary now when there were only 9000 Chinese in the colony it was far more necessary when there was a greater number. Some very fallacious and strange arguments had been used on this subject. An hon. member said the Chinese were even becoming shepherds. They had taken to shepherding, and they were cooks also, and in some places if it were not for the Chinese, shepherds and cooks could not be obtained. An hon. member who represented an important constituency had said that if it were not for the Chinamen in a part of his constituency no fencing could be done. So the Chinese were, to a certain extent, useful. But if they were the horrible set of people which some hon. members made them out to be, keep them out altogether—don't let us play with the question. In his opinion the Government had been playing fast and loose with the question, to judge from the new clauses to be proposed. The bill was introduced in consequence of a very improper agitation, in the face of evidence put forward by the Chief of Police to show that the Chinese all over the colony were, on the whole, as orderly a set of people as any in the country. As had been maintained by some hon. members, we would not dare to legislate in this way against any class of people other than the Chinese. So far as the seamen were concerned, they would agitate against Germans or any one else if they interfered with them. The Chinese had proved themselves to be useful in many respects, but he admitted that a great objection to them was that they did not bring their wives with them. For all that, he believed that limiting the number to the tonnage would be quite sufficient to secure all that was desired. The capitation tax was highly objectionable, and he should consider it his duty to assist other hon. members, if it were thought desirable, in adopting all lawful forms to prevent this bill from passing. For all that he had said, however, he would be quite prepared to meet the evil in the future, if the Chinese came in objectionably large numbers, by legislating immediately.

Mr. O'CONNOR denied that the Government had brought in this measure under the influence of a panic, or that they could be charged with the immorality of attempting to raise a tax from the Chinese, and he defended those who were in favour of prohibiting all Chinamen from coming here by pointing out that they supported the bill as the best thing they could get.

Mr. M'ELHONE said he was strongly in favour of a bill to prohibit the Chinese from coming to this colony, and he believed the bill introduced was only a sham and brought in for the sole purpose of misleading the people out of doors. As soon as the amendment proposed by the Government was accepted he would vote against the bill.

After some remarks from Mr. TERRY the question was put that the clause as amended stand part of the bill, and the House divided with the following result:—

AYES 24.

Sir Henry Parkes	Mr. Macintosh	Mr. Burns
Mr. F. B. Suttor	J. Davies	Barbour
Watson	Shepherd	Terry
Windeyer	Garrett	W. C. Browne
Hoskins	Bennett	Dangar
Baker	Eckford	Murphy
Greenwood	Beyer	Lynch }
T. R. Smith	Thompson	O'Connor } Tellers.

NOES 7.

Mr. Fitzpatrick	Mr. Webb	Mr. Copeland } Tellers.
Leary	Jacob	Bowman }
Driver		

Clause 5, "Like sum for Chinese arriving otherwise," and

Clause 6, "Certificate of sum paid to be given to Chinese, and to be evidence," were agreed to.

Clause 7, "All sums so paid by or on behalf of any Chinese shall be paid over to the Colonial Treasurer, and by him set apart under a separate account as a fund to be applied towards the support of Chinese within the hospitals or other public institutions of the colony."

After some remarks from Mr. GARRETT and Mr. TERRY against the clause, Sir HENRY PARKES consented to its withdrawal.

Clause 8, "Penalty on not paying, or having had paid, fee for entrance to the colony."

Mr. WEBB and Mr. JACOB protested against the clause, as being too stringent and possibly leading to Chinamen being perpetually imprisoned.

Mr. WINDEYER defended the clause. If Chinamen would come to the colony in spite of the law, they must be made to know that they would be punished. The Government could discharge a man when it chose.

Mr. THOMPSON pointed out that there was no protection against apprehension for the Chinese already in the colony.

Mr. SHEPHERD said that if any Chinaman were brought up by the police, proof would have to be given as to whether he was a recent arrival or not.

Mr. JACOB thought the question raised by the hon. member for Queanbeyan was worth considering.

Mr. WINDEYER said no Chinese resident in the colony could be prosecuted unless the police had proof that he had entered the colony without paying the tax. Besides, a Chinese resident was always known by some persons, who could prove that he was a resident.

Mr. LEARY thought the period of imprisonment in default of payment of the penalties, should be fixed, instead of being left to the Executive.

Mr. THOMPSON thought his objection could be met by providing every Chinese resident in the colony with a certificate of exemption.

Mr. JACOB pointed out that the old Act contained a provision for giving certificates of exemption to Chinese resident in the colony, and he was surprised that it had been omitted from this bill. [Several hon. members: Propose it. Sir HENRY PARKES: We don't object.]

Mr. FITZPATRICK pointed out that any Chinese who had incurred the penalty and who afterwards produced a certificate of payment of the tax, would be free from the penalty.

Mr. WEBB agreed with the hon. member (Mr. Fitzpatrick) in regard to the objection he had just pointed out. The Government should put some limit to the term of imprisonment. By this clause they would be virtually imprisoning a man for life.

Mr. TERRY moved as an amendment the addition of the words "But no such Chinese shall be imprisoned for a period exceeding six months."

Mr. WINDEYER suggested that the amendment should be withdrawn so as to allow the clause to be altered to the same effect in another way.

The amendment was, by leave, withdrawn.

Mr. WINDEYER moved the insertion, after the word "pounds," of the words "and shall be liable to be imprisoned for six months in default of payment."

Mr. GARRETT thought the period of imprisonment too short, and moved an amendment that the period be twelve months, unless the amount be sooner paid.

The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. WINDEYER moved, as a further amendment, the addition to the clause of words fixing the amount of bail at £20.

Mr. JACOB suggested that the clause should be amended so as to permit of the Chinese being liberated on the payment of the fine.

Mr. SHEPHERD contended that the clause was otherwise defective, and suggested that it should be withdrawn.

Mr. WINDEYER thought perhaps the clause should be withdrawn, in order that it might be remodelled.

Mr. JACOB thought a verbal alteration would meet the case.

Mr. WINDEYER withdrew his amendment, and moved the insertion of the words "unless sooner paid," after the amendment already made.

Mr. THOMPSON suggested that the clause should be postponed and better considered. Some provision ought to be made for the issue of certificates to the Chinamen who came here and complied with the Act.

Mr. GARRETT said the Government had already agreed to the issue of certificates, as in the old Act. The bill could be recommitted in order to make any necessary alteration.

The amendment was carried.

Mr. WINDEYER moved an amendment to fix the amount of bail at £20.

The amendment was agreed to, and the words "unless and until such Chinese shall produce a certificate of payment as aforesaid," were omitted.

The amendment was carried, and the clause as amended was agreed to.

Clause 9. "Evidence of person being a Chinese."

Agreed to.

Clause 10. "Certificate of exemption may be granted in certain cases."

Agreed to.

Clause 11. "Exemption of crews of vessels in certain cases."

Sir HENRY PARKES moved an amendment, the effect of which was that the crews of all vessels under the Marine Board Act should be liable to this tax of £10 per head.

The question that the words proposed to be added, be so added, was put, and the House divided. Ayes, 19; Noes 3.

The clause, as amended, was passed, on division, by 21 to 4.

The Chairman, on the motion of Sir Henry Parkes, left the chair, reported progress, and obtained leave to sit again to-morrow.

The House adjourned at half-past 1 o'clock a.m. until 4 o'clock p.m. the following day.

Wild animals are rapidly disappearing from Algeria. The French Government pays up to £2 for every lion or panther that is killed, and about 1s. 6d. for every jackal. In 1877 rewards were paid on 83 lions, 49 lionesses, 9 cubs; 530 panthers, 45 young panthers, 1072 hyænas, and 14,784 jackals. Lions and panthers abound most in the woody province of Constantine, hyænas are most numerous in that of Oran, jackals in that of Algiers.

EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctor's bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.* Sold only in packets labeled—"JAMES EPPS and Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London."—ADV.

THE CHINESE QUESTION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—The pressure of pledges of popular representatives having sufficed to launch differential legislation, a foregone conclusion, it may be sufficient at present to watch its course and to invite the attention of the unprejudiced and the unpledged to such considerations as may apply to a quiet inoffensive race, at all times moderate, and now peaceful under the aggravation of foul and repeated slanders.

I must again guard myself against misunderstanding; I do not mean that the fact (which conclusively appears) that our own civilization, our own pseudo-Christian condition, have failed to place us far ahead of the moral condition of the Chinese, therefore calls for the immigration of Chinese, whom some may think a little better than our own roughs, and some may fancy only a little worse than many who call themselves their betters, but having demolished some of the falsehoods that have been put forward as reasons for differential legislation, I would see whether some other untruths may not be exposed in like manner, or their particular application be removed by the exhibition of parallels in the history of Britain.

It has been said that the Chinese did not gracefully bear, as a people, the terms of the treaty of 1842, which was with so much delicacy negotiated with their rulers by our impartial people, who, desiring an opium market, paid—no, who received from—the Chinese, some of the millions of dollars, whose flavour led to the desire for more treaty and the acquisition of more dollars. I read in the History of England, written by M. Rapin de Thoyras, translated and published in London in 1743 (I like an old book, this was published before the Chinese invasion of New South Wales,—a good old book, which tells us on the authority of Plutarch, that the constitution of the Britons was so good that they frequently lived a hundred and twenty years), that in spite of treaties with the Romans, Caractacus, Cassibelaunus and Boadicea strove, not without the approbation of history, to shake off a bondage which they deemed degrading, I find here also recorded a curious feature in the history of our ancestors, which, though perhaps not so generally known as our noble resistance of invasion, may be compared with some of the customs said to prevail among the Chinese, viz., a community of wives!

I do not advocate the breach of treaties, or such community as I have mentioned, or the burning human beings alive in wicker cages; but I refer to them as introductory of the observation that the actions of peoples must be judged, with regard to their views of right and wrong, by reference to their own laws and customs, and not by reference to ours; the horrible persecutions in our own and other countries, nominally religious prosecutions, but in fact party struggles for power, in which Protestant burned Romanist, and Romanist burned Protestant, until it became difficult to discern which was farthest removed from the Master whose name they assumed, outrages before which all charges laid to the Chinese sink into insignificance, seek, and in the charity of some find, if not excuse, at least palliation, in the condition of public opinion of those dark days. In like manner what excesses have been attributed to the Chinese who did not early accept the arrangements extorted from their rulers by measures, which all decent England, and all respectable Europe, viewed with shame, must be attributed to a patriotism which on suitable occasion would find repetition here! Not, however, to this spirit must be attributed the murders and robberies and burnings of Chinese by our roughs at Lambing Flat. Just as much, though they were, breaches of treaty, for say what may be said, our treaties with China gave us the same privileges as were granted by that restrictive people to other nations; and by reciprocity, our nation, whose policy has not been restrictive, must be taken to have accorded to the Chinese the same advantages as we allow to other aliens. We know that European continental nations require passports; we do not. Britons, until they come to Australia, are not afraid of the competition of other nations! I understand that for many years past our people have had no molestation in China. Probably the rising generation see that they may derive advantage from the civilization of the West, though in what material respects it surpasses their own, unless in labour-saving machinery, and in the art of destruction by engines of war, it may be perhaps balanced by the virtues of order, temperance, and an industry which is not only able to do, but does, a full day's work where it undertakes it.

The piracies in the China seas, once so frequent, and now occasional, point, no doubt, to the fact that in the most peaceable order-loving countries, there are turbulent spirits, which seek their living by violence or scheming, rather than by hard work. No doubt the Donohoes, Walmsleys, Webbers, Halls, Clarks, Gardiners, Morgans, Kellys, and Powers, are the offspring of some ancient Chinese pirates, who made settlement in Australia before Cook's landing; but we have caught and hanged some of them, and live in hopes of catching the rest. Pray Heaven they be the only armed men to whom our sowing of the dragon's teeth gives birth! I never saw a larrikin with a queue!

I do not doubt but the good sense of England, where Brummagem policies do not now prevail, will avail to produce equitable relations with the Chinese Empire. There have been many difficulties in the way of mutual understanding, besides that great one of difference of language, Britain has always been too much urged by commercial considerations, and many of her present difficulties (and, unless I am much mistaken, her future ones will be of the same character), belong to the same class as the opium and weapons of war, which have always borne an undue proportion to the Bibles and good morals of her introduction.

It has been said that the Chinese have done no good to this colony, that they have displaced Australian workmen. Have they not employed Australian labour? Unless my information be erroneous, many citizens in respectable positions at this moment have been recipients of the Chinese money. The fact is while we do not all know what we owe to the Chinese, we must all admit this, viz., that were all our lower class Chinese, there would be no drinking houses, no wife beaters, among us; does the sober fact suggest any reason why they are viewed with disfavour by those interests which batten and fatten upon the Saxon love of drink? Oh, when will our hand-workers see that they are kept in thraldom, their wives and children worse lodged than domestic animals, by the expenditure of half their earnings in drowning their brains with medicated compounds?

I am told that the Chinese must not complain of breach of treaty rights, because they murdered Mr. Consul Magary. Now, first, Mr. Magary was not a Consul; and, in the next place, he was murdered not by the Chinese, but by a savage race occupying the Burmese frontier. I know the Chinese were made to pay for it, but that only means that they found it easier to part with dollars than to meet British civilization at the cannon's mouth!

The chargeableness of Chinese to any of our institutions is one of those terrors—dangers ahead—which alarm the helmsmen of our stateship! How many of them have we now, so chargeable? I strove in vain to get the truth with reference to the statement of the terrible unknown diseases which the Chinese have brought among us, and applied to one of the health officers for what I thought reasonable information; he, good man, collected this for me, but wisely bethought himself that he had better ask his official superior's leave before communicating it, and—it was refused!—left to conjecture the reason, one must conclude that the mass of disease so introduced had been so dreadful, so enormous, that the Government, anxious for the public peace, feared its disclosure would lead to acts of violence against the offending Chinese, it could not be supposed that our Government would suppress information which showed that, much as they were set upon protection, it would not do to base it upon the charge of strange diseases, for the Chinese are in fact more healthy than other immigrants. I therefore despair of getting the truth by means of any inquiries open to me with reference to other departments.

"The Chinese are inveterate gamblers," says another. With whom do they gamble? Where, at the races, cricket matches, rowing matches, at whist, loo, betting at billiards, betting on everything which has the excitement of chance, better still, if possessing also the chance of swindle? I don't know, but I have heard that Europeans and Australians do; and that in one European house in Sydney, and that not a small one, a young man has in a short time lost at cards seven hundred pounds.

The religious persecution in China arose, I am told, by reason of the interference of the practice of the Confessional with the deeply-rooted principles of the Chinese (of separating their females at a very early age from males). Many of the priests were young men, and the Chinese objected to their receiving their wives and daughters in their private rooms for confession; and the suspicions—doubtless unworthy ones, but not unnatural—thus engendered, provoked first quarrel, then conflict, then persecution of that body of Christians—these were some of the mistakes of early days; and having regard to the very short period of time during which China has been open to us, it is matter of surprise that misunderstandings were so few, and have ceased so soon.

I will close this letter with an observation from Mr. Fortune's "Wanderings in China," in which he refers to the superior vitality of the Chinese race:—"Thousands of the inhabitants live and enjoy happiness in places which would soon be graves to Europeans!" How much of this is due to their comparative abstinence from intoxicating liquors?

I have the honour to be, Sir, your most obedient servant,
BURTON BRADLEY.
Llewellyn, Five Dock, 8th March.

MENTAL ARITHMETIC.—According to the *University Magazine*, some years ago a German, of the name of Dase, exhibited his wonderful powers of calculation and memory before the Queen. I once met him at the house of a friend, but unfortunately arrived too late to witness more than a few of his feats. Sixty-four figures were chalked upon a board, at which Mr. Dase gave what I thought a cursory glance, and, immediately turning his back upon them, he stated the order in which they were placed, and he repeated them backward. He was then, without altering his position, dodged by one of the company, who asked, "What is the twenty-third figure?" He answered at once and correctly. Again, a vast amount of dominoes—I wondered where they got so many—were distributed on the table among several ladies, who arranged them in squares of various dimensions, while Mr. Dase stood with his back to the table. He was then requested to turn round, and in an incredibly short space of time he told us the number, not of the dominoes, but of the spots. Thus far for the evidence of my own eyes and ears. For the rest, I was told that he can multiply in his mind 100 figures by the like number. He is an hour about it, but the result is always correct. I was told that he can extract the square root of 100 given figures in 52 minutes.

THIS DAY, at 11 a.m.—Important sale of household furniture and Erard pianoforte, at the residence of R. Foster, Esq., 158, Forbes-street, Woolloomooloo. Bradley, Newton, and Lamb, auctioneers.—ADV.

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SHIPPING.

ARRIVAL.—MARCH 12.

Wotonga (s.), 1000 tons, Captain Finlayson, from Noumea 7th instant. Passengers—Mrs. Laurie, nurse, and 2 children, Rev. P. Girard, Captain de Brossondy, Captain J. Warren, Messrs. C. T. Laurie, Warren, T. Durand, J. Calimbra, J. Robson, D. S. Burgess, and 14 in the steerage. A. S. N. Co., agents.

Gunga (s.), 900 tons, Captain C. E. Saunders, from Levuka, Fiji, March 5. Passengers—Mrs. Abrahams, Mrs. Laguires, Mrs. M'Culloch, Miss Chalmers, Mrs. Coster, Messrs. A. T. Griffiths, Butt, J. Cole, Chalmers, Walker, Captain Croker, and four in the steerage. A. S. N. Co., agents.

DEPARTURES.—MARCH 12.

Strathnairn, for San Francisco.
Barrabool (s.), for Melbourne.
Leichardt (s.), for Rockhampton.
Look-out, for Auckland.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.—MARCH 13.

Sir I. Newton, for Noumea; Princess Louise, for Solomon Islands; Heath, for Townsville; Prima Donna, Pioneer, for Newcastle.

CLEARANCES.—MARCH 12.

Lookout, schooner, 108 tons, Captain Stewart, for Auckland.

Princess Louise, schooner, 90 tons, Captain Craig, for Solomon Islands. Passengers—5 natives in the steerage.

Sir Isaac Newton, schooner, 121 tons, Captain Gowans, for Noumea.

Leichardt (s.), 800 tons, Captain T. C. Durrell, for Brisbane and Rockhampton. Passengers—Mrs. Gelliham and 2 children, Messrs. H. W. Peabody, A. Brodzack, William Maton, A. N. Webster, E. Davidson, J. Selcock, Mr. Gelliham, Kelly, Tyson, and 10 in the steerage.

Barrabool (s.), 700 tons, Captain A. L. Edgar, for Melbourne. Passengers—Mrs. J. L. Best, Mrs. G. C. Smithers, Miss Treacy, Mrs. Lovell, Mrs. Gardiner, Mrs. Messenger, Mrs. A. Rehder, Mrs. Oke, Miss Oke, Miss J. Rehder, Mrs. Dunn, Miss M. Rehder, Miss Ellen Gardiner, Messrs. A. S. Gordon, F. M'Neill, D. M'Donall, Masters M'Donall, A. Rehder, L. Rehder, and 27 in the steerage.

COASTERS INWARDS.—MARCH 12.

Collaroy (s.), from Newcastle, with 15 hogsheads tallow, 5 tons iron, 100 sacks coke, 50 hides, and sundries; City of Brisbane (s.), from the Hunter River, with 114 bales hay, 1147 cases preserved meat, 2 bales wool, 4 casks tallow, 13 calves, 7 pigs, 60 hides, 3 cases eggs, 41 bags oysters, 5 coops poultry, 30 cases sardines, 4 quarter-casks wine, and sundries; Lalla Rookh, Saxonia (s.), Crest of the Wave, and Industry, from Newcastle, with 860 tons coal; Havilah (s.) and Tasman (s.), from Wollongong, with 503 tons coal; Ne Oblie (s.), from Coalcliff, with 220 tons coal; Prosper Conlon, from Tomago, with 32,000 feet timber, 8 knees; Emily and Mary, from Lake Macquarie, with 12,300 feet timber; Emily, and Our Own, from Shoalhaven, with 10,000 feet timber, 200 bags maize, 90 bags potatoes, 2 coops fowls, 3 cases eggs, 3 cases cheese; Eva Maud, from Brunswick River, with 32,000 feet cedar; Bronzewing, from Camden Haven, with 1000 posts and rails, 10,000 palings; Dolley Warmsley, from Brisbane Water, with 20,000 feet timber; Lilian, from Port Stephens, with 9000 feet timber, 680 posts and rails; Margaret, from Clyde River, with 13,000 feet timber.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.—MARCH 12.

Saxonia (s.), Crest of the Wave, and Industry, for Newcastle; Havilah (s.), and Tasmania (s.), for Wollongong; Ne Oblie (s.), for Coal Cliff; Prosper Conlon, for Tomago; Emily, Mary, and Ben, for Lake Macquarie; White Cloud, for Manning River, via Newcastle; Our Own, for Shoalhaven; Vale, for Tweed River; Eva Maud, for Brunswick River; Bronzewing, for Camden Haven; Dolly Warmsley, for Brisbane Water; Lillian, for Port Stephens; Margaret, for Clyde River, via Botany Bay.

IMPORTS.—MARCH 12.

[A special charge is made for consignees' announcements in this column.]

Gunga (s.), from Levuka, Fiji: 1800 bunches bananas, 97 bags beche-de-mer, 150 bags copra, 60 bags copra dust, 118 bags maize, 74 bales cotton, 90 bales fibre.

Ex Blair Athol: 50 trunks boots—John Way.

Ex Dartford: 17 trunks boots—John Way.

Ex mail steamer: Case watches and sterling silver jewellery—F. Allerding and Son, Hunter-street.

Ex Athelred: 66 packages drapery—Petersen, Boesen, and Co.

Ex Trafalgar: 16 packages drapery—Petersen, Boesen, and Co.

Ex Francis Thorpe: 44 packages drapery—Petersen, Boesen, and Co.

Ex Aconcagua (s.): 8 packages drapery—Petersen, Boesen, and Co.

Ex Yarra Yarra: 42 packages drapery—Petersen, Boesen, and Co.

Ex Melanesia: 12 packages drapery—Petersen, Boesen, and Co.

Ex Samarkand: 66 packages drapery—Petersen, Boesen, and Co.

Ex Colwyn: 62 packages drapery—Petersen, Boesen, and Co.

Ex Lusitania (s.): 13 packages drapery—Petersen, Boesen, and Co.

Ex Garonne (s.): 24 packages drapery—Petersen, Boesen, and Co.

Ex Dartford: 40 packages drapery—Petersen, Boesen, and Co.

Ex Syria (s.): 17 packages drapery—Petersen, Boesen, and Co.

Ex Cicero: 47 packages drapery—Petersen, Boesen, and Co.

Ex Cape Verde: 83 packages drapery—Petersen, Boesen, and Co.

Ex Kosciusko: 67 packages drapery—Petersen, Boesen, and Co

Ex Avoca (s.): 1 case watches, jewellery, and silver—Hardy, Brothers, 13, Hunter-street.

Ex Garonne: 3 cases electroplate, &c.—Hardy, Brothers, 13, Hunter-street.

EXPORTS.—MARCH 11.

City of Adelaide (s.), for Melbourne: 50 packages wines and spirits, 8 cases tobacco, 2 cases coral, 303 bags maize, 6 trunks boots, 14 cases drugs, 4 packages drapery, 13 anchors, 15 bundles mats, 13 reels paper, 1 box type, 1 case books, 34 hogsheads molasses, 4 cases pianos, 10 casks lard, 156 bags oysters, 3 baskets prawns, and sundries.

Heath, schooner, for Townsville and Normanton: 210 packages wines and spirits, 47 packages beer, 20 cases sarsaparilla, 2 cases tobacco, 7 barrels currants, 11 cases mustard, 17 cases oil, 10 cases pickles, 20 cases salmon, 21 boxes raisins, 10 cases starch, 300 bags rice, 95 cases kerosene, 7 cases galvanized iron, 5 cases lobsters, 83 cases jam, 5 cases groats, 6 cases biscuits, 12 bales chaff, 5 cases cheese, 10 cases cider, 65 bags potatoes, 20 bags oats, 40 bags maize, 4 bales hay, 5 cases furniture, 7 cases drugs, 8 packages drapery, 5 kegs peaches, 125 packages tea, 20 quarter-barrels apples, 1066 bags flour, 2 casks paint, 1 keg shot, 7 cases sardines, 1 case harmonium, 1 bale bags, 4000 palings, 116 cases powder, and sundries.

Kellawarra (s.), for Brisbane, Maryborough, and Rockhampton: 213 packages wines and spirits, 5 packages tobacco, 2 cases cigars, 104 packages tea, 3 cases pianos, 4 packages machines, 30 packages hardware, 2.6 lengths pipe, 3 bars steel, 5 packages tubs, 560 bags flour, 4 cases machinery, 5 packages nails, 6 packages pegs, 110 cases salmon, 7 packages opium, 54 packages boots, 40 bags rice, 24 mats sugar, 2 bundles oars, 7 bags bacon, 237 bags potatoes, 5 bags onions, 32 kegs butter, 5 cases pickles, 4 packages buckets, 6 bundles ovens, 22 covers, 152 bars, bundles, and plates iron, 10 bundles cordage, 98 cart-boxes and arms, 5 stamper-bottoms, 22 drums 1 hogshead oil, 135 bags bark, 3 packages leather, 7 cases books, 8 cases drapery, 21 packages preserved fruits, 3 kegs nuts, 4 cases metal, 10 bundles wire, 200 bags oats, 6 sacks seed, 52 axle-blocks, 4 pieces chain, 4 spars, 1 bale paper, 137 cases fruit, and sundries.

MARCH 12.

Sir Isaac Newton, schooner, for Noumea: 8 packages wines and spirits, 12 cases beer, 8 cases tobacco, 8 packages groceries, 1 case coffee, 1 package cigars, 1 keg 1 bag shot, 3 cases drapery, 4 cases medicine, 3 cases provisions, 153 packages herrings, 50 sacks flour, 85 bags bran, 3 cases sporting powder, 1 case matches, 1 case saddlery, 110 tons coal, and sundries.

Lookout, schooner, for Auckland: 439 bundles wire, 35 kegs nails, 30 kegs spikes, 135 bales hemp, 408 bags maize, 6 tip-drays, 695 bags bone-dust, and sundries.

Princess Louise, schooner, for Solomon Islands: 6 cases beer, 5 packages tobacco, 1 bale bags, 3 cases powder, 4 cedar boxes, 1 keg shot, 1 case matches, 6 cases pipes.

Barrabool (s.), for Melbourne: 10 packages tobacco, 159 barrels 82 half-barrels 639 cases salmon, 8 cases machinery, 13 cases books, 3 sacks beans, 45 hides, 4 bales 1 bag hair, 19 casks molasses, 4 sacks seeds, 4 packages plants, 38 bags oysters, 4 baskets prawns, and sundries.

CUSTOM HOUSE.—Entered Outwards, March 12: Lauri (s.), 60 tons, Captain Arthur, for Normanton; Wotonga (s.), 591 tons, Captain Finlayson, for New Caledonia: Falcon, barque, 798 tons, Captain Barry, for Shanghai; Colwyn, barque, 1159 tons, Captain Bulman, for Hongkong; Alexandra (s.), 540 tons, Captain Hill, for Townsville.

The Wotonga (s.) reports leaving Sydney February 28, at 11 a.m. Experienced light, easterly and S.E. winds throughout the passage. Arrived at Noumea on March 5, at 7.30 a.m. Left Noumea again on 7th, at 11 a.m.; cleared Bulara Pass at 0.30 p.m., and experienced light westerly airs and sultry weather until the night of the 8th, at 9 p.m; fresh S.E. breeze and passing squalls, with rain, until Monday, 10th; thence to arrival, on the 12th instant, had moderate breeze and clear weather.

The schooner Loch Lee and Pactole were in Noumea Harbour when the Wotonga (s.) left.

The N. I. S. Co.'s steamer William M'Kinnon sailed from Port Darwin on the 10th instant, for Sydney and Melbourne. She has on board the following cargo: For Sydney—20 tons kapok, 50 packages dates; for Melbourne—40 tons kapok, 72 cases spices, 55 packages tea, 96 bundles rattans, 40 tons pepper, &c.; for Adelaide, 23 tons coffee.

The Gunga (s.) left the company's wharf, Sydney, at noon of February 2, passed Lord Howe's Island February 22 at noon, and arrived at Levuka anchorage at 5 p.m. February 28. Left Levuka at 7 a.m. March 5, passed Lord Howe Island at 7 a.m. March 11, and arrived at anchorage off Pinchgut at 1 a.m. March 13. Experienced fine weather and light E.E. breeze throughout, both on the downward and upward trip. H. M. S. Sandfly left for Auckland on March 4.

ADELAIDE.

DEPARTURE.

March 7.—Roderick Hay, for Sydney.

MELBOURNE.

ARRIVALS.

March 8.—Lina, from Mauritius.

March 9.—Leura (s.), Garonne (s.), from Sydney; Aldborough, from Liverpool; Hotspur, from Hongkong; Haab, from Calcutta.

CLEARED OUT.

March 8.—Undaunted, 253, Fream, for Sydney, 4000 cases kerosene, 8026 coils wire, 10 cases jam, 60 cases telegraph materials, 99 bags flour.

[BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.]

CLARENCE HEADS.—Departure: March 12, New England (s.), for Sydney.

MELBOURNE.—Arrivals: March 11, Kembla (s.), from Sydney Omeo (s.), Sarah Ann, Albert the Good, from Newcastle. Departures: March 11, Macedon (s.), for Sydney; March 12, North American, Loch Rannah, for London.

BRISBANE.—Departures: March 11, Governor Blackall (s.), for Rockhampton; March 12, Katoomba (s.), for Sydney, at 8 a.m.

SYDNEY HEADS.

DATE.	TIME.	WIND.	REMARKS.
March 12.	8.30 a.m.	W.	Fine.
	Noon.	E.N.E.	Ditto.
	5 p.m.	E.N.E.	Ditto.

High water, at Fort Denison, March 13—11.31 a.m.; 11.57 p.m.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORTS.—MARCH 12.

South Australia: Fine, clear, barometers rising, wind N. to N.E.; at Eucla weather threatening; Port Darwin thunderstorms yesterday, rain 1 93, now showery. Victoria: Generally cloudy with easterly winds, barometers falling, no rain. New South Wales: Fine, clear generally, barometers rising to S. and falling N., no rain, weather warm; Darling, at Wilcannia, 6 feet above summer level; ditto, at Menindie, 4 inches above summer level; ditto at Pooncarie, at summer level; Murray and Darling, at Wentworth, 2 feet 5 inches above summer level; Murrumbidgee, at Hay, 3 feet 6 inches above summer level; ditto, at Balranald, 2 feet above summer level; ditto, at Euston, 2 feet 1 inch above summer level. Queensland: No telegrams from Brisbane; Rockhampton, wind veering to E.S.E. 9 p.m. Observations.—Victoria: Melbourne, barometer 29.90, W., 8, overcast, thunderstorms; Cape Otway, E., 28, showery, sea smooth; Portland, no report; Wilson's Promontory, N.N.E., 28, cloudy, sea smooth. New South Wales: Wentworth, N., fine, hot, 95°; Deniliquin, N.W., fine, 88°; Albury, calm, fine, 83°; Goulburn, calm, fine, 77°; Forbes, calm, fine, 82°; Eden, N.E., 14, fine, sea smooth; Moruya, N.E., 20, fine, moderate sea; Cape George, N E., 20, fine, sea smooth; Sydney, very fine, barometer steady, temperature 74°, E.N.E., 14; Newcastle, E., 10, fine, 79°, sea smooth; Port Macquarie, SE., 14, cloudy, 76°, sea smooth; Clarence River, S.E., 20, fine, heavy sea.

ASTRONOMICAL MEMORANDA FOR MARCH 13.—Sun rises at 5.59, sets at 6.21; moon rises at 9.41 p.m., sets at 10.34 a.m.; Mercury, 6.11 a.m., 6.45 p.m.; Venus, 7.49 a.m., 7.22 p.m.; Mars, 1.29 a.m., 3.33 p.m.; Jupiter, 4.0 a.m., 5.10 p.m.; Saturn, 7.9 a.m., 7.0 p.m. Full moon, 8th; new moon, 23rd.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

WEDNESDAY EVENING.

The Customs duties received to-day were as follows:—

Spirits ...	£1446	18	4
Wine (still) ...	72	12	3
——— (sparkling) ...	3	12	0
Ale, porter, and beer (in bottle) ...	36	12	0
Tobacco and snuff ...	59	0	0
——— (unmanufactured) ...	67	13	0
Cigars ...	114	5	0
Tea ...	14	13	0
Coffee and chicory ...	19	0	9
Sugar (unrefined) ...	126	14	11
Rice ...	175	17	0
Specific duty ...	546	11	1
Harbour and light dues ...	2	14	0
Total ...	£2706	3	4

The Stock and Share market maintains the recent improvement, and an upward movement was noticeable in some Bank shares to-day. City had buyers at 9¾, sellers at 10½. Commercial wanted at 94; Joint Stock held for 13½, with buyers at 13. National of Queensland wanted at 5⅝, offered at 5¾. New South Wales changed hands at 47¾ to 48, and holders asked 48½. New Zealand, fully paid, had sellers at 18⅝, new at 17¾. Union were taken at 51, and inquired for at 50½; sellers at 52. Debentures had buyers and sellers at yesterday's rates, without transactions. There were few alterations in the prices of debentures. Accident took a sudden turn from 11d. sellers to 11d. buyers, and held for par; and Sydney Marine were not offered below 24s. Gaslight continue hardening; 11¾ paid and 5s. more asked for old stock; 4 offered for new, with sellers at 4½. In Steam, the only change was in Australasian, for which 13 was paid, 13¼ asked; Clarence and Richmond preferential wanted at 11—old issue offered at 5⅝; Hunter River at 8s.; and North Shore Ferry at 2s. dis. There was a sharp advance in Volunteer land orders, 81 refused, 86 asked. Mining shares as before.

The Australian Mortgage, Land, and Finance Co. (limited) have received a telegram from Helmuth Schwartze and Co., dated London, 10th March, to the effect that the wool sales have a downward tendency. Prices for average greasy are ½d. to 1d. per lb. lower than at the commencement of the present series. Prices for superior fleece, grease, and lambs are depressed; cross-breds continue to be neglected. General state of trade is very depressed.

The closing quotations for local produce to-day were—Maize, 2s. 6d. to 3s.; wheat, 4s. 3d. to 5s. 3d.; oaten hay, £4 10s. to £5; lucerne, £2 10s. to £3; cheese, 4d. to 6d.; bacon, 6d. to 8d.; Warrnambool potatoes, £4 10s. to £5.

The quittance of the entire shipment of Oregon lumber, ex Surprise, in one line, on private terms, has cleared the market of the only cargo in first hands, and will tend to stiffen prices. A shipment of Scotch flooring will be offered at Messrs. Fraser and Co.'s rooms to-morrow. There is hardly any change otherwise in the Import markets. Trade sales of a limited character are being made, but furnish little indications of the value of parcels. A scarcity of Lowndes' rum has caused a rise in its value, and up to 4s. is required for small lots on the spot. Chicory is firm at late rates. In Dundee goods only a few bales of cornsacks are being moved. Sodas of all kinds are dull of sale at late quotations. Whiting maintains its value at £5 10s. to £5 15s. By auction this morning the damaged teas ex St. Ideno were placed at fair rates, and a quantity of colonial sugars at from £27 to £29 15s. for brown, and £34 10s. for low white.

We understand that Mr. Bent, tobacconist, of George-street, has called a meeting of creditors for an early day next week.

LATEST COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, MARCH 7.

Consols, 96⅜; Bank rate of discount, 3 per cent.; market rate of discount, 2¾ per cent.

Australian Tallow: Best beef, 33s. 6d.; best mutton, 35s.

Tin: Straits, £63; Australian, £63.

Copper: Burra, £62 10s.; Wallaroo, £63 10s.

Wheat: Adelaide, 49s. 6d. to 50s. 6d. Flour: Adelaide, 31s.

Six per cent. Tasmanian Loan (1893-1901), 114; 4 per cent. New South Wales Loan (1903-1905), 99; 4 per cent. Victorian Loan (1899-1901), 93; 5 per cent. New South Wales Loan, with 2 per cent. annual drawings (1874-1898), 106; 5 per cent. Victorian Loan (1894), 107; 5 per cent. New South Wales Loan (1888-1902), 108.

At the wool sale to-day 9400 bales were offered. Demand slackened. Market weak.

At the Dutch tin auction sales, to be held on the 26th instant, 23,000 slabs Banca will be offered.

LONDON, MARCH 8.

Consols, 96½; Bank rate of discount, 3 per cent.

Australian tallow, best beef, 33s. 6d.; best mutton, 35s.

Tin: Straits, £63; Australian, £63. Copper: Burra, £62 10s.; Wallaroo, £63 10s.

Wheat: Adelaide, 49s. 6d. to 50s. 6d. Flour: Adelaide, 31s.

5 per cent. New Zealand loan, 10-40 scrip, £101; 6 per cent. Tasmanian loan (1893-1901), £114; 4 per cent. Queensland loan (1913-1915), £91 10s.; 4 per cent. South Australian loan (1894-1916), £92 10s.; 4 per cent. New South Wales loan (1903-1905), £99; 4 per cent. Victorian loan (1899-1901), £93 10s.; 5 per cent. New South Wales loan, with 2 per cent. annual drawings, (1874-1898), £106; 5 per cent. Victorian loan (1894), £107; 5 per cent. New South Wales loan (1888-1902), £108.

At the wool sale to-day, 10,250 bales were offered. Market quiet.

LONDON, MARCH 10.

Saturday's quotations of the various markets remain unchanged, with the exception of tin, which has advanced £1, and is now quoted at £64.

Total quantity of wheat afloat, 1,316,000 quarters.

At the wool sales to-day 8000 bales were offered. Tone of market quiet.

THE MAILS.

The Mails will close at the General Post Office as follows:—

FOR MELBOURNE.—Overland, daily, Friday excepted, at 6 p.m.

FOR ADELAIDE.—Overland, via Melbourne, daily, Friday excepted, at 6 p.m.

FOR HOBART TOWN AND LAUNCESTON.—Overland to Melbourne, and thence per steamer, daily, Friday excepted, at 6 p.m.

FOR MANNING RIVER.—By the Beagle (s.), this day, at 9 a.m.

FOR UNITED KINGDOM AND CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Overland to Melbourne, and thence per Garonne (s.), this day, at 5.30 p.m.

FOR GOSFORD.—By the Pelican (s.), this day, at 5.30 p.m.; and on Monday, at 5.30 p.m.

FOR ULLADULLA AND CLYDE.—By the Hunter (s.), on Friday, at 8.30 a.m.

FOR NOUMEA (NEW CALEDONIA).—By the Wotonga (s.), on Friday, at 9 a.m.

FOR MELBOURNE.—By the Cheviot (s.), on Friday, at 11 a.m.; by the Ly-ee-Moon (s.), on Saturday, at 5 p.m.

FOR RICHMOND RIVER.—By the Richmond (s.), on Friday, at 8 p.m.

FOR GRAFTON.—By the New England (s.), on Friday, at 8 p.m.

FOR AUCKLAND AND ALL NEW ZEALAND PORTS.—By the Tararua (s.), on Saturday, at 3 p.m.

FOR BRISBANE AND ALL THE NORTHERN PORTS OF QUEENSLAND.—By the Alexandra (s.), on Monday, at 3.30 p.m.

DISPATCH OF MAILS VIA GALLE, PER ASSAM FROM MELBOURNE.

Mails, containing letters, packets, and newspapers, will be made up at this Office, and forwarded per Avoca (s.), to Melbourne, on Wednesday, March 19. Mails will close as follows:—

Registered letters at 9.30 a.m.

Unregistered letters at 10 a.m.

Newspapers and packets at 9 a.m.

Late letters for the United Kingdom, via Brindisi only, will be received at the General Post Office up to 11 a.m. Late fee, 6d.

General Post Office, Sydney, March 12th, 1879.

There has been a large fire at Rangoon, which broke out in a native house through a woman allowing some oil to catch fire and spread with wonderful rapidity from one house to another until in one hour the whole of two-and-a-half blocks, comprising nearly a hundred houses, were destroyed, with the exception of three houses—those of the *Times* Press, Messrs. Paul and Co., and Evershed's Hotel.

The cost of the last war on the Russian side is estimated by the *Pravda* at two milliards of roubles (3s. 2d. each) to which enormous sum must be added about 800,000,000 roubles spent in liquidation of the outstanding contracts, and the expenses necessitated by the occupation of Turkish territories.

THIS DAY, at 11 a.m.—Sale by auction, at the Macquarie Bond, new shipment of prime salted and preserved salmon, on account and risk of whom it may concern. Bradley, Newton, and Lamb, auctioneers.—ADV.

CITY and Suburban Freeholds.—W. Pritchard reminds investors and others that he will sell, this day, at 11 o'clock, at his Rooms, 281, George-street, very eligible investments. See this day's HERALD.—ADV.

ABSTRACT of SALES by AUCTION THIS DAY.

G. KISS.—At the Bazaar, at 11 and 12, Horses, Vehicles, &c.; at the Camperdown Yards, at 2, Horses.

W. INGLIS.—At his Yards, at 11, Milch Cows, &c.; at 1, Fat Calves; at the Camperdown Yards, at 2, Horses.

HARRISON, JONES, AND DEVLIN.—At the Homebush Yards, at 11, Fat Cattle and Sheep; at 2.30, Calves, Lambs, &c.

BRUNKER AND WOLFE.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Sheep; at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, at 2.30, Fat Lambs.

PITT, SON, AND BADGERY.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Cattle and Sheep; at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, at 3, Fat Calves.

ROBERTS AND ROYER.—At their Yards, at 11, Fat Calves, &c.; at 2, Milch Cows, &c.

W. FULLAGAR AND SON.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Cattle.

TATE, BROTHERS.—At their Rooms, at 2, Household Furniture and Effects, &c.

W. GARLING.—At 776, George-street, at 11, Doors, Gates, Flooring, Gas Piping, Saddles, &c.; at 10, Waggonette, Shafts, &c.

G. COULTER.—At his Stores, at 11.30, Cheeses.

H. VAUGHAN.—On the premises, Silver Cross Hotel, Wexford-street, at 12, Lease, License, Stock-in-trade, Household Furniture, &c.; at 18, Market-street, at 3, Building Materials, &c.; at 13, Elizabeth-street, Waterloo, at 10, Household Furniture, &c.

WHITTEN, WILLIAMS, AND CO.—At their Rooms, at 11, Old Tom, Sherry, Brandy, Wine, Corks, &c.

C. MOORE AND CO.—At their Rooms, at 11, Carpets, Clothing, Shirts, Flannels, Hats, &c.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, AND LAMB.—At the Macquarie Bond, at 11, Salmon; on the premises, 153, Forbes-street, Woolloomooloo, at 11, Household Furniture, Pianoforte, &c.

MAIDEN, HILL, AND CLARK.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Cattle and Sheep.

FRASER AND CO.—At their Rooms, at 11, Fencing Wire, Timber, Hoop Iron, Wreck of the Ettalong.

W. PRITCHARD.—At his Rooms, at 11, Land, Surry Hills; Land, Dowling-street; Cottages, Gloucester-street; Land, Darlinghurst; Cottage, Darlington; Lease of Workshop and land, Glebe.

H. S. GIBSON.—At his Bazaar, Horses, Buggies, &c.

THE SHERIFF.—On the premises, Sir Charles Napier Hotel, Paddington, at 12, Lease, License, Title, Goodwill, &c.

ELLIS AND CO.—At their Yards, at 11.30, Pigs, Calves, &c.; at 12.30, Milch Cows, &c.

WELLS AND SMITH.—At Darling Harbour, at 10, Wood; at Newtown, at 3, Wood.

F. L. BARKER.—At the Chamber of Commerce, at 2, Sheep-skins; at 2.30, Wool.

J. BRIDGE.—At Ellis and Co.'s Yards, at 11.30, Pigs, Calves, &c.

R. J. HUGHES AND CO.—At the Warwick Arms, Campbell and Riley streets, Surry Hills, at 10, Goodwill, Stock, Furniture, &c.

LENEHAN AND CO.—On the premises, 645, George-street, at 11, Confectionery, Jujubes, Boilers, Iron Plate, &c.

H. L. DUNN.—At his Rooms, at 11, Clothing, Boots, Blankets, &c.

DENT AND HOSKIN.—At Darling, at 10, Wood.

PRIZE POEM.

PREMIUM—ONE HUNDRED GUINEAS.

MESSRS. JOHN FAIRFAX AND SONS desire to obtain for publication in the *Sydney Morning Herald* a poem to fitly celebrate the opening of the forthcoming International Exhibition in Sydney. As an encouragement to literary talent and an incentive to the production of a composition having special reference and worthy to do honour to what will be the first Great International Exhibition in Australia, they offer a premium of ONE HUNDRED GUINEAS for the best original poem on this interesting and important epoch in our colonial history. The competition is open to all the world and will close on the 31st July next.

Each poem sent for competition must be addressed "Messrs. JOHN FAIRFAX AND SONS, *Herald* Office, Sydney, New South Wales." It must be distinguished by a *nom de plume*, or motto, and accompanied by a sealed envelope with the same *nom de plume*, or motto, outside, and enclosing the name and address of the author.

Sydney Morning Herald Office, March 10, 1879.

Special Advertisements.

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO. of New Zealand (Fire and Marine).
Capital, £1,000,000. Reserve Fund, £85,000, with unlimited liability of Shareholders.
Head Office—Dunedin.
Sydney Branch, 17, Bridge-street.
W. H. GIDDY, Manager.
Agents wanted.

SYDNEY INSURANCE COMPANY, PITT and Hunter streets. Capital, £250,000. Reserves, £50,000. Unlimited liability of shareholders.
FIRE risks accepted at premiums as LOW as those of any other office.

EARLY CLOSING. EDWARD ARNOLD and CO., General Drapers, 115 and 117, Oxford-street, Sydney, beg respectfully to intimate that from this date their ESTABLISHMENT will be closed every TUESDAY and THURSDAY EVENING, at SIX O'CLOCK.
March 10, 1879.

NOTICE. M. J. MURPHY, 249, 251,* Pitt-street, having disposed of his business (book debts excepted) to Messrs. RILEY, BROTHERS, it is particularly requested that all accounts be paid forthwith during this week, at the above address, and on and after Monday the 17th instant, at his office, 84, King-street.

BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS' ANNUAL PICNIC, March 13, 1879.
'Buses leave the Town Hall at half-past 10 a.m.

NOTICE. In consequence of the FIRST ANNUAL PICNIC of the BOOKSELLERS and STATIONERS, the establishments of all the above will be CLOSED THIS DAY.

W. T. ANGUS, CARRIAGE AND BUGGY BUILDER and IMPORTER, 183 and 185, Castlereagh-st.

GOODLET AND SMITH, TIMBER AND GALVANIZED Iron Merchants, 433, George-st., near Bathurst-st.

NOTICE.—Mr. JOHN SPENCER, DENTIST, will practise his profession at his new residence, 44, Wynyard-square North.

THERE IS NO ART JOURNAL PUBLISHED IN THE AUSTRALIAN COLONIES. To make up for the absence of such a journal, great attention is paid to the pictorial department of the SYDNEY MAIL, the illustrations being of a local character, or selected by the London agent. Articles on Art in its various branches are included in this department of the SYDNEY MAIL. Subscription: 6s 6d per quarter. Office—Hunter-street, Sydney.

M'EWAN'S ALE, NEW BREW. For SALE, by the undersigned, in trade parcels, M'Ewan's bulk, new brew, now landing.
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The temporary injunction, referred to by a rival competitor, is only applicable to the colony of Victoria. The case "Wolfe v. Hart," has yet to be tried on its merits, in March next.
Mr. D. L. LEVY, Solicitor, 142, Pitt-street, Sydney, is instructed to defend any proceedings that may be adopted against the introduction of the "Imperial Schiedam Schnapps" in New South Wales.
HENRI J. HART, Proprietor.

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NOW LANDED, FROM THE COLWYN.—ENO'S Fruit Salt, Howard's Quinine, Parish's Chemical Food, Delectable Jujubes, Pure Chloroform, Concentrated Infusions, and Pharmaceutical Preparations. W. LARMER, 323, George-street.

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See THE ECHO, Afternoon Newspaper.

JUST PUBLISHED, price 2s 6d.
THE PROGRESSIVE POLICY OF THE MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY REVIEWED, together with a comparative abstract of the expenses of English, American, and Australian Life Assurance Institutions, by MORRICE A. BLACK, F.I.A., Actuary to the Society.
GEORGE ROBERTSON, Sydney.

TO LANDOWNERS.—WANTED, 1½ TO 2 ACRES of LAND, in a healthy elevated situation, say within 2 miles of General Post Office; North Shore or Balmain not desirable.
J. HORBURY HUNT, Architect, 91, Pitt-street.

TO COUNTRY AGENTS.—The Agents for the "SYDNEY MORNING HERALD" are requested to furnish their Quarterly Statement of Accounts previous to the 15th December, 1878.

THE ECHO, AN EVENING NEWSPAPER, PRICE ONE PENNY. THE ECHO contains all the Latest News of the Day, Police, Law, and Insolvency Courts. Intercolonial and Foreign late Telegrams on all topics of public interest. THE ECHO, having now attained an extensive circulation, offers great inducements to the advertising public. ADVERTISEMENTS received daily for the evening's publication up to 3 p.m. Office, corner of Pitt and Hunter streets.

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SUMMARY OF NEWS FOR EUROPE.

The summary of Colonial news for transmission to Europe via Galle by the Royal mail steamship Assam, will be published in this journal on Tuesday, 18th instant. Orders for extra copies should be lodged with the clerk of the counter on Monday. Our friends in the country are reminded that orders to post for England will be too late after Tuesday morning's mail.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

In consequence of complaints as to the late delivery of the HERALD, we have to inform our readers that, as the publication commences before 5 o'clock, there is no reason why the paper should not be delivered in Sydney and the suburbs by 7 every morning.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

We beg to inform our advertising friends that, to secure insertion and proper classification in Saturday's paper, it is necessary that their advertisements should reach this office not later than 9 o'clock on Friday night.

The Sydney Morning Herald.

THURSDAY, MARCH 13, 1879.

In the Legislative Council, yesterday,

Mr. DALLEY brought up the report of the select committee on the City of Sydney Improvement Bill, and it was ordered that it be printed.

The Orange Town-hall Site Bill passed its final stages and was returned to the Assembly without amendment.

Messages were received from the Assembly intimating that that House had agreed to the Council's amendments in the City of Goulburn Gas and Coke Company's Bill, and to those in the Married Women's Rights and Liabilities Bill. A message was also received from the Assembly notifying that that House had disagreed from certain amendments in the Small Debts Act Further Amendment Bill.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON laid on the table the report of the Parramatta Lunatic Asylum for 1878.

The House went into committe to consider the Assembly's message in reference to the Council's amendments in the Parliamentary Powers and Privileges Bill. Three verbal amendments in the second and third clauses were agreed to in accordance with the message. The omission from the third clause of the following words, "no act done, or word spoken, written, or published, shall be dealt with as a contempt or breach of privilege by either House, unless done, spoken, or published in the Chamber itself, or within the precincts thereof, and that," was moved by Sir JOHN ROBERTSON, supported by Mr. FOSTER, and opposed by Mr. DALLEY and Mr. DOCKER. The omission was negatived by a majority of 12 to 6. The reinsertion of clauses 6 and 7 was also negatived. The committee reported, and the report was adopted.

The House at six minutes to 7, adjourned till this day (Thursday).

In the Legislative Assembly, yesterday,

Questions were asked by Messrs. W. SUTTOR, T. R. SMITH, M'ELHONE, JOHNSTON, DANGAR, JACOB, COONAN, and DAY, and answered by Ministers.

On the motion of Mr. MACINTOSH, papers were ordered respecting the Railway Report of 1877, and in particular the "Tourist's Map" in that report.

On Mr. W. C. BROWNE's motion, papers were ordered respecting the absence of the Collector of Customs.

On Mr. GARRETT's motion, papers were ordered respecting the payment of balances on auction purchases during the last six years, and also respecting the appointment of officers in the Lands Department.

Mr. WINDEYER moved that the House would, on Thursday, resolve itself into Committee of the Whole to consider the expediency of bringing in a bill to amend the law relating to Patents for Inventions and Improvements in Arts or Manufactures. The matter was urgent in view of the forthcoming Exhibition.

The motion was agreed to.

The House went into Committee of the Whole to consider the expediency of bringing in a bill to authorise the appointment of an additional Judge of the Supreme Court.

Mr. WINDEYER moved that it was expedient to bring in the bill.

Mr. S. C. BROWN was surprised that this motion was made without explanation. There were no arrears of business requiring this appointment. He had that day consulted the list of cases, and found that there were no such arrears of business as there where when we had only three Judges. If now on account of the illness of one Judge there were a temporary pressure, why not appoint a temporary Judge instead of saddling the country with a permanent salary of £2000 a year, and £1400 for a pension? He feared the surplus from land sales was causing extravagant expenditure all round.

Mr. GARRETT said it was an extraordinary coincidence that while the hon. member was speaking he had been reading in an evening paper an account of the collapse of judicial business from the illness of the Chief Justice.

Mr. GREENWOOD said he had voted to go into committee for the purpose of obtaining information. None had been given, and the result of this inquiry was to compel him to vote against this bill.

Mr. M'ELHONE asked whether this new Judgeship was not to be created on purpose to find a billet for the present Attorney-General?

Mr. DRIVER controverted the statements of the member for Newtown as to the term list. Without a fifth Judge there would be interminable delays. He admitted that Judges did not take their seats until half an hour or an hour after the appointed time, and had got into the habit of adjourning promptly at 4 o'clock, but still the increase of business in spite of that necessitated the appointment of an additional Judge. He cited cases of arrears from every term last year, and said that the expense and inconvenience to the public were intolerable. Matters would soon be brought to a standstill unless this bill were passed.

Mr. PILCHER was surprised that the Attorney-General had made this motion without a word of explanation. That was scant courtesy to the House. What was to be in the bill? How could they affirm the expediency of bringing in a bill without knowing what it was to be?

Sir HENRY PARKES had understood that the debate of last night was to be considered decisive, and therefore was surprised at the present opposition. Four years ago he did not think an additional Judge necessary, but four years had made a great difference, and he thought this appointment was necessary now. If he was to discharge his duty in providing for the administration of public justice, he found he could do no other than bring in this bill. As to who was to have the new appointment, that had nothing to do with the bill, and all he could say was that the Government would make the best appointment possible in the interests of the country.

Mr. S. C. BROWN replied to the previous speakers at some length, and reaffirmed his previous statements.

Mr. LUCAS had always been opposed to a bill of this kind, and should oppose it now. He would offer no obstruction, but be content with a critical division. He honestly believed that a fifth Judge was unnecessary, and that four could do all the business expeditiously if they cared to do so.

Mr. PILCHER gave further reasons for the vote he intended to give against this bill.

Mr. SHEPHERD asked where was the consistency of the member for West Macquarie in opposing this bill now? In 1875 the hon. member had argued in favour of a fifth Judge. What had caused the change? He read from the *Herald* some remarks made by the member for West Macquarie in July, 1875, in proof of the remarkable conversion on this question to which he had referred. He explained the judicial business of the colony for the purpose of showing the absolute need for an additional Judge.

Mr. LYNCH thought the country members should say something on this question. The debate was premature, and ought to be taken on the second reading.

Mr. LEARY claimed that this was a proper time to discuss the question. Was it, or was it not, expedient to bring in this bill? No case had been made out as to the necessity of the appointment. Four Judges were as many as could be properly employed under our Judicial system. What was the fifth Judge to do? If Mr. Justice Hargrave were about to retire, there might be reason for appointing some one in his place, but not for appointing a fifth Judge. Why not bring in a short Declaratory Bill to make this temporary appointment.

Mr. FITZPATRICK thought the matter lay in a nutshell. The lucid statement of the member for Newtown and the admission of the member for Windsor clearly proved that there was no need for a fifth Judge. He accepted the challenge in the Press of that morning, and he said the rearrangement of our judicial business would be sufficient to meet the case.

Mr. HUNGERFORD deprecated any personalities in this debate. Lawyers did not want too many Judges. He should support the bill.

Dr. BOWKER said as the lawyers were equally divided in that House, he should be tolerably safe whichever way he voted. Was there need for this increased expenditure? That had not been proved to his satisfaction, and unless he heard some better reasons he should vote against the bill.

After further debate by Messrs. PILCHER, M'ELHONE, MACINTOSH, and COHEN, the motion was agreed to by 28 to 13, the resolution reported to the House, and its adoption appointed for to-day.

The committee was resumed on the Chinese Immigration Regulation Bill with clause 4.

Sir HENRY PARKES moved an amendment, substituting fifty for twenty pounds as the penalty to be paid by the master of a vessel for every Chinese illegally landed. The amendment was agreed to.

On the clause being submitted as amended, Mr. LEARY opposed the capitation grant as contrary to the spirit of British legislation.

Mr. WEBB held that there was nothing in the present circumstances calling for legislation of this kind.

Dr. BOWKER regarded it as beneath the dignity of the colony to pass a clause like this. It was a violation of the treaty rights between Great Britain and China.

Mr. GARRETT asked why the treaty should bind as against the interests of the colony. If the bill were inconsistent with the treaty, let the treaty be altered.

Mr. STUART would vote against the clause, for the reason that the principle on which it rested was that the assumed evil of Chinese immigration could be commuted by a ten pound poll tax. Where was the consistency of such a principle?

Sir HENRY PARKES asked whether the honorable member who last spoke meant that if this bill were to be prohibitory he would support it? If so, let him say so definitely, and he would be understood. The bill was such as the Sovereign could assent to, and to go further would be fatal to the measure.

Mr. FITZPATRICK denied that the bill now amended would restrict Chinese immigration. It had become a sham, and ought to be dropped.

After further debate by Mr. GARRETT, Dr. BOWKER, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Sir HENRY PARKES, Messrs. HUNGERFORD, COPELAND, WEBB, LYNCH, JACOB, O'CONNOR, M'ELHONE, and TERRY, the clause was agreed to on division by 24 to 7.

Clauses 5 and 6 were agreed to without division.

Clause 7, providing for the appropriation of the payments to indigent Chinese within the colony was, after debate by Messrs. GARRETT, TERRY, and Sir HENRY PARKES, negatived without division.

Clause 8, which appoints a penalty for entering the colony without having paid the fee, was debated by Messrs WEBB, JACOB, WINDEYER, THOMPSON, SHEPHERD, LEARY, GREENWOOD, FITZPATRICK, GARRETT, and BEYERS, and, after amendments, was agreed to.

Clause 9, dealing with the evidence of a person being a Chinese, was passed without division, as were the remaining clauses after debate by Sir HENRY PARKES and Messrs. THOMPSON, GARRETT, SHEPHERD, and WEBB.

The Chairman left the chair, progress was reported, and leave obtained to sit again.

The House adjourned at half-past 1 until 4 o'clock this afternoon.

Such frightful financial crashes as the failure of the Glasgow Bank, occurring in such a country as Scotland, have naturally led to an unusual amount of discussion on the policy of banking in general—a result for which bank shareholders must be prepared, and for which indeed they ought to be thankful. The whole community suffers more or less by the shock, but the principal sufferers are the owners of the bank property, the greater proportion of whom, as the list shows, are persons of limited means, who were seeking investment for their savings. To such persons it is of great importance that banking property should be of as secure a character as its nature will admit of; and it is scarcely less important to the public at large that the monetary institutions of the country should be on a sound footing.

Banking, like insurance, is safest when its risks are well distributed; yet experience has shown that in order to get large profits there has been a constant tendency for banks to risk money in very large ventures. Practically such ventures are at the risk of the bank itself, because, if there is a collapse, the bank is the ultimate loser. On the other hand, if the gains should be large the speculator reaps them, and the bank simply gets the same return for its money as it would if the same sum were distributed over a number of risks. If any one were to advise banks to speculate on their own account, or to go halves with their large speculative customers, they would be told that that would be bad banking. Yet this is practically what some banks have been doing, without its advantages. They have been playing a one-sided game with their speculative customers, in which nearly all the advantage was on one side. JAMES NICOL FLEMING owes the Glasgow Bank a million-and-a-half, and has nothing to pay. That is the amount of his accumulated losses on various speculations. If he had made 20 per cent. on his ventures, he would have had the larger part of the profit, and the bank would simply have had the interest on its money, but as there is a loss, the bank has to bear it, for such advances cannot be adequately covered by securities.

It has been asked, how come banks to make such enormous advances to individual firms? The answer is that they must do something with their money to turn it over to a profit, and that when their steady-going customers who have something to lose are too cautious to go into new risks in dull times, more eager, speculative, active men are willing to do it, and that when such men incur a first loss, the bank keeps them going in the hope of retrieving it, and, as a rule, gets involved deeper and deeper. Even the directors of the Glasgow Bank would not, in the first instance, have contemplated the idea of advancing a million and a half to one firm. They were led on, bit by bit, till retreat was cut off, and the only hope lay in a reckless advance, trusting to the chapter of chances.

This explanation has naturally led on to the inquiry how it is that the banks have so large a capital at their command that they are actually compelled to force unnatural trade and unfair competition. The answer is that the capital is not their subscribed capital, but the money placed on deposit. For that deposit the bank is giving an interest, and is bound, somehow or other, to make a larger interest to cover the amount; and if there is no legitimate business going that will occupy the money, illegitimate business must be created. It is more urgent on the bank to employ money it has on deposit than to employ its subscribed capital. To leave the latter unused means no profit, but to leave the former unused means positive loss.

Banking failures have happened ever since there have been banks, but the colossal crashes have taken place since the system of taking money on deposit has acquired such large dimensions. To borrow money at one rate, and lend it at another, is of itself a legitimate business, and is a safe business if carried on judiciously. But when done injudiciously it is most unsafe and one-sided. As experience has shown, the constitution of public companies does not afford adequate guarantees against mismanagement. Hence the public is occasionally startled by catastrophes which no one anticipated, but the causes of which, after the event, every one can understand. More frequent and more ample accounts have been called for by some, as a remedy for this evil, while others ask for an official audit, so that the accountant may have nothing to hope or fear from either shareholders or directors. Both suggestions are good, but as we have already pointed out, there is springing up amongst the demand for reforms, one that goes very much deeper than this, namely, that a bank's power to borrow should be limited in proportion to the amount of its paid-up capital. If it is asked, why should not one set of people borrow, and another set of people lend, just as they like; the answer is that the law is only intended to apply to companies which seek from the Government a charter, or some limitation of their liabilities. Private persons may lend and borrow as they please, but the managers of joint-stock banks are quasi-trustees on behalf of the shareholders. They are dealing with a capital which is not their own, and it is not unreasonable that for the benefit of those for whom they manage, they should be placed under some restrictions. No doubt large profits have been made for bank shareholders by the present system, but there have also been large losses. So far as the shareholders are concerned, the banks exist for the sake of investment, and as investments they will be safer under stricter regulations. It is to be observed that the principle advocated is already applied to many public companies, which are allowed to issue debentures only in a certain proportion to their paid-up capital. Why should these people be limited? Why should not they be allowed to borrow as much as they can get? and why should not the lenders be left to look after their own interests? The answer is that it is considered by the Legislature to be in the public interest to restrict doubtful and dangerous forms of trade; and when companies come to Parliament to ask for certain privileges it is considered fair that they should in return be placed under such restrictions as may make their trade more solid than speculative. There can be no doubt about the right of the Government to impose restrictions corresponding to the limitation of liability. The only point for discussion is as to whether such restriction would be a sound policy. And what reason can be given why banks should not be subjected to the same wholesome restrictions as other borrowing companies? Why should they of all limited liability companies be permitted to borrow so extensively that the largest part of their business is done with borrowed capital? There need be no fear that if the proposed regulation were applied, there would not be enough banking capital in the country. It might lead to more banks being established, but each would trade to at least half its extent with its own capital, and the effect would be that the money now lent on deposit, would be transmuted into bank shares. But if banking were conducted on sounder principles, that would be a gain for the shareholders; and it certainly would be no loss to the rest of the community.

A few days ago we commented upon the TREASURER's sanguine words respecting the commercial profit which will probably be the direct reward of the completion of the extension to Albury. We entirely endorsed Mr. WATSON's anticipations. It is hardly possible to doubt that the line which effects through communication betwixt Sydney and Melbourne, will, in its pecuniary aspect, take rank from the outset as one of this colony's most pronounced railway successes. The vaticinations of the timid will go down before the logic of tabulated facts. But it has always been held that the indirect and not the direct issues of railways in a country like this are the stronger reasons why Government should undertake their construction, and not leave them to the enterprise of private individuals and corporations. In the latter case, monetary gains alone could be thought of; in the former case, larger considerations come within the horizon. Government railway speculation contemplates more than one end, and failure in one direction may be more than compensated for by success in another. To open up the colony's ample territory—to encourage settlement—to facilitate industries; these have been the main objects aimed at. And it cannot be questioned that, regarded in this light, the experiment has proved a satisfactory one. A few provincial towns that partly lived on the old-fashioned traffic have either been killed or had their growth arrested, and the bullock dray has been driven into the back districts; but the aggregate of local losses compares insignificantly with the aggregate of general profits. And it should be added that each of the three trunk lines would have worked out larger results, both direct and indirect, if the land law had been wiser than it is. Our railways have been restricted in their achievements by an agrarian system which favours big estates and discourages settlement. The wisest land legislation would not settle the waste lands of the colony unless it were supported by modern facilities for traffic, nor would a complete network of railways effect the end desired while the present land law remains in operation.

Through communication with Melbourne will be the largest railway experiment in Australia, and may be expected to open up another class of indirect issues, not intended from the beginning and not generally suspected now. In the first place, will not intercolonial lines hasten the day of federation? Almost all the Governors have spoken with more or less force of the advantages which would attend the establishment of an Australian Dominion. Sir HERCULES ROBINSON has been particularly emphatic in predicting, and conspicuously eloquent in eulogising this event of the future. Many of the leading colonial politicians have supported, with gushing enthusiasm, the views of the Vice-regal dignitaries. And the Press has declared itself on the same side. Yet, if we were to forget Governors, politicians, and journalists, and listen to the general voices of these communities, we might conclude that federation was lodged in such deep recesses of the future that we need not bother our

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heads about it. Years ago ANTHONY TROLLOPE wrote that "the phenomenon in regard to the Australian colonies which most powerfully strikes the observer is the intensity of the feeling of separate interest which divides one from another. There is at present very little tendency among them to that combination which seems to me to be essential to their future greatness. * * The greatest present want of Australia is unity with itself." And how shall this unity be accomplished; in other words, how shall the existing provincialism be destroyed? The boundaries that separate the colonies have been ordained—not by Nature, but by the authorities at Downing-street; they are political, not physical. Doubtless they have had their uses, but they will outlive them. They will fade out before a mature federal sentiment. And one means of promoting the growth of that federal sentiment is to provide facilities for the intervisitation of people of neighbouring colonies. A railway betwixt Sydney and Melbourne will indefinitely multiply the intercourse of New South Wales and Victoria. The politics of the two territories cannot be assimilated till free traders from this side cross the Murray and watch the operation of protection, and protectionists from that side cross the Murray and watch the operation of free trade. So of all other rival politics. And the more mutual inspection is brought about the sooner will petty provincialism perish, and the larger unity become a dominant power. It may be accepted that the through line to Melbourne will be a powerful instrument in destroying unhealthy jealousies and fostering wholesome friendships, and thus furthering the cause of federation.

Another result will be of an educational kind. It is admitted by all competent authorities that travel is fatal to a miserable egotism, and helpful to the growth of breadth of view, but the geographical position of Australia is such that few colonists are privileged to see Europe, Asia, or America. For that reason it is the more to be desired that the facilities of intercolonial travel should be made as ample as possible. There is no doubt a great deal of likeness betwixt the several colonies, but there is also enough of unlikeness to supply the observer with plenty of food for reflection. Melbourne has something to show Sydney, and Sydney has something to show Melbourne. The Melbourne aldermen could show the Sydney aldermen how splendid streets can be made and should be kept, and the free trade firm of Hudson, Brothers, could teach a lesson to some of the Melbourne protectionists. Again, the construction of through lines of railway will facilitate the intercolonial migration of population. It may be true that there is a large class of restless roving persons in the colonies—men who find it difficult to anchor in the new world, and whose incessant wanderings are far less remunerative to the general community than is the steady work of their more contented neighbours—and it may be a pity that such people should have more abundant means of gratifying their expensive weakness; but, on the other hand, it must be to the common advantage of Australia that the population should be settled where it can thrive in the highest attainable degree. A family that gets on badly in New South Wales might do well in Victoria, and *vice versa*. Many a man has failed in one colony but succeeded in another, because the conditions and circumstances in the latter case have been far more favourable to him. As a rule, the more a man does for himself the more he does for the community, and therefore the community is concerned that every worker should be able to locate just where his work is most productive. Further, if it be a good thing that provision should be made for the migration of population, it is also good that provision should be made for the migration of industries. In the rapidly growing competition of the world advantage will have to be taken of every point, and industries will seek those places where the conditions are most economical.

The foregoing are some of the unintended and unsuspected indirect issues which may be expected to follow such railway experiments as the one now under consideration. And such issues will be, it must be confessed, of larger importance than the direct ones of a commercial complexion. Before many years there will be through communication from Brisbane to Adelaide; and by that time colonists will begin to regard railways as among the foremost physical determinants of Australian destiny.

The platform of the British and Foreign Bible Society is about the last place in the world where party politics can be legitimately discussed. The society itself is supported by people holding every shade of political as well as religious and ecclesiastical opinion. It exists for a very simple, but most sublime, purpose—the dissemination of the Christian's Bible in the vernacular among all the nations of the world. What can party politics have to do with an enterprize like that? Yet the Bishop of SYDNEY managed to bring them into his speech at the Bible Society's meeting on Wednesday evening. Referring to LORD BEACONSFIELD's foreign policy he said "He did not think he should have signed the address that was sent from Sydney to the other gentleman." We presume this contemptuous phrase "the other gentleman" is meant for the Right Honorable W. E. GLADSTONE, who has been and may again be Prime Minister of England. Had Dr. BARKER been in Sydney when the excited meetings were held, at which the rival addresses were carried, he would probably have seen the wisdom of abstaining from taking an active part in either. To his personal opinion and to the expression of that opinion he has a perfect right on that and on all other questions of the day. But the platform of the British and Foreign Bible Society is not the place for political propagandism, and still less for indulging in disparaging reflections on one of the greatest and most disinterested statesmen England has ever had. Nor was Dr. BARKER's allusion to the Malta expedition happy or appropriate. That the society, on behalf of which he was speaking, had Bibles ready to distribute to the Indian troops upon their landing at Malta, is honourable to the enterprise and beneficence of the society. But the political character of the action of Lord BEACONSFIELD in moving Indian troops to Malta without the consent of the Imperial Parliament, and at the expense of the half-starved millions of India, is another thing, and the less a Christian Bishop has to say at a Bible Society's meeting in defence or praise of that policy the better.

The Earl of DERBY is not a man given to exaggeration. On the contrary, he is one of the coldest and most passionless of public men. And, therefore, when he said that the English people had lost three hundred millions sterling by lending to bankrupt powers, he made a statement which was doubtless based on careful calculation. It is a big sum—more than the Napoleonic wars cost—and the loss of it no doubt makes the bad times worse. Three hundred millions means three thousand a piece for a hundred thousand people. That is easily calculated, but who can calculate the amount of labour and self-denial that went to the making and earning of that amount, and the disappointment, and sorrow, and hardship involved in its loss! The rotten loans have generally offered high interest, and high interest mostly tempts those who have saved but little, and who never can save much, and who are, therefore, greedily anxious to make the most out of what little they have laid by. Men of large means, except as a passing speculation, seldom dabble much in these dangerous loans. The principal sufferers have been the dependent and professional classes, to whom the temptation of high dividends has meant the loss of their capital. The British colonies have hitherto been honourably distinguished by their good faith, and it is to be hoped that this reputation will always be deserved. But that this may be so, our finances must be wisely managed, and not made the sport of party tactics.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE select committee of the Legislative Council, to which was referred the City of Sydney Improvement Bill, got through the work expeditiously. Yesterday Mr. Dalley laid the report on the table of the House, and its consideration was fixed an order of the day for to-day, when, probably, some explanation will be given with regard to it, though it is not likely to be finally decided upon until the following week.

IN the Legislative Council last night the House was occupied chiefly in considering the message from the Assembly dealing with the amendments of the Council in the Parliamentary Powers and Privileges Bill. The discussion took place mainly on the proposal to omit that part of Clause 3 to the effect that no act done or word spoken, written, or published shall be dealt with as a contempt or breach of privilege by either House unless done, spoken, or published in the Chamber itself or within the precincts thereof. The proposition of the Representative of the Government not to insist on this amendment was negatived by 12 to 6.

IN the Legislative Assembly, yesterday, Sir Henry Parkes laid on the table a detailed statement of expenditure for the defences of the colony, showing the proposed expenditure for 1879 relative thereto; a detailed statement of expenditure for the defences of the colony for permanent works, and for services other than those provided for in annual estimates since 1st January, 1877, paid from loans; and a statement of expenditure by Colonial Architect on works of defence since January 1, 1877, to date. The proposed expenditure for 1879 amounts to £116,497, of which £80,620 is for the general staff Artillery Force, works of defence, Volunteer Force, and Torpedo Corps; £5864 for Naval Brigade; £20,638 for the Ordnance and Barrack department—£7188 of this being for salaries and contingencies; £8050 for the department of the Secretary for Public Works. The amount of money spent on the defences since 1st January, 1877, and paid from loans was £36,961 18s. The expenditure on the different batteries, from loans, had been as follows:—South Head battery, £7552; Port Jackson, £1009; Middle Head battery, £7831; George's Head battery, £9251; Bradley's Head battery, £832; Newcastle battery, £543.

IN the Legislative Assembly, yesterday evening, the further consideration of the bill to regulate and restrict Chinese immigration was resumed. Clauses 4 to 12 were passed with amendments, and at half-past 1 o'clock progress was reported.

THE Commission appointed by Mr. Farnell to inquire into the condition of the Lands and Survey Departments having been brought to an end, the attention of Parliament is to be invited to the subject. Mr. Greenwood intends to move on Tuesday, 18th March,—"1. That a select committee be appointed, with power to send for persons and papers, to inquire into the working and results of the land laws of the colony, and the administration of the Lands Department; and also to procure official information in regard to the land laws of other countries. 2. That such committee consist of Mr. Hoskins, Mr. Baker, Mr. Fitzpatrick, Mr. Farnell, Mr. Driver, Mr. Garrett, Mr. Hungerford, Mr. M'Elhone, Mr. Barbour, and the mover." Mr. Lucas has a motion with a similar object on the business paper for Tuesday, 8th April. It is, "1. That a select committee be appointed, with power to send for persons and papers, and leave to sit during any adjournment, to inquire into and report upon the management of the several branches of the Lands and Survey Departments. 2. Bhat such committee consist of Mr. Badgery, Mr. Baker, Mr. Barbour, Mr. Bawden, Mr. Bennett, Mr. Beyers, Dr. Bowker, Mr. Bowman, Mr. H. H. Brown, and the mover."

WE understand that the Railway Department, principally in deference to the desire of a large number of members of Parliament who live in the western suburbs, and who have frequently had the option of either not being able to record their votes upon important questions pending in the Legislature, or not being able to reach their homes at night, have determined to run an additional train from Sydney to Parramatta, leaving the Redfern terminus at a quarter before one o'clock a.m. This train will for the present only be run on the four days in the week upon which Parliament sits; and it is available to the general travelling public. Owing to the absence of omnibuses from the streets, persons who travel by the train which now leaves Redfern at a quarter before twelve, and who walk up to the terminus, have to leave Sydney by about eleven o'clock, while persons who desire to spend an evening with their friends at say Woollahra or Waverley would have to leave at an early hour to catch even the 11.45 p.m. train. The department have therefore been led to suppose that the train outwards at a quarter to 1 o'clock will be found to be a great convenience to a large number of persons; and that it will place residents in the railway suburbs in as good a position as the enterprise of the proprietors of the steam ferries now place those who live at Balmain or St. Leonards.

IT will be remembered that at a meeting of citizens at the Town Hall on the 5th instant, it was resolved as the Governor could not, on account of press of business, accept a farewell banquet at the hands of the citizens, to present his Excellency with a farewell address. This has now been finished on vellum by Mr. Fitzjohn Hall, and is a very artistic specimen of a penman's art. It comprises words strongly expressive of the regret of the citizens at the Governor's departure from amongst them, and these are surrounded by a border of foliage flowers, scrolls, and rustic wood work, all done in Indian ink. His Worship the Mayor will sign the address, and it will then be presented in due course.

THE special farewell performance tendered by Mr. Samuel Lazar, of the Theatre Royal, to his Excellency the Governor and the Hon. Lady Robinson, will take place this evening. The performance will consist of "The Rivals," and the second act of "Our Boys."

WE have been asked to mention that the Hon. Peter Lalor, the Victorian Commissioner of Customs, who is at present in Sydney endeavouring to arrange a Customs Union with Sir Henry Parkes, has removed from Petty's Hotel to the Reform Club, in Macquarie-street, where it is his desire that all communications should be addressed to him.

SOON after the opening of the Court in Banco, yesterday, his Honor the Chief Justice had to leave the bench and was too ill to return. The whole of the business not disposed of was accordingly postponed.

IT has been decided that concerts shall take place on the stands erected for the accommodation of persons invited to be present at the unveiling of the Captain Cook statue. The proceeds are to be appropriated to increasing the funds of the Goodenough Royal Naval House and the Sailors' Home; and as all the music on the occasion is to be of a high-class character, it is anticipated that they will be very large. At any rate, moonlight concerts are remarkably agreeable, and this one is sure to be especially interesting because of the excellent accommodation to be provided, and, secondly, because the committee have elected Mr. Samuel Lazar to give effect to the general arrangements.

THE Carandini concert, at the Masonic Hall, on Saturday, seems likely to be very successful, for a variety of reasons. In the first place, the Hon. Lady Robinson will be present, and this is the last occasion upon which many people will have an opportunity of seeing her ladyship before she leaves the colony. Then the concert itself will be given by a combination of talented ladies and gentlemen:—Madame Carandini, Miss Marie Carandini, Miss Melville, Miss Wangenheim, Miss Long, Mr. Andrew Fairfax, Mr. T. Rainford, Mr. Walter Sherwin, Signor Pompei, and finally Monsieur Michel, the Zittier soloist. Lastly, Madame Carandini's heavy loss by the wreck of the Ballina has determined her friends here (and they are many) to show their sympathy with her in a practical form. All these causes in combination should crowd the Masonic Hall for Saturday's concert.

THE intelligence from New Caledonia by the Wotonga, which arrived yesterday morning, is less interesting than was the news from the same quarter a few months ago. Chano, a native chief, has been taken, and forty other insurgent Kanakas have been slain. These included four of the assassins of the Mostini family and one of the gendarme murderers. Little resistance is now offered to the military forces; indeed the revolt is virtually extinguished. Colonists are collecting their scattered live stock, and returning to their former homesteads; roads are being constructed or repaired, and telegraphs extended throughout the colony. Not more than fifty rebels are known to be at large, and those are so thoroughly demoralized that they are not likely to show any fight when found. The French ship of war La Victorieuse is still in Noumea harbour, and the band enlivens the townspeople with promenade concerts two or three times a week. When the Wotonga left, La Victorieuse was about to proceed on a cruise round the islands for two months, and she would then return to Sydney. Great hopes are now cherished that the colony is entering on a season of prosperity.

SOME time ago a respectable shopkeeper at Double Bay exerted himself to suppress the evil, very prevalent there, of larrikinism, and as an almost natural consequence earned the enmity of a great many young men who are an affliction to that neighbourhood. On Tuesday a charge was trumped up against him, and this morning the case was heard, or rather called on, at the Water Police Summons Court. So manifest, however, was the trumpery nature of the accusation, and the malice of the complainants, that the case was struck out, without the defendant being so much as called upon to make a defence. This, the last of many instances of cunning larrikinism at Double Bay, shows how necessary it is that there should be in that locality increased police supervision.

THE inquest on the body of Sarah Maguire, the victim of the Prince-street tragedy, was commenced this week in the boardroom of the Sydney Infirmary, and after a mass of evidence had been taken was adjourned until Friday next. By the desire of the Coroner we refrain from publishing the evidence until the conclusion of the inquiry, as its publication would, in his opinion, interfere with the ends of justice.

MR. CHARLES BAILEFF, residing at Neutral Bay, North Shore, has had a good deal of trouble with snakes lately, those reptiles being unpleasantly numerous in his locality. Not long since he found one coiled round a music-stool in one of his rooms, and as snakes are known to be charmed by music it is probable that this one was attracted to the room by some operations on a piano. It was of course promptly dispatched. On Tuesday he discovered one under his verandah, and this he had some trouble in killing. Yesterday morning a snake, evidently the deceased snake's partner, appeared on the scene, and was attacked in a very plucky manner by some dogs. It was manipulated with a spade until Mr. Baileff got hold of its tail, swung the reptile round, and dashed its head against a rock. The two first were large, and this one measured five feet six inches in length. All were brown snakes, venomous, and known to naturalists as Diemenia superciliosa. Persons living in such a locality as Neutral Bay should keep a bright lookout for snakes just now. These reptiles at the present season are very spiteful, more than usually venomous, and not in a mood to move much out of a person's way. It would be well, therefore, for persons living in such places to provide themselves with ammonia, and take other precautionary measures against these dangerous creatures.

THE members of No. 3 Company Volunteer Rifles assembled on Tuesday evening at Mr. R. N. Miller's, Pitt-street, to express their regard for Captain Farrell, (who is terminating his connection with the corps) and pleasure at his new appointment under the new Volunteer system. Lieutenant F. A. Wright occupied the chair, with colour-sergeant M'Donnell in the vice-chair. On the right of the chairman sat the guest of the evening, Captain W. T. Farrell; on the left, Ensign H. Waller. The room was tastefully draped with an abundance of bunting. Justice having been done to the liquors and solids, the chairman proposed "The Queen." The chairman then rose and addressed to Captain Farrell a few appropriate remarks, in the course of which he said it was his pleasant duty to present to Captain Farrell, on behalf of the members of No. 3 Company, a large picture containing the photographs of the members, in cabinet size; also, field glass and illuminated address. Captain Farrell replied, expressing surprise at the kind feeling thus shown towards him, and assured the members of his company that nothing should efface the kind memories in connection with them as their Captain. Before the close of the meeting, Captain Farrell said it became him, as their superior officer, to refer to quartermaster-sergeant Winning, with whom he had been associated for many years. He felt sure that all present would endorse the many high opinions he held of that officer, and begged of his accepting a massive gold locket, with portrait, as a token of his esteem. Mr. Winning responded, and a happy evening was brought to a close by three cheers for the Queen.

THE Hunter's Hill and Gladesville Horticultural Society held their monthly meeting at Hunter's Hill on Monday evening, when there was a very fair attendance of visitors. The feature of the meeting was Mr. Owen's splendid display of begonias, ferns, and tree ferns, which were universally admired. Mr. Charles Manning had also a fine display of ferns and begonias, as well as some good dahlias and other cut flowers. Mrs. Garrick's collection of pot plants was also much admired. The other exhibits were: Mr. W. S. Campbell, large collection of cut flowers, including some fine roses, and several varieties of bouvardias, and a very curious petunia. Mr. H. C. D'Ardier showed some dahlias and other cut flowers; Mrs. Garrick, some good dahlias; Mr. Trebeck, dahlias and cut flowers; Miss Jeaneret, hand bouquet; Mrs. Patterson, also hand bouquets. A very pretty collection of button-hole bouquets was arranged by Miss Fitzgerald and Miss Jeaneret. Mrs. Dr. Little, of Gladesville, had some very good roses tastefully arranged. Mr. Fitzgerald brought a very curious cucumber. Mr. Durham had some good fruit (non-competitive); Mr. Adam some fine apples; and Mr. J. E. Manning a splendid collection of vegetables and fruit, including some immense pumpkins and varieties of new American potatoes. The prizes were awarded as follows:—Mr. C. Manning, for the best twelve dahlias; Mr. W. S. Campbell, for the best collection of fruit. Altogether a very pleasant evening was spent; but as contributors to the floral display do not come forward so freely as was anticipated it has been decided to hold the meetings every two months, instead of monthly, as heretofore.

THE inauguration of a new Masonic lodge, under the English Constitution, and styled the Victoria Lodge, formally took place at the Oddfellows' Hall, Ashfield, on Monday evening. There was a very large attendance, the hall being pretty well filled. The formal proceedings were conducted by the Provincial Grand Master, Brother J. Williams, J.P., who attended with his grand lodge officers. Brother W. Wilkins was duly installed as the first master, and Brothers J. Pope and F. E. Ewins as wardens. At the conclusion of the ceremony, a large number of the guests were entertained at Brother H. W. Webb's with an excellent supper. From the number of members already on the roll, this lodge promises to be a very large one, especially as there is no lodge in the suburbs beyond Newtown. The building of a hall at Ashfield is contemplated.

THE following is a return of tin ore received at Newcastle and Morpeth, for the week ending 1st March, 1879:—From Tamworth to Newcastle, 52 tons 1 cwt. 3 qrs.; Morpeth, 23 tons 6 cwt. 1 qr. 3 lbs.—75 tons 8 cwt. 0 qr. 3 lbs. The following is a return of copper ore received at Sydney Station for week ending March 1st, 1879:—Orange, 789 cakes, 38 tons 4 cwt. 2 qrs.; Brown's Siding, 2654 ingots, 17 tons 9 cwt.—Total, 55 tons 13 cwt. 2 qrs.

THE usual monthly meeting of the Associated Hairdressers of New South Wales was held at the Melbourne Club Hotel, on Tuesday night last, the vice-president, Mr. J. Serbutt, occupied the chair. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed. The hon. secretary, Mr. J. V. Brady, then submitted the balance-sheet of the society's third annual picnic held on the 4th instant, which showed the net cash received by sale of tickets £94 5s., and the expenditure amounted to £90 5s., leaving a cash balance to the credit of the society of £4. The committee also reported that during the past fortnight three more members of the trade, viz., in William-street, Elizabeth-street South, and Regent-street, Redfern, had been summoned by the police for Sunday trading; the defendants in each case were found guilty and fined accordingly.

THE usual weekly meeting of the Sacred Heart Total Abstinence Society was held on Tuesday evening. Judging by the numbers in attendance, the interest in the proceedings of this society is still maintained. The young men of the district are brought forward, fortunately for themselves they have it not in their power to relate their experiences of a drunken life, but by their singing and recitations they add materially to the entertainment of the evening. After a few speeches from some other gentlemen, the pledge was given to a large number, in the usual way, by Father Leonard.

A MAGIC-LANTERN and musical entertainment in aid of the Presbyterian Church Building Fund, was given at the Mechanics' Institute Hall, Botany, on Tuesday evening. The Rev. T. J. Curtis took the chair. Mr. Pacey exhibited with the lantern, and used the lime light, the effect being very fine. Mrs. Curtis presided at the piano. Mr. T. Spence, and Miss Spence assisted at the musical part of the entertainment. The hall was crowded.

THE New South Wales Coursing Club entries for the Ballarat Cup and Dockairn Stakes were received up to 4 p.m. yesterday afternoon, when a committee meeting was held, Mr. E. Lee presiding. The full number of entries for the Dockairn Stakes were applied for by the following members:—The Hon. E. K. Cox (3), Messrs. G. S. Lord, R. L. Tooth, E. Lee, J. Weir, and W. R. Hall (two each), G. Hulks, G. Matthews, J. Carpenter, W. A. Allerton, W. S. Suttor, C. C. Skarrett, W. E. Langley, J. C. Lowe, W. Lee, Junior; B. Hepburn, J. Wagner, W. Kite, E. Cousins, G. Lee, G. Denny, I. Croudace, G. A. Wray, W. Lamb, and P. Higgins. For the Cup, which was intended to be a 32-dog stake of £50 each, only ten entries were taken up, and of these only three are from Victoria—Mr. Wagner with two, Mr. Hepburn, who won last Waterloo Cup being the other. The New South Wales coursers who have paid their money are Messrs. W. Lee, jun., W. C. Greville, J. S. Smith, G. Hill, W. Kite, E. Lee, and P. Higgins. In accordance with the advertised terms of the programme, the committee decided that the stake should be run on a reduced scale of prizes, but that the club would give the same additional money as was first promised. The division fixed upon was—winner, £250; runner up, £140; one dog £100, and two dogs to save their stake. The antagonistic attitude of the Australian C. C. of Victoria, in holding a meeting at the same time as the Bathurst fixture, was unfavourably commented upon, the New South Wales C. C. having fixed its date before any other club, so that there might be no clashing.

A CONCERT of vocal and instrumental music was given in the Protestant Hall last night, to celebrate the 34th anniversary of the Loyal Orange Institution. The interior of the Hall was gaily decked for the occasion with numerous flags and banners, whose bright and varied colours greatly improved the appearance of the building, and gave a very pleasing effect to the eye. The audience was large and appreciative, and the programme was far from meagre, including several choice tit-bits in the shape of songs and musical selections. Almost every item was applauded to the echo; indeed, if the audience could have had their way, the concert would probably have been prolonged beyond the small hours of the morning, so frequent and determined were the demands for repetitions, which, for obvious reasons, had to be denied. The concert concluded at a late hour with "God save the Queen" by the band of the Protestant Alliance.

WE have been requested to draw the attention of the juvenile portion of our population to the Melbourne Juvenile Industrial Exhibition, to be opened about the end of October next. The Exhibition, which is very comprehensive, including literary productions, paintings, drawings, modelling, sculpture, all descriptions of needlework, machinery, collections of shells, ferns, &c., furniture, confectionery, &c., has been got up for the purpose of stimulating the energies and educating the minds of the youth of the colonies of both sexes, and, as such, deserves every support. We hope that the young people of Sydney will not be backward in showing their skill and enterprise, and that they will be fairly represented in every class.

MR. GEORGE JAMES SLY, of the Exchange, Sydney, Solicitor, has been appointed by his Honor the Chief Justice of New Zealand, a Commissioner of the Supreme Court of New Zealand for taking affidavits and the acknowledgments of married women.

THE INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

The first experiment of carrying on work at the Exhibition building by means of the electric light was made last night, the scene of operations being the basement level, where a number of men are employed fixing the heavy wooden posts and beams for the support of the main floor. The lights used were those which were experimented occasionally with by Mr. E. C. Cracknell from the roof of the General Post Office, and which were stationed on a shed erected at a height of about sixty or seventy feet at the northern end of the ground. These instruments have been so often described that any particular notice of them now is unnecessary. It may be mentioned that two engines—one of fourteen, and one of ten-horse power—are used to produce the electricity for igniting the carbon points in the holopholes or lanterns above. It can scarcely be said that the experiment was a success, for though the light was strong enough when burning brightly and steadily, yet its variations were frequent, and so much shadow was caused on the reverse side of every object that it is questionable whether, to use a common and, in this connection, an apt saying, the game is worth the candle. A better result might be obtained if the lights could be placed at either end, but there are difficulties in the way of doing this with the instruments employed, which, it should be remembered, are intended for defence purposes, and for throwing a concentrated ray upon a small area, such as a vessel or other object at a distance. The Lontin light, eight of which have been ordered from England, shed a different light, and are especially adapted for building purposes. The lights being visible outside the grounds, a crowd of people assembled near the Domain entrance to watch them, and remained for some hours.

SYDNEY ENTERPRISE and our MERCANTILE MARINE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—After reading the interesting account in Monday's *Herald* of the gathering at Messrs. Hudson, Brothers' works on Saturday, one might reasonably assume that in this free-trade community of ours no work of an important nature need be sent elsewhere, and thus I, as a staunch believer in being able to hold our own against all comers, would like some information regarding the announcement which appeared in the *Herald* a few days ago, to the effect that the steamer Kembla was about leaving for Melbourne to be furnished with "new boilers," and to receive a general overhaul.

Although this is a matter which in itself might not be considered of much moment, there is, perhaps, room for a little reflection in the fact that a steamer, owned, I believe, in N. S. Wales, and trading solely between Sydney and Newcastle, has been sent to Melbourne for extensive repairs from a port which I have always understood to be unsurpassed in all those appliances necessary for the proper performance of such work.

The answer, I fear, will not be difficult to forecast, as I doubt not we will be told that the work can be done cheaper in Melbourne than in Sydney. If that be so, others besides myself may well wonder from what causes such a condition of things arises, and I would ask if some remedy cannot be found to allow of money, capital in effect, earned in New South Wales by a local steam company, being spent in New South Wales.

Yours, &c.,
AN OUTSIDER.
March 11.

ROLLING STOCK.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—I read with pleasure your report of the banquet given by Messrs. Hudson, Brothers, at their establishment, with descriptions of machinery, &c., showing the great progress made in the production of all kinds of wood work.

I feel, as one of the oldest contractors, that I should be wanting in my duty if I did not add my humble tribute to the indomitable courage and great intelligence brought to bear on all labour-saving machines of this enterprising firm.

To show the great benefits they have conferred on the colony I cannot do better than refer to earlier times. In 1851 I undertook the first contract for constructing a portion of our railways; the difficulties we then had to contend with may be learned from the following illustration of the primitive way we had to carry out our works. The first earth-waggon was made by hand, and at considerable cost, to give it proper strength. The rails on which the waggon had to run were made of 4 inch by 4 inch sawn ironbark timber, laid on sleepers.

Mr. P. N. Russell cast the flange-wheels for the waggons at his foundry in George-street. These, I believe, were the first made in the colony, and they stood their work well.

Your obedient servant,
WM. WALLIS.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

[BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.]

OUR SPECIAL TELEGRAM.

(FROM OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENT.)

THE VICTORIAN CRISIS.

LONDON, MARCH 8.

The *Spectator*, in a moderate article, condemns Mr. Berry's proposal, and suggests an alternative for securing finality of legislation without abolishing the Legislative Council.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

THE MEDITERRANEAN SQUADRON.

CONSTANTINOPLE, MARCH 10.

The British ironclad squadron will return to Besika Bay in a few days.

EVACUATION OF ADRIANOPLE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, MARCH 10.

The city of Adrianople has at last been evacuated by Russian troops, and is now reoccupied by a Turkish garrison.

THE PLAGUE.

ST. PETERSBURG, MARCH 10.

Official statements announce the disappearance of the plague at Astrakan.

MELBOURNE INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITON.

LONDON, MARCH 10.

A large number of British manufacturers are applying for space at the Melbourne International Exhibition.

The Belgian, Dutch, and French Governments are preparing for representation.

LEGAL.

LONDON, MARCH 12.

The Judicial Committee of the Privy Council has dismissed the appeal—Borough of Bathurst v. M'Pherson—with costs.

THE SUEZ MAILS.

LONDON, MARCH 12.

The Suez mails, via Brindisi, were delivered on the 10th instant.

FOREIGN SHIPPING.

(PER THE MERCHANT SHIPPING AND UNDERWRITERS' ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.)

LONDON, MARCH 8.

ARRIVED.—Ben Voirlich, ship, from Melbourne November 17; Macduff, ship, from Melbourne December 1; Auriga, ship, from Melbourne, December 3; Lock Lomond, ship, from Melbourne December 3; Old Kensington, ship, from Melbourne, December 7; Loch Garry, ship, from Melbourne December 13; Thyatira, ship, from Melbourne December 14; Windermere, barque, from Sydney November 16; Hawkesbury, ship, from Sydney December 5; Thomas Stephens, ship, from Sydney December 7; Collingrove, ship, from Adelaide November 22; Gateside, ship, from Kingston November 20; Girvan, barque, from Brisbane November 7; Rakaia, ship, from Wellington December 10; Zealandia, ship, from Wellington December 12; Orari, ship, from Lyttelton November 26; Waitanga, ship, from Lyttelton December 19; William Davie, from Bluff Harbour December 7; Johan Cesar, barque, from Sydney October 19, via South Sea Islands; Thereso, barque, from Levuka October 14.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

NEWCASTLE.

WEDNESDAY.

The body of a female, dressed in black, with fair hair, was washed ashore this morning, at 4 o'clock, at Catherine Hill Bay. There were rings on one of the fingers. A hencoop containing dead fowls, a quantity of flour (Anchor brand), and spirits, were also washed ashore from the wreck of the Bonnie Dundee.

A man, evidently suffering from delirium tremens, entered Capper, Brothers', store this morning and purchased a revolver and some cartridges. When asked for payment, he loaded the revolver and declared he was Steve Hart. He attempted, and nearly succeeded, in shooting one of the assistants. He was eventually secured and lodged in the lock-up.

GLOUCESTER.

WEDNESDAY.

At the Mountain Maid, 120 tons yielded 711 ounces. Crushing continues; since Monday 1000 ounces of amalgam from the tables was taken.

The Hidden Treasure crushing yielded 2 ounces 14 dwts. to the ton. An alluvial rush to the Australian Agricultural Company's ground has set in with fair prospects, so far as gold is concerned, but there is no water.

GLEN INNES.

WEDNESDAY.

Mr. Edward Jones, the Coroner, held an inquest today upon the body of John Berger, a shepherd. A verdict was returned that deceased died from a gun-shot wound inflicted by himself whilst suffering from temporary insanity.

GRENFELL.

WEDNESDAY.

The Crown Lands sale to-day realized £2069, making since July a total of £31,935 for 25,549 acres, in addition to 18,608 acres taken up by conditional purchasers.

Fitch and party have struck a reef on the Young O'Brien, and the prospect is very good. Several parties are making fair wages. A mining population is greatly wanted.

The weather to-day was hot.

COOMA.

WEDNESDAY.

The greatest flood known here for the last 30 years visited Cooma yesterday, swamping all the houses in low situations and destroying a large amount of valuable property. After running great risk two women were saved from perilous positions in their houses. The streets and roads of Cooma are in a wretched state, and there is pressing necessity for a bridge.

COWRA.

WEDNESDAY.

A public meeting has been held to take steps for securing the services of a qualified medical man for the town and district. A bonus of £200 is guaranteed.

The weather is dry, and rain is much required.

MORUYA.

WEDNESDAY.

A fearful and fatal accident occurred on board the steamer John Penn on Monday. William May, second engineer, was shot dead while repairing a gun. Not knowing that it was loaded, he placed the nipple of the gun over the galley fire, and the charge exploded, wounding him mortally in the abdomen. At the inquest subsequently held before Mr. Keightley, a verdict of accidental death was returned. The body will be conveyed to Sydney.

QUEENSLAND.

BRISBANE, WEDNESDAY.

The case against the man Spriggs, who is charged with keeping a quantity of spirits on his unlicensed premises at Fortitude Valley, was partly investigated at the Police Court to-day, and adjourned until to-morrow morning. The evidence showed that defendant had all the appliances necessary for imitating Hennessy's, Martell's, and other leading brands of spirits, which he sold to several wholesale and retail dealers.

The Colonial Secretary has received a telegram from the Agent-General, stating that the last immigrant ship for Queensland under existing arrangements would leave Cork on the 24th April.

An influential meeting was held at Dalby last night, to consider the best means of affording relief to homestead and conditional selectors. Certain recommendations were adopted, and forwarded to the Minister for Lands.

At the criminal sittings of the Supreme Court today, Charlotte Ellis was sentenced to three years' penal servitude for the manslaughter of her child, whom she had taken from the Orphan School as a servant. The child afterwards died from the effects of a beating administered by the prisoner.

The Scottish Hero, immigrant ship, arrived to-day at Maryborough, 80 days out.

The Gympie escort leaves this morning with 8641 oz. of gold. Nearly 1000 oz. are held back.

SAILED: Katoomba (s.), for Sydney.

VICTORIA.

MELBOURNE, WEDNESDAY.

The Governor's levee was held this afternoon, and was largely attended. A number of addresses were presented to his Excellency at the conclusion of the levee.

At a meeting of the shareholders of the Australasian Coal Company, held to-night, it was resolved to wind-up the company and reconstruct it on a new basis. The services of the manager and all the employés at Newcastle are to be dispensed with.

The Civil Service and Local Government Bills, to be submitted to Parliament by the Government, are in a forward state of preparation.

An escaped Communist from New Caledonia, who only arrived from Brisbane and Sydney yesterday, has been arrested on a charge of larceny. The man, according to his own account, had taken a very active part in the atrocities during the Commune.

The steamer Aldinga was chartered for the prize fight.

An action of importance is being tried in the Supreme Court—Young and M'Guigan, contractors, against the Ballarat Water Commission, to recover £36,000 damages on a contract. The trial is likely to last for several days.

Sub-inspector O'Connor and his black trackers have left Benalla in search of the Kellys. Two Kelly sympathisers were arrested at Benalla yesterday, after a slight skirmish with the police.

His Excellency the Governor will attend West Bourke Agricultural Show at Lancefield on Thursday.

The Rodondo, a third new steamer for the Melbourne Steamship Company, left Holyhead on March 3 under steam for Melbourne.

William Scott, herdsman to the Moligul farmers' column, was found murdered in his hut yesterday evening. The deed must have been perpetrated on Monday, as Scott was not seen on Tuesday, and when several persons went to the hut, Scott was found shot and his skull battered in.

The body of the boy Watson, who has been missing for some time, was found in the Yarra to-day.

A fire occurred early this morning at Napier-street, Fitzroy. The premises, owned by a man named Falconer, and partly used as a boot factory, were considerably damaged. They are insured for £500 in the Australian Alliance Insurance Company.

Miss Augustus Dargon achieved another triumph last night in Tennyson's "Queen Mary."

Rose Hersee, prima donna of the Lyster's opera company, is a passenger on board the John Elder.

Good rain fell this evening, but the weather has again cleared and is very close.

SAILED: Ly-ee-Moon (s.), for Sydney.

QUEENSCLIFF, WEDNESDAY.

ARRIVED: Prince Victor, barque; and Olivia Davis, barque, from Newcastle.

SAILED: At 4 p.m., Ly-ee-Moon (s.), for Sydney.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

ADELAIDE, WEDNESDAY.

The Orient steamship John Elder, from Plymouth for Sydney, via Adelaide and Melbourne, passed Cape Borda this morning at 8.40, being 40 days out, and arrived here this evening.

THE VICTORIAN GOVERNMENT AND THE BANKS.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MELBOURNE, WEDNESDAY.

The Associated Banks in reply to the charge made by Mr. Patterson, that the *Argus* and the Associated banks were seeking to damage the credit of the colony, say that as the financial agents of the Government they hold a quasi public position and are therefore entitled to obtain a reply to the charge made. It was a reflection on their conduct, and may prove injurious to public interest confided to them. They are therefore bound by the highest considerations to protest against such a defamatory attack as that made on them by the Government. The Banks perhaps were as largely concerned as any public body in Victoria in maintaining the national credit, and on the part of themselves and their representatives in London, they protested against the injustice they had suffered. The Government had chosen to ask their assistance, and they were doing their best for the public interest; and without any justification whatever a Minister of the Crown accused them of unfaithful and dishonourable conduct, and the Government in refusing to disavow the charge had in effect adopted it. The Associated Banks had sought justice and it had been denied to them; and they could now only leave the case to the judgment of public opinion. A telegram has been received by the Associated Banks from Mr. Berry repudiating Mr. Patterson's statement.

A FIFTH JUDGE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—Will you permit me, an English solicitor, only recently arrived in Sydney, to offer a few remarks on the recent debate in the House on the appointment of a fifth Judge for the Supreme Court. In the course of the debate it is stated "that the Supreme Court cost was £20,000, while the fees were only £3000." How far these figures are correct, I know not; but this I have observed, that as compared with the fees in an English High Court of Justice under the New Judicature Act, and those in use under the old system, the Court fees taken here are ridiculously small, and, I think, wholly insufficient, having regard to the desirability of making justice as nearly as possible self-supporting. With us in England our Court fees in many cases not only cover all the expenses of that particular Court, but leave a handsome margin for the State, available for other judicial expenses.

This, I suppose, ought to be the ruling principle (viewed from the standpoint of political economy) on which the Law Courts should be established and maintained, viz., to make them, from suitors' fees, as self-supporting or as nearly so as practicable.

I could give instances in which, where in England fees of say £1 are exacted, only 5s. is taken here. For what we should pay 5s. you here pay 1s., and so forth. But I feel that yours is not the paper for such details to be gone into.

I believe, however, I am within the mark in saying that your Court fees are less than half, I should say almost a quarter, what ours in England are. Why there should be this difference I cannot see.

If the fees were revised and remodelled as in the English scale ample funds would be found for the appointment of the much needed additional Judges. The state of business in the Supreme Court seems to me to imperatively demand that one Judge should give his sole attention to Equity, Divorce, and Ecclesiastical cases. On the question whether that Judge should go circuit I have not had sufficient experience to form any opinion. Our English Equity Judges do not. I strongly suspect that a Judge here would have all his time occupied in this branch of the Court without going circuit, and he might take the urgent and pressing Common law business, as a sort of "vacation Judge," in Sydney whilst the other Judges were away.

In England we have always Judges who do not go circuit, but remain in London for town business for all the common law divisions. From the complaints raised in this debate as to the inconvenience caused by the absence of Judges during the circuits, I venture to think the same principle ought to be applied in these Courts.

I observe that the valuable time of the Chamber Judge is occupied by a quantity of summonses involving mere matters of routine and every day practice that our Judges are relieved from. These summonses are heard before a Master (the Prothonotary holds the analogous position here) with an appeal to a Judge. I believe a considerable reform in this direction might be usefully effected here.

Lastly, I hope I may state as the result of my observation that as compared with the work of an English Judge, I am satisfied that of the New South Wales Judge is by far the heaviest as matters now stand, and the latter are the hardest worked. I apprehend the time is at hand when the whole system of judicature of New South Wales must be revised and reformed as has recently been done in England.

Yours, &c.,
AN ENGLISH SOLICITOR.

THE death, in Paris, at the age of seventy-four, is announced of the Count de Cambacérès, brother of the duke of the same name, and nephew of the Arch-Chancellor of the First Empire. Also that of the Count de Montesuinin, from apoplexy, at his château of Garigne (Cher).

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1432503

SYDNEY IMPROVEMENT and BUILDING BILL.

The Select Committee of the Legislative Council to whom was referred, on the 6th February last the bill entitled—" An Act to make better provision for the construction of Buildings and for the safety and health of the inhabitants within the city of Sydney," have sent in the following report :—

" Of the urgent necessity that exists for legislation on this subject there can be no doubt. The various classes of persons examined before your committee—architects, builders, and landed proprietors—recognised the want, and cordially co-operated in endeavouring to assist your committee by their advice and experience ; and, as will be seen, there was no disposition to curtail in any essential particular any power which it was deemed necessary to bring into operation for the purpose of carrying out the objects of this measure.

" Your committee has had under its consideration the various Acts which regulate building in London, from the Metropolitan Building Act of 1855 (18 and 19 Vic. cap. 122) down to the 41st and 42nd Vic. c. 32 (the Metropolis Management Act Amendment Act) ; and, in the examination of the professional witnesses who have appeared before your committee, their attention has been drawn to the provisions of these measures, particularly in those respects in which the bill referred to your committee materially differs from the Imperial Acts. Your committee has also considered the provisions of the Melbourne Building Act (13 Vic. No. 39), and generally has endeavoured to obtain such information as would enable it to deal effectively with the very important matters referred for its report.

" Your committee has in the first place to point out that, by some mistake either in the original draft or in the passage of the bill through the other branch of the Legislature, there are a number of errors which will require correction in the first two clauses of the bill. Without entering upon them at length, it may be sufficient to point out that one of the Acts proposed by the bill to be repealed (9 Vic. No. 25) has no reference in any way to Building Acts, but relates to the Savings Bank, and that another of the Acts now repealed (3 Vic. No. 14), had been already repealed by 9 Vic. No. 5, and that some of the interpretation clauses are meaningless—several of them superfluous, and that, while some of the others have been taken from the Imperial Act, they have been altered without being improved.

" Your committee has ascertained that the objections which have been strongly urged against the adoption of this bill resolve themselves into four : that the powers proposed to be conferred by the measure upon certain officers of the Corporation are arbitrary and excessive—that the bill in its present condition could not be worked—that the penalties imposed for offences, in some respects of negligence only, are utterly disproportionate—and that, while builders, architects, and building owners are subjected to powers the exercise of which would, in the opinion of more than one witness, tend rather to arrest than promote the improvement of building in the metropolis, there is no provision whatever made for the protection of these persons against the improper use of these enormous powers. It would occupy too much of your attention to go into particulars in this report of the number of examples of this kind which are contained in the bill ; but to some of them the attention of your honorable House should be directed. In clause 5 of the bill, power is given to the City Council, with the approval of the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, to make and publish in the *Gazette*, by-laws for carrying out the intention and object of the Act, with the ordinary proviso, that copies of such by-laws shall forthwith be laid before both Houses of Parliament if then in session, or otherwise within one month after the commencement of the next ensuing session. It will be perceived that, beyond the publication in the *Gazette*, and the submission to Parliament, the public would have no knowledge of the existence of these by-laws, and have no opportunity of objecting to them, however deeply they might be affected by them. To illustrate the extreme precaution of the Imperial Legislature, in investing the Metropolitan Board of Works with authority to make by-laws to carry out the provisions of the latest Imperial Act (41 and 42 Vic., chap. 32), it may be not out of place to state that by section 16, Part II., of that measure, no by-law made under this section, nor any alteration, variation, or amendment therein, or repeal thereof, shall be confirmed by one of her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, until the expiration of two months after a copy of the by-law, together with notice of the intention to apply for confirmation of the same, has been published by the Board once at least in each of two consecutive weeks in two or more papers circulating in the metropolis, and copies of them and the notice have been delivered at the office of the Royal Institute of British Architects and of the Institution of Surveyors. Nor does the protection of the public stop here : for it is also provided that her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State may also require notices and copies to be served upon such other societies and persons as he may direct ; and any person affected by any such proposed by-law, or alteration, variation, amendment in or repeal of any by-law, may forward notice of his objection to such Secretary of State, who shall take the same into consideration. And in the Melbourne Act a power is actually conferred upon certain officials created by that statute, and called 'Official referees' (to whom a variety of matters of dispute are referred by the Act for settlement) to deal with all cases where the provisions of the Act, or the rules made under it, hinder the adoption of improvements and prejudice the interests of individuals. The witnesses examined before your committee were unanimous in the expression of their conviction of the absolute necessity of some simple and effectual form of appeal from the arbitrary authority of the officers of the Corporation, who will be specially charged with the function of carrying out the provisions of this measure. The serious apprehension entertained of a prejudicial exercise of almost unlimited authority would be, as your committee were given to understand, very much modified, if any fair opportunity could be afforded of easily and inexpensively appealing from the discretion, or caprice, as might be, of the officer of the City Council. On this subject, however, your committee will presently invite the attention of your honorable House in a more special way.

" The excessive severity of the penalties contained in this measure may be gathered from one or two illustrations. By clause 6, any person laying out land or disposing of it for building purposes, on which it is proposed to open any road or street, without first submitting full plans and particulars, and obtaining the approval of the City Council, is liable to two years' imprisonment. By Clause 21, the 'occupier' of any premises which may be deemed to be in a dangerous condition may be charged with all the expenses necessary for their repair, together with all fees of the surveyor ; and the 'occupier' is defined in one of the interpretation clauses to include any person employed as a day labourer upon any holding or premises. By section 7 any person using any dwelling-house fronting a lane of less width than 20 feet is exposed to the peril of having his dwelling-house, in which he may have resided for years, treated as a common nuisance. It is unnecessary to multiply examples ; and the illustrations given in no way unfairly indicate the spirit in which the bill has been framed.

" Your committee has been led to examine the bill with much care, in the hope that, by a well-considered modification of the measure, the evils necessarily attendant upon any postponement of legislation concerning such a vital question as this may be averted. With this view, the measure has been, after mature consideration by your committee, altered in many material particulars. Appended to this report will be found a statement of the alterations, amendments, and omissions, which, in the judgment of your committee, it will be necessary to make in order to bring the bill into agreement with the best examples of such legislation elsewhere.

" Your committee particularly invite the attention of your honorable House to the provisions for providing a practical, cheap, and immediate means of appeal from the decisions of the officer of the City Council, whose special duty is to exercise the necessarily large and comprehensive powers given by this bill to the City Surveyor. Of the necessity of this appellate jurisdiction there can be no difference of opinion, as indeed there was none among the witnesses before your committee. Much difficulty was experienced in determining the proper mode of constructing such a court, the powers which should be confided to it, and the persons by whom it should be composed. In London, as your committee has been informed, all questions in dispute between the offices of the Metropolitan Board of Works and the builders and architects are submitted for settlement, in the first place, to a body composed of a few of the leading architects of the metropolis. In Scotland all such matters are entertained and promptly decided by a tribunal called the Dean of Guild's Court, which, in the city of Edinburgh, in addition to the Dean of Guild, consists of a Council chosen annually. The powers of this tribunal are varied and extensive. No building can be either erected or taken down or materially altered without a warrant from this Court. Opposition to the issuing of the warrant may be offered either by a private party, or by the Procurator-fiscal of the Court itself, acting for the public interest. All matters connected with the efficient carrying out of the law in connection with buildings lie within the province of this Court. The Council is assisted by the law assessors of the magistrates of the city.

" In the opinion of some of the persons examined before your committee, it was deemed very desirable that such an Act as this should be administered by some body entirely independent of any of the city or suburban municipalities. It was suggested that, apart from the difficulty of securing by means of one or more municipal officers that constant supervision of the working of the Act which alone would make it instrumental for good, the members of the municipalities themselves were, in some cases, persons who were immediately interested by their occupations in the working of this Act—some of them being builders, large public contractors, and architects. The necessity of establishing some means of appeal from such authority became irresistible, when your committee found themselves unable to recommend the withdrawal from the municipalities of the powers of the Act. It happens unfortunately that for some time past no Society of Architects has been in existence in this city which could take the place, in such legislation as is projected here, of the Institute of British Architects of the mother country ; but it appeared to your committee that a Board such as that which is provided for in the bill, as now returned to your honorable House, would for immediate purposes be deemed sufficient. It will be seen that it is framed in accordance substantially with the recommendations of professional witnesses examined before your committee.

" The provision by which it was intended to secure the submission to the City Surveyor of plans and particulars of buildings about to be built appeared to your committee so vague, and so highly calculated to impede and embarrass rather than to facilitate and simplify the means of public improvement of the city, that your committee has almost entirely remodelled this important clause. If it was intended that the complete plans should be forwarded to the City Surveyor, it would involve the necessity, in the first place, of the preparation of duplicates. In some cases of the construction of extensive buildings, this would be of itself a costly item of expenditure. The clause contained no provision whatever that the plans should be returned ; and your committee were informed that no such provision as this exists in any Building Act in the world but that of Glasgow, where it is said two or three thousand sets of plans are burned annually, because no room can be found for them. But the requirement is entirely superfluous. All that the City Surveyor requires to know is what, by the clause as your committee has altered it, he will be entitled to learn from the architect or builder.

" Your committee has been convinced, from the evidence brought before it that the principle of the schedule providing for the conditions for determining the rates to which buildings should be deemed to belong was an erroneous one. It was a departure from that which governs the administration of the English Act, and was in the judgment of the professional witnesses examined before your committee an absurdity. With the assistance of the professional gentlemen who appeared before your committee the schedule has been reconstructed.

" The attention of you committee has been particularly directed to the necessity of making some provision in this measure for the efficient performance of all works in connection with the drainage of buildings ; and, as will be seen on reference to the evidence given before your committee, a proposal to have this important work performed only by thoroughly qualified persons was highly approved of by several witnesses, who have been for considerable periods practically engaged in building. In order to effect so desirable an object your committee has thought it expedient to embody in the bill a provision preventing the employment of any persons in the construction of such works, other than those licensed by the city Council.

" It has been already pointed out in this report that the establishment of an appellate body, similar in principle to those created in London and Edinburgh, for the correction of any erroneous decision on the part of the municipal officer, is essential to the successful working of this comprehensive measure. But it has been felt that cases will occasionally arise, whatever the care exercised in the framing of by-laws under this Act, in which their literal enforcement would not only be oppressive, but might actually, in some particular instance, be mischievous. To meet such cases, the power exists under the Melbourne Act, as in England under the 'Metropolis Building Act Amendment Act of 1878,' section 16, of modifying any such law. Your committee has embodied accordingly in this bill a provision to that effect.

" In those matters to which the attention of your honorable House has been invited, and in many others, as will be seen by the bill as now returned, your committee has endeavoured to frame a measure, which, while it will in no material way interfere with the powers of the City Council, will, it is to be hoped, protect the interests of all persons affected by such a measure, and contribute, as far as legislation can assist in the attainment of such an object, to the improvement of the city of Sydney, and of any other municipalities to which when the bill becomes law, it may be extended.

" Your committee now begs to lay before your honorable House the bill with amendments.

" WILLIAM BEDE DALLEY, Chairman.

" Legislative Council Chambers, March 12, 1879."

Stations	W'th'r	Max	Min	Rain
Tenterfield	b	79	47	0
Grafton ..	u	84	62	0·37
Inverell ..	b	82	57	0·08
Bourke ..	b	96	70	0
Narrabri ..	b	94	64	0
Armidale ..	o	75	40	0
Gunnedah	b	97	59	0
Tamworth	..	..	..	..
P. Macqrie	u	79	63	0
Murr'undi	b	81	56	0
Cassilis ..	u	89	59	0
Mus'brook	u	93	55	0
Dubbo ..	b	84	65	0
Mudgee ..	b	91	64	0
Maitland..	b	92	66	0
Newcastle	b	80	64	0
Orange ..	b	82	44	0
Bathurst..	o	86	51	0
Mt Victoria	b	75	54	0
Forbes ..	b	86	69	0
Blacktown	b	84	58	0
SYDNEY ..	b	76	65	0
Wentw'th.	b	100	64	0
Young ..	b	83	57	0
Woll'gong	b	77	63	0
Moss Vale	b	77	57	0
Euston ..	b	108	64	0
Goulburn..	b	80	55	0
Wagga ..	b	89	66	0
Cape Geo.	b	82	..	0
Queanb'an	b	90	56	0
Deniliquin	b	96	64	0
Albury ..	b	95	56	0
Bodalla ..	b	83	52	0
Cooma ..	u	86	54	1·12
Eden	b	76	58	0
Gabo Isld.	b	70	60	0



BOROUGH COUNCIL.

REDFERN.—The usual fortnightly meeting of this Council was held in the Chambers, Pitt-street, on Friday, 28th ultimo. Present—The Mayor, Aldermen Farr, Young, Williamson, O'Connell, M'Lachlan, and Andrew. The chairman of the Finance Committee brought up a report, recommending payment of accounts amounting to £413 12s. 2d., which, on the motion of Aldermen O'Connell and Andrew, was adopted, and payment duly authorised. A report of the Improvement Committee, dated 20th ultimo, was submitted, and, on the motion of Alderman Farr and Young, adopted. Correspondence was read—1st, from Mr. George Smith, asking permission to place a watering trough over the gutter opposite his public-house in Abercrombie-street. Moved by Aldermen Williamson and Andrew that permission be granted on condition that the trough be placed under the direction of the Council's overseer of works. Carried. 2. From Mr. Thomas Buckland, in reply to a letter of this Council, asking grant of land for the purpose of extending Walker and Morehead streets to Cleveland-street. This reply being unsatisfactory, it was moved by Alderman O'Connell that a copy of same, and also of that sent to Mr. Buckland, be enclosed to the Minister for Mines, and requesting that gentleman to proclaim and dedicate the streets referred to for the use of the public ; seconded by Alderman Young and carried. 3 and 4. From Mr. John Walton and Mr. James T. Ryan, offering to supply blue metal on certain terms. Received, and consideration thereof deferred for a fortnight. 5. From Mr. James Ball, requesting permission to place a step on part of the footway at the door of his new house on east side of Regent-street South. Moved by Aldermen Williamson and Andrew—" That this be referred to the Improvement Committee." Carried. 6. From Mr. James M'Giffick, requesting permission to place steps at doors of his houses in George-street, west side, near to Redfern-street. Moved by Aldermen M'Lachlan and Farr,—" That this matter be also referred to the Improvement Committee." Carried. 7. From T. S. Parrett, surveyor, offering his professional services. Moved by Aldermen Williamson and Andrew,—" That this letter be received and the matter left in the hands of the Mayor to avail of his services if he considers it advisable." Carried. 8. A petition from ratepayers and residents of Regent-street was presented, praying for the improvement of the footway on the east side of Regent-street, between Cleveland and Redfern streets. The Council had anticipated this matter, having commenced improvement by forming tar-paving of the footway in question. 9. Alderman Williamson presented and read what was termed a petition against watering Regent-street between Cleveland and Redfern streets, and moved that the same be received and taken into consideration this day fortnight. Seconded by Alderman M'Lachlan. Amendment by the Mayor, " That this document not being a petition, but a protest, and couched in language discourteous to the Council, the same be remitted to the signers for correction." Seconded by Alderman Andrew. On putting the question, the amendment was carried. Pursuant to notice, Alderman Andrew moved, " That the wages of John M'Namara, overseer of works, be increased by 5s. per week ; and James Garvey, Michael Vaughan, and Richard Delany, labourers, be increased sixpence per day from the 3rd March." Seconded by Alderman Young, and carried. The monthly reports of the inspector, the contractor for cleaning street channels, and librarian were submitted. It was moved by Alderman Williamson that the same be received, and that the librarian's report be taken specially into consideration by the Library Committee at their next meeting. Seconded by Alderman Farr and carried. The half-yearly statement of revenue and expenditure to the 3rd instant, duly audited, was submitted and examined, when it was moved by Alderman Williamson that the same be adopted and published in the *S. M. Herald* and *Government Gazette*. Seconded by Alderman Andrew, and carried. Moved by Aldermen Williamson and Andrew, " That the Council do now resolve themselves into Committee of the Whole for the purpose of opening and considering various tenders. Carried. The Council went into committee accordingly, and adopted tenders as follows :—1. For removing dust and house rubbish. Moved by Alderman Farr,—" That Henry M'Evoy's tender be accepted." Seconded by Alderman O'Connell and carried. 2. For cleaning street channels. Moved by Alderman Farr,—" That Messrs. White and Son's be accepted." Seconded by Alderman M'Lachlan, and carried. 3. Kerbing and guttering at per yard. Moved by Alderman Farr,—" That John Harden's be accepted." Seconded by Alderman Andrew, and carried. 4. For supplying ballast and gravel. Moved by Alderman Farr,—" That Peter Roughley's be accepted." Seconded by Alderman Young, and carried. 5. Cartage. There being no eligible tender it was resolved on the motion of Alderman Farr, seconded by Alderman Andrew,—" That fresh tenders be invited." 6. For emptying cesspits. Moved by Alderman Farr—" That William Mileys' be accepted." Seconded by Alderman Young, and carried. 7. Printing. Moved by Alderman Farr—" That Mr. S. Glassop's be accepted." Seconded by Alderman Williamson, and carried. The Council then resumed, and on the motion of Aldermen Farr and Williamson, adopted the resolutions of committee. The meeting then terminated.—W. S. WARDROP, Council-clerk.

MELBOURNE LIVE STOCK MARKET.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

MELBOURNE, WEDNESDAY.

Messrs. J. C. Walker and Company report :—1500 cattle yarded, and the market is much brisker, but there is not much improvement in prices. Best bullocks brought £9. We sold a draft of Gippsland bullocks at £6 17s 6d, and cows at £4 16s. 1200 sheep penned, and prices are a shade better. Best crossbred wethers 13s, and merinos 10s. We sold 100 crossbreds at 10s, and also 300 at 9s 6d; also, 1000 merinos at 8s 6d. We also sold 140 lambs at 8s 6d.

Messrs. R. Gibson and Company report :—1500 cattle forward, and best descriptions have advanced 10s per head, best beef fetching 20s to 22s per 100 lbs. We sold 500. 12,000 sheep penned, and prices are slightly better, the best wethers forward making 10s. We sold 2800.

Messrs. King and Cunningham report :—1500 cattle yarded, and the market closed firmer. Best brought £9 10s. We sold 150 Victorian. 12,900 sheep penned, and prices are unaltered. Best merinos brought 11s. We sold 3800.

Messrs. Dalmahoy Campbell and Co. report :—1500 cattle yarded, and the best pens had a ready sale at a slight advance. 12,000 sheep were penned, and all the good and prime lots sold readily at fully late rates.

Messrs. Powers, Rutherford, and Co. report :—1500 cattle yarded, which realized about the same as last week. We sold 100 bullocks from near town. 12,000 sheep penned, and prices for prime are a shilling dearer ; others are unaltered. We sold 6000 stores outside, and other smaller lots.

Amusements.

BATHURST COURSING MEETING.
A FANCY DRESS BALL
will be held at the
SCHOOL OF ARTS HALL, BATHURST,
on
WEDNESDAY EVENING,
14th MAY next.

COMMITTEE.

Alexander, J. L. / Basset, W. F. / Butler, Wm. / Bean, E. / Clements, J. F. / Cox, Honorable E. K. / Cousins, R. Y. / Curtis, W. R. / Forrest, Mowbray / Gilmour, J. N. / Greville, W. C. / Gregory, C. / Hall, W. R. / Higgins, Patrick / Hellyer, T. H. / Heydon, L. F. / Johnson, Whittingale / Kennedy, A. H. / Kite, William / Lee, George / Lee, Thomas / Lee, John / Lee, William, jun. / Lee, Benjamin, jun., P.M. / Lee, Edward / Lydiard, C. J. P. / Lord, G. L. / Monro, F. / Macpherson, E. F. / Mackenzie, K. / MacPhillamy, Charles / MacPhillamy, John / M'Intosh, J. N. / M'Phillamy, J., jun. / M'Phillamy, C. R. / M'Intosh, J., jun. / M'Carty, T. J. / M'Dougal, G. H. / Oakes, W. H. / Oakes, Frederick / Price, Henry / Pechey, A. J. / Palmer, John / Pinnock George / Reid, G. H. / Rotton, Henry / Rutherford, James / Smith, Joseph / Spencer, Walter / Suttor, Hon. W. H. / Suttor, Hon. F. B. / Sharpe, J. G. M. / Suttor, E. B. / Suttor, H. C. / Suttor, Walter / Skarratt, Charles / Thompson, A. G. / Tress, H. J. / Tindale, C. R. C. / West, Alexander W. / Want, Frederick / Wray, G. A.

TICKETS :
Gentleman's ... ... £1 1 0 each
Ladies' £0 15 0
to be had from the Hon. Secretaries ; also from Messrs. Henry Butterworth, J. R. Jones, George Denny, and the Librarian of the School of Arts.
The Bathurst BAND will attend.
W. C. GREVILLE } Hon.
JOHN MacPHILLAMY, Jun. } Secs.

VICTORIA CRICKET CLUB.—Annual EXCURSION to Fern Bay, on SATURDAY next, the 15th March. Young Australian Band engaged. Steamers leave Circular Quay at 1.45 and 2.45. J. RIGG, Hon. Sec.

LYMERSTON C. C. disengaged 15th March and 12th April, own ground. F. HELLYAR, 71, Pitt-street.

OUR BOYS' C. C. DISENGAGED SATURDAY next. Botany ground engaged. W. Moyes, 338, George-st.

ARNOLD'S QUADRILLE ASSEMBLY, FRIDAY EVENING, Oddfellows' Hall, Elizabeth-street. Dancing commences 8 o'clock.

WHOLESALE COACH and SADDLERS', IRONMONGERS' and COACHBUILDERS' Annual REUNION. Recreation Grounds, Lane Cove Road, next SATURDAY. 'Buses leave Milson's Point at 1, 2, and 3 p.m. Return, 1s 6d.
W. VIAL, } Joint
A. R. GREGORY, } Hon. Secs.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—EXCURSION to MIDDLE HARBOUR on SATURDAY AFTERNOON next, March 15. Steamer Quandong will leave Circular Quay at 2.15 p.m. Tickets, 1s. David Walker, gen. sec.

BOTANY. BOTANY. BOTANY.
SATURDAY, March 15.
SIR JOSEPH BANKS PAVILION.
Continued success of the most fashionable Amusements of the Day.
DANCING
SKATING.
YOUNG AUSTRALIAN BAND.
This celebrated Band has been specially engaged for the Pavilion.
Dancing under the superintendence of Mr. WILLIAM KING.
Skating under the direction of Mr. ALFRED WYBURD, Champion Skater.
Skates on Hire.
'Buses from Wynyard-square every few minutes.
Admission 1s.
ALFRED WYBURD, Manager.

GUILD HALL.
THE CALEDONIAN AMATEUR DRAMATIC SOCIETY will give their GRAND DRAMATIC ENTERTAINMENT THIS EVENING, in the above Hall, in aid of the Funds of the Popular IMPERIAL BAND. Charles Phillips's excellent comedy, in 3 acts, entitled,
A BIRD IN HAND,
which will be followed by a
Selection, "MARTHA" .... IMPERIAL BAND.
To conclude with the side-splitting Farce of THE GOOD FOR NOTHING.
Front seats, 2s ; back seats and gallery, 1s.
Doors open at 7.30 p.m., performance to commence at 8 o'clock.
D. A. S. WATSON, Hon. Secretary.

OPEN UNTIL SIX O'CLOCK, THIS DAY, THURSDAY,
THE ROYAL FURNISHING ARCADE.
The GREAT EXHIBITION of Furnishing Merchandise still continues, and the BONUSES and DOUBLE BONUSES are still on issue. W. B. CAMPBELL.

A TRIP ROUND THE HARBOUR, and landing on ONE OF THE CHOICE SPOTS.
An EXCURSION will take place on SATURDAY, 15th March, in connection with the Rev. C. OLDEN'S Glebe Bible Class. Steamer leaves old Half-penny Bridge, Pyrmont Bridge Road, at 1 p.m.; Circular Quay, 2 p.m. Tickets—Adults, 1s ; children, 6d, may be had of any of the teachers. T. S. DONALD.

LAST MONTH for BONUS and DOUBLE BONUS Tickets—March, 1879. Royal Furnishing Arcade. W. B. C.

LIVERPOOL RACES,
MONDAY, 17th MARCH.
Judge—Hon. J. LACKEY.
President—N. G. BULL, Esq., J.P.
On the MARYVALE RACECOURSE.
Large entries, cheap trains, every convenience for visitors. Conveyances will run to the course one mile from station.
Band on the ground. Liquors at town prices.
ARTHUR LENON, Hon. Secretary.

LIVERPOOL RACES MONDAY next, St. PATRICK'S DAY.

COOK STATUE CONCERTS. — TENORS and BASSOS willing to assist, please communicate at once with J. C. FISHER. Address care of Mr. S. LAZAR, Theatre Royal.

GAS COOKING.—Raleigh's patent gas stove " Victory" in operation THIS AFTERNOON. Roasting and boiling in six vessels, with one burner only. RALEIGH, Inventor and Patentee, 523, George-street, Brickfield-hill.

TICKETS and PROSPECTUSES for BALLARAT ART UNION can be obtained at NICHOLSON and ASCHERBERG'S, 317, George-street, Sydney.

BALLARAT ART UNION.—Tickets and prospectuses at NICHOLSON and ASCHERBERG'S, 317, George-street, Sydney.

Produce, Provisions, &c.

HAMS and BACON.—Prime New Zealand HAMS and BACON for SALE by T. and W. WILLIS, 48, Pitt-street.

FLOUR.—Superfine NEW ZEALAND FLOUR for SALE by T. and W. WILLIS, 48, Pitt-street.

HOPS.—Prime TASMANIAN and KENT for SALE by T. and W. WILLIS, 48, Pitt-street.

MALT.—Prime ENGLISH MALT for SALE by T. and W. WILLIS, 48, Pitt-street.

ON SALE, prime Butter, Bacon, Cheese, and Colonial Produce. GARRARD and BOOTH, Market and Sussex sts.

REDGATE'S PATENT MEAL.—Recommended by the highest medical authorities. Sold by all grocers.

BAKERS' best FLOUR sold at NATIONAL STEAM FLOUR MILLS, Goulburn-street, at £11 per ton of 2000 lbs., bags included, made from best Adelaide wheat. Quality guaranteed. C. KIDMAN, Proprietor.

Machinery.

FOR SALE, bargain, good TURNING-LATHE ; slide rest, back motion. 73, George-street West.

TO MELTERS, PRESERVERS, and others.—Copper COIL and PAN, in steam jacket ; large Steam Boiler, holding two tons ; also smaller Pan, for SALE or to let. Late Everett's Store, Harris-street, Ultimo.

A VERTICAL BOILER and ENGINE, 7-in. cylinder, complete, working order ; also, a VERTICAL DRILLING and SLOTTING MACHINE for SALE, cheap, to close accounts. THOMAS B. WALKER, Exchange-corner, Bridge-street.

ON SALE, Vertical ENGINES and Machine Tools of every description. JAS. MACGREGOR, 320, George-street.

GENTLEMAN AMATEURS.—Eureka Scroll Saw and LATHES, now arrived, price £5 10s. S. HEBBLEWHITE.

Miscellaneous.

LAST MONTH for BONUS and DOUBLE BONUS Tickets—March, 1879. Royal Furnishing Arcade. W. B. C.

A LARGE Shop Window, with shutters, for SALE, nearly new. Mr. Downy, Ann and Macquarie streets.

FOR SALE, young Newfoundland ; good watch and water dog, cheap. Apply 48, Glebe Road.

COCOANUT OIL.—Wanted to purchase. Apply A. LEVERRIER, 25, Macquarie-place.

CANARIES for SALE, fine assortment. Apply 677, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

PIANOFORTE, consigned Mr. Read, Carpet W. House opposite G. P. O., finest touch, unequalled in Sydney, half cost.

Stock, Shares, and Money.

LONDON LOAN AND DISCOUNT BANK
125, ELIZABETH-STREET SOUTH, next St. James's School.
First established in Sydney.
MONEY advanced in sums from £5 to £1000 on two responsible securities. Arrangements can be made for WEEKLY, MONTHLY, or QUARTERLY payments.
BILLS OF SALE on Furniture, without possession.
Advances made upon mortgage, deposit of deeds, merchandise, bonded certificates, trade bills, &c.
Forms may be had gratis.

THE UNITED BANKING COMPANY
corner of KING and YORK STREETS.
MONEY advanced on moderate rate of interest, in sums of £5 and upwards, repayable by easy instalments on
PERSONAL SECURITY
BILL OF SALE on FURNITURE, WITHOUT POSSESSION
DEEDS OF FREEHOLD OR LEASEHOLD PROPERTY
BONDED CERTIFICATES, MERCHANDISE
STOCKS, SHARES, REVERSIONARY INTEREST, &c., &c.
BILLS DISCOUNTED DAILY.
NO INQUIRY OR VALUATION FEES.

TWO THOUSAND POUNDS to LEND on Mortgage, City or Suburban property. L. P. BAIN, Sharebroker, 26, Exchange-buildings, Pitt-street.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY.—
COLONIAL MORTGAGE, LOAN, AND DISCOUNT BANKING COMPANY'S OFFICES,
220, Market and Castlereagh streets
The operations of this Company embrace the following branches :—
1. Promissory notes, acceptances, bills of exchange discounted daily.
2. Mortgages effected on city, suburban, and country properties.
3. Money advanced on deposit of deeds, with or without transfer, and on leaseholds, shares and scrip of public companies ; bills of sale, bonded certificates, merchandise ; also on good personal security, payable by weekly, monthly, or quarterly instalments.
4. Reversionary interests, annuities, and life interests in estates purchased, or advances made thereon as required.
All communications, private, confidential, or otherwise, addressed to the undersigned, will have strict and prompt attention.
D. BARNETT, General Manager.

MONEY for INVESTMENT on good mortgage securities. Mr. SALTER, Solicitor, Hunter and Bligh-sts.

LAST MONTH for BONUS and DOUBLE BONUS Tickets—March, 1879. Royal Furnishing Arcade. W. B. C.

UNION LOAN AND DISCOUNT COMPANY
OFFICES : 794, GEORGE-STREET (first floor), eight doors from Christ Church.
Hours—9 to 5, and 7 to 9 every evening.
MONEY ADVANCED upon PERSONAL and other security.
Repayable by instalments as follows :—

£10 by weekly instalments of	...	£0 6 0
15	...	0 7 6
20	...	0 10 6
25	...	0 12 7
30	...	1 0 0
50	...	1 5 0

And a due proportion up to £100.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
To Borrowers not able to transact business during the day, these offices will be open from 7 to 9 p.m.
794, GEORGE-STREET, first floor, (8 doors from Christ Church).

SIX AND SEVEN PER CENT. DEBENTURES.
For SALE, by the undersigned, DEBENTURES of our Corporations and Local Companies, having currency from 3 to 9 years.
J. MULLENS, Stock and Share Broker,
Sydney, March 7, 1879. 34, Hunter-street.

TO LEND, SIX HUNDRED POUNDS, on good security (long leasehold). Apply B. A. X., HERALD Office.

TO LEND, on mortgage, £3000, from £100, at current rates. FORBES and CO., 410, George-street.

TWELVE PER CENT. PER ANNUM FOR PAST 3 years is the rate paid to Investing and Paid-up Shareholders in the Sydney Permanent Freehold Land and Building Society, and over £10,000 balance of profit carried forward. This Society affords a medium for safe investment, yielding high returns.
Prospectuses and all information on application.
Trustees—Hon. J. F. Burns, Alderman Jas. Green, Alderman G. Withers.
Office, Temperance Hall.
J. W. WATKIN, Manager.

MONEY RECEIVED ON FIXED DEPOSIT, OR at call, by above Society ; highest interest allowed. J. W. WATKIN, Manager.

TO LEND, £5 to £500, personal security, repayable by instalments. J. G. READ, 494, George-street.

Books, Publications, &c.

BUSINESS conducted as usual during Alterations of Stationers' Hall. C. E. FULLER, Proprietor.

THE RELIGIOUS BOOK AND TRACT DEPOT.—FULLER'S, 387 and 389, George-street (rear department). Large Stock, every variety, low prices, cash terms. Special privileges to schools.

MUSIC. MUSIC. MUSIC.
THE GREAT SALE at NICHOLSON and ASCHERBERG'S WILL SHORTLY CLOSE.
TAKE NOTICE, all the NEWEST MUSIC all the NEWEST MUSIC, at
One-third the Marked Price
One-third the Marked Price
One-third the Marked Price, or if 20s worth are taken, at
One-fourth the Marked Price
One-fourth the Marked Price
One-fourth the Marked Price.
NICHOLSON and ASCHERBERG, 317 and 336, George-street.

TO PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS, PRINTSELLERS, COLLECTORS, and others.—OLD SHAKSPEREAN ENGRAVINGS.—For SALE, a collection of about one hundred of the original Boydell Gallery series of Shaksperean Engravings (size of plates about 24 x 17 inches), after paintings (in the National Gallery, &c.), by Sir Joshua Reynolds, B. West, P.R.A., Opie, Fuseli, Romney, Hamilton, Smirke, Wheatley, &c., &c.—the whole in excellent preservation, and presenting the rarest pictorial illustration extant of the works of our immortal dramatist. Would be educationally valuable to furnish the walls of a public reading room or museum, or in portfolios would be an acquisition to the library. Price, £40. Address V. L., care of Gordon and Gotch, Sydney.

CITY STATIONERY WAREHOUSE, 383, George-street. This Establishment will be CLOSED THIS DAY, in consequence of the Booksellers' and Stationers' Annual Picnic. WILLIAM MADDOCK.

MADDOCK'S SELECT LIBRARY, 383, George-street. The Library will be CLOSED THIS DAY, in consequence of the Booksellers' and Stationers' Annual Picnic.

WILLIAM BULLARD, late JAMES READING, Music, Chart, and Book Seller, 356, George-street, will be CLOSED THIS DAY, on account of the BOOKSELLERS' PICNIC. Will open to-morrow as usual.

BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS' ANNUAL PICNIC, THIS DAY, March 13.
'Buses leave the Town Hall at half-past 10 a.m.

BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS' PICNIC.
The Establishments of the BOOKSELLERS and STATIONERS will be CLOSED, THIS DAY, in consequence of the above.

ARTISTS' and Gilders' Materials. Paints, Oils, Paperhangings, Window Glass. W. AYTON, 481, George-st.

LENTEN EXERCISES, by Archbishop Vaughan ; Holy Week Books, Meditations on the Passion, and other Devotional Books suitable for Lent. EDWARD F. FLANAGAN, Importer of Catholic Books, &c., 504, George-street.

PHOTOGRAPHS of SYDNEY, unequalled for variety, quality, and cheapness. CLARKE, 67, Pitt-street.

Medical, Chemicals, &c.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE.—Only reliable Remedy for Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Nervousness, Female Complaints, Nervous Debility and Functional derangements. Recommended by the faculty. Refuse useless substitutes. Sold by all Chemists.

KRUSE'S INSECTICIDE will cleanse houses' furniture, beds from all insect pests. Sold everywhere.

KEATING'S INSECT POWDER.—BUGS, FLEAS, MOTHS, BEETLES, and all other insects are destroyed by KEATING'S INSECT DESTROYING POWDER, which is quite harmless to domestic animals. In exterminating beetles the success of this powder is extraordinary, and no one need be troubled by those pests. It is perfectly clean in application. Ask for, and take no other than " KEATING'S POWDER," as imitations are noxious, and fail in giving satisfaction. Sold by all Chemists, in tins, 1s and 2s 6d each.

JOSEPHSON'S AUSTRALIAN OINTMENT may be had of all chemists and storekeepers. Pots, 1s and 1s 6d each.

ONE BOX of CLARKE'S B. 41 PILLS is warranted to cure all ailments of the urinary organs in either sex (acquired or constitutional) gravel and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors. F. J. CLARKE, Sole Proprietor, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, England.

KIRBY and CO.'S Compound PHOSPHOROUS PILLS restore Nerve Power, cure Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Melancholia, Epilepsy, and Nervous Exhaustion, induced by overwork, worry, and other depressing influences. May be obtained in original bottles, 3s, 5s, and 10s each, of Messrs. Elliott, Brothers, Sydney ; H. and T. Kirby and Co., London.

CHURCHILL'S SIRUPS OF LIME, IRON, AND SODA.—Recommended by the faculty for consumption and all diseases of debility. Free from any unpleasant taste or smell. ELLIOTT, BROTHERS, Wholesale Agents, Pitt-street.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Worthy of Special Notice.—These Pills excel every other medicine in regulating the digestion, acting healthily on the liver and bowels, invigorating the nervous system, and strengthening the body. They cause neither pain nor any other inconvenience. Sold at 533, Oxford-street, W. C., London, and all druggists.

J. S. ABRAHAM'S PILLS (Dandelion), the great Liver Remedy ; warranted not to contain a single particle of mercury, or any other mineral substance. Culled solely from dame Nature's garden. Beware of imitations. 446, George-street.

EVERY MOTHER SHOULD USE IT.—STEWARD'S INFANTS' SOOTHING MIXTURE, for children teething, never fails to give instant relief. J. WATSON, Chemist, Sydney, Sole Agent.

NOTICE.—Persons who suffer with Toothache will find Dr. EMANUEL and SON'S INSTANTANEOUS RELIEF, the effectual remedy, 2s 6d per bottle. 174, Pitt-street, opposite Punch's. One place of business.

DOWNES'S SALICYLIC LOZENGES, speedy cure for coughs, sore throat, hoarseness, &c. 333, Pitt-street.

DOWNES'S Iron and Quinine TONIC, for weakness, neuralgia, and loss of appetite. 333, Pitt-street.

PATENT MEDICINE AND PERFUMERY DEPOT.
EVERY ARTICLE GUARANTEED GENUINE.
PILLS, ENGLISH.—Cockle's, 1s and 2s 9d ; Eno's vegetable, 1s ; Dr. King's dandelion and quinine, 1s ; Hunt's family, 1s ; Powell's mild aperient, 1s ; Dr. Scott's liver, 1s ; Dr. Jebbs (Watts'), 1s ; Parr's life, 1s ; Morrison's, 1s ; Norton's camomile, 1s and 2s 9d, for indigestion ; Kaye's, Worsdell's, 1s ; Paternoster gout, 1s ; Blair's gout and rheumatic, 1s and 2s 9d ; Gadd's ditto, 1s ; Eade's ditto, 1s ; Frampton's, 1s ; Dr. Cole's podophyllin, 1s ; Holloway's, 1s, 2s 9d, and 4s 6d ; Dr. Kirby's phosphor, 3s 3d, 3s 6d, and 5s ; Steedman's rhubarb and ginger, 1s ; Steel's sarsaparilla and rhubarb, 1s ; Robert's, 1s ; Wright's coal tar, 1s ; Whelpton's, 1s ; Walton's roup, 1s and 2s ; Widow Welsh's, 3s ; Hooper's female, 1s ; Clarke's for complaints of the urinary organs, 4s 6d ; Dr. Rooke's, 1s and 4s 6d, and others.
AMERICAN PILLS—Lightning, 11d ; Brandreth's, 11d ; Bristol's, 11d ; De Jayne's, 11d ; Dr. Ayer's, 11d, or three boxes or bottles for 2s 6d ; Mott's, 1s, 1s 6d, and 2s 6d, and others.
COLONIAL PILLS—Watson's, 11d, or three boxes for 2s 6d ; Weston's magic, 2s ; Abraham's, 1s and 2s, and others.
MAGNESIA.—Dinneford's Fluid, 1s and 2s 6d ; Kruse's Fluid, 1s 2d, 2s, and 3s ; Bishop's Citrate (effervescing), 1s, 2s 6d, and 4s 6d ; Henry's Calcined, 3s ; Calcined (loose), 6d per oz.
FOR COOLING DRINKS.—Persian Sherbet, 1s ; Lemonade Powder, 12 in box, 1s ; Ginger Beer ditto, 1s ; Soda ditto, 1s ; best Seidlitz ditto, 1s ; Hockin's, in bottle, 3s ; Ginger Wine, 1s 6d ; Limetta Cordial, 1s 3d and 1s 9d ; Effervescing Lozenges for allaying thirst, 1s bottle ; Limejuice, 6d and 1s ; Limejuice Cordial, 1s 6d ; Raspberry Balm, 1s 6d ; and others.
COD LIVER OILS.—De Jongh's light brown, 2s 6d, 4s 9d, and 9s ; Moller's, 2s 3d and 4s ; Langton's, 2s 3d ; Godin's (French), 5s 6d ; Jordan's, 2s 3d ; Borwick's Ozonized, 2s 6d.
DISINFECTANTS.—Calvert's Carbolic Acid, 1s, and 1s 6d, in powder, 1s ; Mason's Perfumed ditto, 1s ; Kayser's, 1s 6d and 2s 6d ; Condy's Crimson Fluid, 9d ; Burnett's Fluid, 1s, 1s 6d ; Harten's Crimson Salt, 1s ; Chloride of Lime, in bottles, 1s ; Sullivan's, 1s ; Laver's, 1s.
OINTMENTS.—Ladies', 1s 6d ; Josephson's, 1s and 1s 6d ; Henry's, 1s ; Moore's Household Remedy, 1s ; Waterproof, 6d, and Animal, 1s ; Carbolic, 1s ; Pomade divine, 1s 6d ; Egyptian Salve, 9d ; Soper's ditto, 6d ; Corrie's ditto, 1s 6d ; Russian ditto, 1s ; Elder ditto, 1s ; Finest Lip Salve, 1s, and Cold Cream, 1s ; Scotch, 1s 6d ; Poor Man's Friend, 1s 1d ; and others.
FOOD FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS.—Nestle's Milk Food, 2s ; Hard's, 1s ; Neave's, 1s ; Chapman's Wheaten Flour, 13d ; Sago Flour, 10d ; Mincassa, or Breast Milk, 1s and 2s 6d ; Du Barry's Revalenta, 2s 3d, 4s. and 6s ; Parrish's Chemical Food, 2s 3d, and 4s. ; Cocoatina, 1s 7d and 3s ; Houtin's Cocoa, 1s 3d and 2s 6d ; Theobromine, 1s 1d and 2s ; and others.
SEND FOR PRICE LIST, FREE.
N.B.—All goods purchased by the dozen are charged at the lowest import prices.
CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE, 2s 6d and 12s ; Eno's Fruit Salt, 2s 9d ; Digestive Granules, 4s 6d ; and all other medicines, Ointments, Lotions, Lozenges, also Sponges, Sponge Bags, Brushes of all kinds, Combs, tortoiseshell and otherwise, and all other goods for the toilet, at New York and London prices. Send for price list.
Goods carefully packed, and forwarded by railway, steamboats, or coach, to all parts of the colony ; or to any port in Queensland, Tasmania, Victoria, or New Zealand. Three pounds' worth, carriage free ; one pound's worth to any of the suburbs of Sydney, or by steamer to Newcastle or Morpeth, carriage free.
WASHINGTON H. SOUL, 221, Pitt-street, next to Punch's Hotel.
Closes at 8 o'clock ; Saturdays, at 10 o'clock.

General Merchandise.

CAST IRON PIPES, 6-inch, on SALE. BRIGHT, BROTHERS, and Co., 52, Pitt-street.

HOOP IRON for SALE. Apply Mr. VEITCH, HERALD Office Stores, No. 9, O'Connell-street.

PEABODY'S celebrated brand AURORA KEROSENE OIL, first test, 120° ; superior to all other brands. For SALE in trade parcels of SOLE AGENTS—BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO., York-street, Wynyard-square.

THE GRAND GOLD MEDAL OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF PARIS has been awarded for the Excellence of HUDSON'S EXTRACT OF SOAP.
HUDSON'S EXTRACT OF SOAP, the BEST THING KNOWN for Washing Everything.
HUDSON'S EXTRACT OF SOAP lathers FREELY and makes the clothes a Good Colour.
HUDSON'S EXTRACT OF SOAP is excellent for washing Wool. It leaves the fleece nice and soft.
HUDSON'S EXTRACT OF SOAP, for CLEANING PAINT, SCOURING FLOORS, &c.
HUDSON'S EXTRACT OF SOAP, for cleaning Plate, Glass, China, and all kinds of Earthenware.
HUDSON'S EXTRACT OF SOAP has received the Highest Award at the Paris Exhibition, 1878.
Sold by all wholesale and retail grocers, druggists, and Italian warehousemen throughout the world, in 1-lb., ½-lb., and ¼-lb. pkts. Manufactured only by R. S. HUDSON, Royal Chemical Works, West Bromwich ; Hudson's Chemical Works, Bank Hall-street, Liverpool ; and 83, Worship-street, London, E.C. Sold wholesale by Rocke, Tompsitt, and Co., 3, Flinders-street East, Melbourne.

ETTAMOGAH VINEYARD, ALBURY, N. S. W.
The WINES of this vineyard, which are unsurpassed in quality and have taken many prizes, can be obtained from all Wine and Spirit Merchants ; also at the Stores of the Proprietors, 121, Pitt-street.
HARBOTTLE, BIDDULPH, and ALSOP.

VAUGHAN-JONES' GINGER WINE, (" Standard " Brand).
Dr. Hassall's Report states—" It is aromatic, bitter, warming, and stimulating—of nearly the same strength as Sherry, and forms an agreeable and useful cordial beverage."
Sold everywhere in the colonies.
Wholesale of VAUGHAN-JONES, 17, Water-lane, London.

AMERICAN LAGER BEER, as used in all the principal Hotels throughout the United States. Pints and quarts.
BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO., Sole Agents.

MASONS' CHALLENGE SHOE BLACKING.—Awarded first prize over all others at Philadelphia.—For SALE, of all grocers and ironmongers, and of SOLE AGENTS for Australian Colonies. BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO.

BARK.—Best HOBART TOWN Black Wattle BARK for SALE by T. and W. WILLIS, 48, Pitt-street.

TANKS.—Best quality IRON TANKS for SALE, by T. and W. WILLIS, 48, Pitt-street.

ALLSOPP'S ALE, bottled by Burke, in splendid condition. GEORGE LLOYD, Bridge-street Chambers.

CURCIER and ADET have on SALE, Combe's Stout, Absinthe, Liqueurs, Curaçao, Maraschino, V. D. Clarets and Sauternes, Nos. 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 ; Chablis, Burgundy, Vermouth, Champagne, Krug and Co.'s, and Moet and Chandon, and Medium.

AUSTRALIAN WINE.—Carmichael's Porphyry pure, refreshing, and nutritious ; equal to the finest Rhine Hock ; quarts, in 1 and 2-dozen cases, 21s dozen ; pints, in 3-dozen cases, 12s 6d dozen. H. S. BIRD and CO., Circular Quay.

FRUIT-PRESERVING Glass JARS, screw tops, 1 and 2 quarts. H. S. BIRD and CO., Circular Quay.

EX AUSTRALIA.—White Beans, Pickled Salmon and Dried Apples. H. S. BIRD and CO., Circular Quay.

JUST LANDED, ex Australia, from San Francisco, Dessert and Pie Fruits, new season's consisting of Peaches, Apricots, Pears, Strawberries, Cherries, Plums, Grapes, and Apples. H. S. BIRD and CO., Circular Quay.

TANKS.—Superior to all malt tanks. See the water in them. W. ROBISON, 67, Sussex-street.

TANKS, 400 gallons for SALE, best London makers. Castlemaine Brewery, Sydney.

NOW ON SALE, at SPECIALLY LOW PRICES
Cooking Stoves and Ranges, all kinds
Cabinet Cooking Ranges
American Cooking Stoves, new designs
Gas Cookers, very cheap
Breakfast Cookers, 10s 6d each
Laundry Washing Coppers
Ironing Stoves, assorted kinds
Stove Fittings of all kinds
Stove Brushes, and all requisites
Parlour Stoves, new patterns.
F. R. ROBINSON and SON, 486, George-street (down the gateway).

CLOCKS. CLOCKS. CLOCKS.
TO PARTIES FURNISHING, now on view the largest and most varied stock in Sydney of elegant Drawing-room Striking Clocks from the great Paris Exhibition, the movements are from the most celebrated Paris factories, and all are warranted first-class timekeepers. A written guarantee given with every clock for its correct performance. An inspection respectfully invited.
H. F. DELARUE, Watchmaker and Importer, THE BIG CLOCK, 396, George-street.

TANKS, best London make, on SALE. J. T. and J. TOOHEY, Standard Brewery, Elizabeth-street.

WHEAT SACKS for SALE, only used once (not branded). HALL, PRINCE, and CO., Market Wharf.

LAMPS, LAMPS.—Kerosene Lamps now on SALE, splendid assortment. Eastway, Brothers, 417, George-st.

FISHING TACKLE.—The only place in the colony for good TACKLE is Eastway, Brothers, 417, George-street.

JUST OPENED, 5 cases American Platedware, Butter Coolers, Tea and Coffee Pots. Eastway, Bros., 417, Geo.-st.

BUTTER IN FIVE MINUTES.—Atmospheric CHURNS, 16s each. S. HEBBLEWHITE, 432, George-st.

ONE-QUART CHURNS, 7s 6d.—Butter in Five minutes. S. HEBBLEWHITE, 432, George-street.

BUILDERS and CONTRACTORS. — American CANAL-BARROWS, all best ash ; no mortices or tenons to cause rot and decay ; 17s 6d and 20s each. S. HEBBLEWHITE, 432, George-street, Sydney.

Building Materials.

AMERICAN REDWOOD, 3, 2, 1½, 1, ¾, and ½ inch Redwood SHELVING, dressed 1 and 2 sides ; Doors, Sashes, Mouldings, Architraves, &c. GOODLETT and SMITH, 483, George-street.

ROOM PAPERS, endless variety Paints, Oils, Colours, &c. H. H. GROTH, 344, George-street.

GALVANIZED Ridging, Gutter, and Down Pipe, &c., at reduced rates. GOODLET and SMITH, 483, George-st.

FIRE BRICKS and FIRE CLAY always on hand ; DRAIN PIPES, all sizes, 3 to 24 inch, bends and junctions ; Chimney Pots ; Garden, Border, and Paving Tiles. GOODLET and SMITH, 483, George-street, near Bathurst-street.

MARULAN MARBLE Stone LIME, fresh, per rail. J. HOGO, Sussex and Druitt streets. Orders attended to.

SLATES.—Best Purple Bangor, from 16 x 8 to 24 x 12, greatly reduced in prices ; Marble Chimneypieces, Register Grates, Cement, Plaster, Sheet Lead, Galvanized and Black Tubing, at lowest market rates. W. CARY, Railway Bridge.

LIME.—Pure Marble LIME ; also Portland and Welsh CEMENT. Marble Lime Co.'s Depot, 8, King-street.

THE GOSPEL OAK IRON AND GALVANIZED IRON AND WIRE COMPANY.
IRON MANUFACTURERS AND GALVANIZERS.
TRADE MARKS :
First Brand, "G anchor O." First quality. Second Brand, "Eagle." Eagle quality.
The Gospel Oak is the oldest manufacture of GALVANIZED IRON in England. The original Galvanized Tinned Iron was first made at these works in the year 1842. This iron obtained the prize medal for " EXCELLENT QUALITY " at the Great Exhibition of 1862, it being the ONLY PRIZE MEDAL awarded in the trade.
The price is now greatly reduced.
Works : Gospel Oak Iron Works, Tipton
Mitre Works, Wolverhampton
Regent's Canal, Limehouse, London.
Warehouse : 56, Upper Thames-street, London.
Export Office : 110, Cannon-street, London.

ON SALE, 3 to 8 lb. SHEET LEAD, cut to sizes. J. A. BROWN, 276, Pitt-street.

ON SALE, Galvanized Iron Pipe, ½ to 2 inch, with fittings. JAMES A. BROWN, 276, Pitt-street.

GUTTERS, Pipe, Ridging, &c., 50,000 feet ; reduced prices. BROWN, opposite School of Arts.

CORRUGATED IRON, all lengths.—The cheapest place in Sydney is BROWN'S, 276, Pitt-street.

STREET, BROTHERS, TIMBER MERCHANTS, SUSSEX-STREET. Ironbark Girders, Sawn Hardwood, Maryborough Pine, Hale-inch Lining, Baltic and Oregon Deals, Laths, Felloes, Spokes, 6 x 1 T. and G. Pine and Hardwood Flooring, Huon Pine, in log and sawn to order.

FOR SALE, wholesale, 6 x 1 T. and G. FLOORING ; 6 x ½, 8 x ½, and 9 x ½ Lining. W. SHORT, Baltic Wharf.

TURNERY and Sawing Establishment for the trade. STEWART, Pitt-street.

WALNUT on SALE, sizes suitable for machine tables, &c. STEWART, Pitt-street.

CHAIR MATERIAL, for every description, always in stock. STEWART, Pitt-street Cedar Yard.

CEDAR, all sizes, Turnery every description, on SALE. STEWART'S Cedar Yard, Pitt-street.

THE CEDAR YARD, 401, Pitt-street. WALTER STEWART, Cedar Merchant.

THE BUILDING MATERIALS of COTTAGES, KENT-STREET, and WENTWORTH-LANE, between Market and Druitt-streets, for PRIVATE SALE by RICHARDSON and WRENCH, Pitt-street.

ENGLISH OVEN TILES and Furnace Lumps, Redwood prepared Pickets. G. E. CRANE and SON, Circular Qy.

SLATES, all sizes, at greatly reduced prices ; Marble and Slate Chimneypieces, Cement, Plaster, Zinc, Sheet Lead and Pipe, Galvanized Iron (plain and corrugated), Drain Pipes, &c. G. E. CRANE and SON, New Pitt-street, Circular Quay.

CEMENT.
Owing to the dearth of this article in the market, and the numerous orders we have against every shipment as it arrives, we cannot undertake to supply all the orders in this line with which we are favoured daily, and our customers must not feel disappointed if they do not receive the quantities for which they send.
J. MURPHY and SON, British Plate and Sheet Glass Warehouse, 21 and 23, George-street West.

NOTICE.—TO CONTRACTORS, BUILDERS, and OTHERS.—As numerous complaints have been made of injury to varnished and polished sashes, casements, and shop-fittings, by scratches and stains made in putting in the glass, and as it is impossible to avoid slight damage of this kind in glazing, our customers will oblige by leaving the varnishing and polishing of sashes, &c. until after glazing.
J. MURPHY and SON, British Plate and Sheet Glass Warehouse, 21 and 23, George-street West.

KAURI PINE, 500,000 feet, assorted sizes. G. F. MASON, Patent Slip Wharf.

J. MURPHY and SON, Importers of Plate, Sheet, Stained, Ornamental, Cathedral, Hammered (flat and rolled) ; Glass, all sizes cut to order ; White and Red Lead, Turpentine, Raw and Boiled Oils, Brushware, Kerosene Oil, Colours for house and coach painters, plasterers, &c. ; Varnishes, Gold and Silver Bronzes, Gold Leaf, Paperhangings, Glaziers' Diamonds, Plate and Sheet ; Tar, Pitch, Resin, Cement, &c. &c. Mixed Paint ready for use, any shade required. All orders promptly executed by rail, steamer, city, or suburbs.

GLAZING NOTICE.—SASHES for delivery this week must be sent in by THURSDAY, and properly marked and numbered, to avoid error or delay.
J. MURPHY and SON, British Plate and Sheet Glass Warehouse, 21 and 23, George-street West.

TO QUARRYMEN.—A fine Block of STONE, in Kent-street, for taking away. G. B. Mackenzie, Grafton Wf.

Horses and Vehicles.

CANADIAN EXPRESS WAGGONS of a superior design and finish.
WM. FLEMING, Importer, 52, Clarence-street, Sydney.

THE CAMPBELL STRUCK OIL BUGGY (turn out seat) ; one and two horse Waggonettes, just opened out. The reputation of the Campbell buggies and carriages in England and Scotland should be a sufficient guarantee of their excellence.
WM. FLEMING, Importer, 52, Clarence-street, Sydney.

AMERICAN HARNESS, best quality single and pair horse buggy, carriage, and express harness. JOHN BRUSH, Importer, and Manufacturer, 407, George-street, opposite Royal Hotel.

THE LARGEST and BEST-SELECTED STOCK of AMERICAN BUGGIES and CARRIAGES in the Australian colonies, from builders of the highest reputation in the United States, built expressly to suit requirements of the colonies, under special instructions.
BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO., Importers of every description of American Merchandise, Stores and Offices, York-street, Wynyard-square.
Every vehicle bears our plate as importers, to serve as guarantee.

AMERICAN HARNESS of every description, from celebrated makers direct.
BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO., Importers, York-street and Wynyard-square.

AMERICAN EXPRESS WAGGONS, with both pole and shafts. BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO.

FOR SALE, a first-class Grey HORSE, fast trotter—an excellent safety or buggy horse ; price £30. HODGES, Butcher, St. Peters.

AMERICAN BUGGIES. AMERICAN BUGGIES.
ANOTHER NEW SHIPMENT, comprising
The Latest Novelties introduced to the American Market, NOW BEING UNPACKED.

Half-top Victoria Phaeton (mounted with the Patent Rubber Cushioned Axle), very easy riding trap	£120
Jump-seat top Buggy, the most perfect and easiest worked jump-seat yet invented	80
Top Phaetons, with rumbles and child's seat ...	70
Doctor's and Ladies' Top Phaetons, from	35
Side-bar Top Buggy	42
Tray Buggies (Abbott) Top and no Top, from ...	48
Turn-out Seats, Top and no Top, from	38
Ditto ditto Cutuder	60
Kensington Trotter BUGGIES, from	50
Harness—Single, Double, and Shifting of English and American make, from	4

KEAREY, BROTHERS, Coachbuilders and Importers, 290, Pitt-street.

FOR SALE, three new SAFETYS ; new style. FITZGERALD and COLLINS, 207, Castlereagh-street.

FOR SALE, splendid saddle HACK, quiet, by Mask, saddle and bridle, £12. WILLIAMS, Redfern-street West.

CHESTNUT HORSE, first-class Hack, good jumper, £25 ; quiet saddle Horse, £8. KNIGHT.

BAY first-rate buggy and saddle Cob, £14 : spring-cart Horse, £8. KNIGHT, 257, Castlereagh-street.

NEW Spring-cart, Horse, and new Harness, £26 ; light Express Waggon, £25 ; Saddles, 50s. KNIGHT.

LIGHT cutunder Buggy Sociable, with lamps, brake, and harness, £30 ; passenger Waggonette, £30. KNIGHT.

HAWKER'S or surveyor's Waggon, £40 ; light American Buggy and Harness, £23. KNIGHT.

FIRST-CLASS Hawker's Waggon and Harness, on leather braces, carries 25 to 30 cwt., prise £40 ; Express Waggon, stanch Horse, and Harness, £40 the lot. GIBSON'S Bazaar, 282, Pitt-street.

LIGHT American BUGGY and HARNESS, new, only £30. GIBSON'S Bazaar, 282, Pitt-street.

HANDSOME Bay GELDING, 16 hands high ; grand horse for a phaeton, buggy, or carriage ; quiet, sound, and reliable ; goes in any kind of harness. Lowest price, £30. Any trial allowed. GIBSON'S Horse Bazaar, 282, Pitt-street.

SET of Single American Buggy HARNESS, silver-plated, very cheap. Apply 671, George-street.

FOR SALE, quiet, handsome Buggy MARE, 4 years. Apply before 11, Burdekin Hotel, William-street.

FOR SALE, good useful HORSE, suitable for cab ; any trial. WALSH, Vine-street, Redfern.

A GOOD Harness HORSE for SALE, cheap ; suit dealer. LAPRAIK'S Veterinary Forge, Dixon-street.

FOR SALE, handsome Black Pony MARE. J. J. BURT, 78, Parramatta-street.

FOR SALE, nice family SOCIABLE, with lamps, pole, brake, and shafts. O'BRIEN'S, Pitt-street.

NICE Light Single and Double-seated BUGGIES. O'BRIEN'S, Pitt-street, near Bathurst-street.

FOR SALE, DOGCART, in good order. O'BRIEN'S Coach Factory, Pitt-street, near Bathurst-street.

TWO first-class gentlemen's SADDLES, Bridles, Girths, 50s each, a bargain, 8, Oxford-street.

PAIR handsome Bright Bay Buggy HORSES, black points, 15-1 high, neat goers, £35. M'Carty, Castlereagh-st.

NEW SPRING-CART, stanch Horse, and new Harness, £37 ; new Pagnel Cart and Harness, £24. M'CARTY.

BAY neat Buggy Horse, £20 ; Bay well-bred Hack £16 ; pair waggon Horses, £20 ; spring-cart Horse, £10.

SURVEYOR'S Waggon, with top, pair good Roadsters, and new Harness, £65 ; good station Waggon, £20. M'Carty.

FAMILY Sociable, £50 ; strong Buggy, nearly new, £37 ; Park Phaeton, £35 ; Abbott's Tray Buggy, with top, £30.

NEW Spring-carts, £15 ; new Double Buggies, £46 ; Light Tray, £50 ; Double-seated Tray, £65. M'CARTY.

SAFETY, in good condition, £30. KISS'S Horse Bazaar, Pitt-street.

CARRIAGES, Buggies, &c.—W. Vial and Son, practical coachbuilders, Castlereagh-st., Sydney. Established 1832.

PONY, very quiet, £2 ; harness Pony, 50s ; Hogskin Saddle, 50s. 483, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

DRAUGHT HORSE, new Tip Dray, and Harness, £27 ; first-class saddle Horse, £8. WOOLLER'S.

LIGHT American BUGGY, £26 ; Buggy Harness, £4 ; Spring-van, £14 ; Spring-cart, £6. WOOLLER'S.

FIRST-CLASS single and double harness HORSE, bay, stanch and tractable. W. PRITCHARD, 281, George-st.

FOR SALE, a good Spring-cart HORSE ; any trial. DAVIS, Greengrocer, S. H. Rd., Paddington, op. Regent-st.

OUR BRISBANE LETTER.

BRISBANE, MARCH 8.

As if we had not criminals enough of our own, it seems that Queensland is destined to be a convenient dusthole into which the sweepings of New Caledonia may be shot with impunity. Eleven French convicts escaped on the 15th February from Taranaba, have landed at Brisbane, and, although they are self-confessed criminals, are at full liberty, and likely to remain so. These gentlemen effusively proclaim their love for Englishmen and swear, with fervid gesture, that they will never leave *la belle Queensland*; no, never. Nor do we appear to have power to interfere with them in any way. They enjoyed themselves in Brisbane for a couple of days, and yesterday broke up into groups, some taking the train to the Downs, others starting for the Gympie gold-fields; but wherever they went they were in no fear of arrest, and were not even under surveillance.

We have had other escapees from New Caledonia in Queensland in much the same way, and it is to be confessed no harm has been done by them. Of the previous batch of escaped prisoners nothing has ever been heard, except that the other day one of them at Mackay, while fishing, blew off his hand with a charge of dynamite. Of course it does not follow that the newly-arrived gang will be equally well-behaved. They are not in appearance half so ferocious, say, as many bushmen; but it is a matter of history that the greatest criminals, if judged by the exterior, would be the most innocent and amiable of men. Yet it is not a comfortable reflection that we have eleven convicts suddenly let loose amongst us. Four of the number are murderers; two were transported for rape; two were soldiers, the one sentenced for desertion, the other for assaulting a superior officer—though the private story they tell would rather incline one to sympathise with them as the victims of military despotism. It may be said that these men are unworthy of belief. At any rate they at once thought it was quite open to pass themselves off as Communists, told the police what crimes they had committed, the length of their sentence, and the portion expired. The youngest of the gang represents himself to be a farmer's son, and his manner and looks do not belie him. Further, he represents himself to be the victim of misplaced affection, alleging that he and the daughter of a man in higher station than himself, loved not wisely but too well, and that the damsel's parent learning that he was in the habit of stealing his interviews by climbing into a window of the chateau, spread the net of the gendarmerie around him, and got him sentenced for eight years for burglary. Fortunately this romantic story is not publicly known, or perhaps our impressionable maidens would lavish upon him favours similar to those bestowed by the young ladies of another Australian capital upon Tom Pearce, the midshipman. The convicts as a whole are intelligent, which follows as a matter of course the statement that they are Frenchmen, not apparently of the Faubourg St. Antoine type. The leader is the schoolmaster, Chariner, who was sentenced to fifteen years' penal servitude for the crime which the French describe as "indecent assault."

It is alarming to homely folks to have this addition to the population; it is more alarming to know how easily their number may be multiplied indefinitely. It requires no great heroism to make the Queensland coast; a very moderate amount of skill is necessary. The schoolmaster did have a compass amongst his other effects, but the boat would probably have found Queensland just as well without. Given food and water, the currents would generally do the rest. It is only a question whether the landing be north or south of our far-reaching coast line. The voyage in question lasted 16 days. For five days the runaways were becalmed soon after they got to sea. A barque which they hailed in mid-ocean replenished their exhausted stock of provisions. Then followed, in succession, a short gale, a two days' calm, and a fair wind to Cape Moreton. The arrival of the boat was made known in Brisbane at once, the French consul was duly apprised, and the next morning the boat and her passengers were triumphantly towed up to the wharf by a steam-tug. Convict or no convict mattered little to the crowd collected to see them. In the eyes of the people on the wharf they were only eleven men, tanned by exposure, hungry-looking, and who had made a desperate and successful attempt for freedom. So, in lieu of handcuffs, they received a subscription of three and twenty shillings collected on the spot, and the first "square meal" they had enjoyed for some days at a river-side boarding-house. They went to this house of entertainment escorted by a police sergeant, escorted, however, in merely a friendly way, and to sub-inspector Armit, who speaks French like a native, they subsequently, at the detective office, voluntarily narrated their crimes, histories, and adventures. Thereafter they went their several ways, none daring (perhaps none caring) to make them afraid.

Not the least cause for alarm is the suspicious nature of the escape. Either the authorities at New Caledonia are unfit to have charge of convicts, or they connive at their escape. Eleven men are too many for a successful conspiracy, unless its upshot be violence. Yet they were preparing for their expedition for three months. To anyone who knows anything of the ordinary discipline of a convict establishment, more especially to any one who has heard of the summary treatment of French convicts, the escape of these men is inexplicable. They stored provisions, collected the materials, and made a set of sails. Any liberty they might have earned by good conduct scarcely accounts for this. By what means, too, did they possess themselves of a man-of-war's cutter? Their exit without detection on a dark night is not so hard to understand; but why (as they state) were they allowed to remain for a day and a half within sight of the island? Nor could the authorities plead surprise, for another gang that came to Queensland the year before last, got away by precisely the same device—a boat used for the conveyance of stores and prisoners from the ships to shore. Another suspicious circumstance (for the men at any rate) is the amount of money in their possession. They must have smiled when the hat went round at the wharf, since it turned out next day, when they took a promenade amongst the shops, that they were rich men. They had actual rouleaux of golden napoleons and silver francs, and many of the latter were discoloured, as if they had been buried in the earth. Some of the exchangers refused to convert these coins into English money. Others were less scrupulous; in one shop I know, 250 francs were exchanged. It is to be presumed that somebody has an eye to the movements of these distinguished foreigners. The fact remains that they are here; that the law cannot meddle with them, and that others may any day come over by the same track. We might have been saved all this uneasiness if the currents had borne our friends to Cooktown, where the French Government ship L'Allier is fever-stricken in the Endeavour River.

ALGERIA AS A COLONY.—Referring to the efforts which are at the present time being made to tempt French colonists to migrate to Algeria, the *Cologne Gazette* remarks that the present condition of the latter country, when compared with the existing state of things in New Zealand, Australia, and other foreign possessions of Great Britain, proves that England understands far better than France how to develop the resources of her colonies. When Algeria was first colonized by the French it was intended that it should rival India and Egypt. Cotton growing was undertaken, and much money was expended in encouraging it; but in 1876 seventeen Europeans only were engaged in it, 360 acres only were under cultivation, and the harvest amounted to but little more than 100,000 lbs. Cattle breeding, corn growing, and the cultivation of vines promise apparently to be more successful; but the development of all these industries is impeded by the prevailing system of military government. In 1877, 50,000 acres were planted as vineyards, and the total produce amounted to 15,750,000 gallons. Fortunately also, the dreaded phylloxera has not yet appeared on the Algerian vines. As Algeria is so close to France, cattle-breeding would be a far more profitable pursuit than it is were it not for the unfriendly relations which exist between the European cattle-owners and the Arabs. As it is, the former can never be certain that their flocks and herds are safe. Neither has horse-breeding made any great progress, although under the dominion of the Turks, Algeria possessed an abundance of excellent riding horses. Once, also, Algeria was a well-wooded country; but now, in consequence of the reckless destruction of trees, this is no longer the case.

PERFECTION.—Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer (the Genuine only in Pink Paper Wrappers) never fails to restore grey hair to its youthful colour, imparting to it new life, growth, and lustrous beauty. Its action is certain and thorough, quickly banishing greyness. It is not a dye. It ever proves itself the natural strengthener of the hair. Its superiority and excellence are established throughout the world. Wholesale of ELLIOTT Bros. and Co., Sydney, and retail of all Chemists and Perfumers throughout the Colonies.—ADV.

LAW REPORT.

SUPREME COURT.—WEDNESDAY, MARCH 12.

FIRST TERM.

In Banco.—(Before their Honors the CHIEF JUSTICE *and Mr. Justice* FAUCETT.)

THE CITY BANK V. KELLY.

This was a motion to make absolute a *rule nisi* for a new trial.

The cause had been set down for trial in the Jury Court, and was unheard a few days before the end of the sittings. A long case was being heard, and there was every prospect of the City Bank v. Kelly going over to the next sittings. An order was accordingly made transferring it to the Banco Court, where it was tried the next day, and in the absence of the defendant, a verdict passed for the plaintiffs.

Mr. Davis appeared in support of the motion; Mr. Dailey showed cause.

The COURT made the rule absolute. The trial of the cause on the day following the day of its transfer to the Banco Court was in contravention of one of the standing rules.

No order was made as to costs.

His Honor the Chief Justice, after the next matter was called on, had to leave the Bench, and being prevented by illness from returning, the Court was adjourned.

ECCLESIASTICAL COURT.

(*Before his Honor Sir* WILLIAM MANNING *and a jury of four.*)

CALLAGHAN AND WIFE V. MYERS.

This was a trial of certain issues directed by the Ecclesiastical Court to be tried by a Jury as to the validity of a will purporting to be executed by one Martin Hurley. The plaintiffs and defendant's cases had closed when the Court rose. Evidence in reply will be given in the morning.

INSOLVENCY COURT.—WEDNESDAY.

(*Before the* CHIEF COMMISSIONER.)

In the matter of William M'Closky, a second meeting. Insolvent stated that his schedule was inaccurate in certain particulars, and he was directed to amend it within two days, as also to file the statement under rule 20; and he was further ordered to file a supplementary schedule, under rules 22 and 23, within 10 days. Three debts were proved, and the meeting was terminated.

In the matter of John Seymour, a single meeting. Insolvent verified his schedule. One debt was proved. No directions were given, and the meeting terminated.

In the matter of Samuel Palmer, a single meeting. Insolvent did not attend. No debts were proved, and the meeting was terminated.

In the matter of Charles Smith, a first meeting. Five debts were proved, and the meeting was terminated.

In the matter of James Balchin, a first meeting. Three debts were proved, and the meeting was terminated.

In the matter of William Templeton, a first meeting. Three debts were proved, and the meeting was terminated.

In the matter of Charles Trogg, a first meeting. Fourteen debts were proved, and the meeting was terminated.

In the matter of James Harvey, a first meeting. One debt was proved, and the meeting was terminated.

In the matter of Janet Marshal Botteril, a first meeting. No debts were proved, and the meeting was terminated.

In the matter of James Jackson, a special meeting. Four debts were proved, one claim was held over, and the meeting was terminated.

In the matter of George Frederick Murnin.—It was erroneously printed in our report of Mr. M. E. Murnin's evidence, that the price of the ship sold by him to the insolvent was £7200. The amount should have been £2700.

SURRENDERS.

Henry Kidd Harpur, of Nimitybelle, storekeeper. Liabilities, £310 18s. 3d. Assets, £166. Caused by pressure of creditors, and losses in business. Mr. Lyons, official assignee.

Thomas Inkersole, of Kelso, butcher. Liabilities, £398 13s. 3d. Assets, £43 6s. 11d. Caused by falling off of business, and pressure of a creditor. Mr. Sandeman, official assignee.

Edward Webb Bowen, of Pitt-street, Sydney, writing clerk. Liabilities, £193 15s. Assets, £5. Caused by want of employment and sickness, and death in the family. Mr. Sandeman, official assignee.

William Gordon, of Paddington, painter. Liabilities, £292 2s. 1d., of which £231 is secured. Assets, £353 12s. Caused by dulness of trade and pressure of creditors. Mr. Sempill, official assignee.

SCHEDULE FILED.

Celia Jane Langley, of Sydney. Liabilities, £498 9s. 4d. Assets, £978 0s. 6d.

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COURT.

WEDNESDAY.

(*Before Mr. District Court Judge* DOWLING).

UNDER £10.

A number of cases, in which the amounts sued for were under £10, were disposed of.

TIPPER V. GIBSON.

In this case the plaintiff sued to recover £30 for illegal distress, &c. Mr. Pilcher appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. F. E. Rogers for the defendant. This is the third time this case has been tried. The point at issue simply was, as to whether the defendant had or had not consented to lower the plaintiff's rent. Judgment was given for the plaintiff for £5.

LAW NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—THURSDAY, MARCH 13.

TERM LIST.

Motions Nisi for New Trial.—Pickering v. the Waverley and Woollahra Omnibus Company; Robey v. The Oriental Bank.
Demurrers, &c.—The Municipality of Hamilton v. The Australian Agricultural Company, D. C. appeal; Atkinson v. Barling, demurrer; Wyndham v. Thompson, demurrer; Sun Kum Yung v. The Commissioner for Railways.
Prothonotory's Office.—Taxation of Costs: Colwell v. Dallas, half-past 2 o'clock; Kethel v. Musson, quarter-past 2.
Ecclesiastical Court.—Callaghan and wife v. Myers, part heard.
Master's Office.—At 11 a.m.: Herbert v. Cunningham, evidence for hearing; Sandeman v. Ramsay, adjourned evidence.

INSOLVENCY COURT.

Thursday, March 13, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: William Furness, for release of estate; Thomas Clark, for ratification of directions; Edward Lane, same; Christina Davis, same; Joseph Ward, same; Robert Joseph Whiteford, to vary debt allowed by District Commissioner; Silas Winter, for order nisi for official assignee to show cause, &c.; Peter James M'Alister, same; Mutual Supply Association, for settlement of list. Before the District Commissioner: At Newcastle, James Wilson, special, for proof of debts.
Friday, March 14, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: Gustavus Wangenheim, second; Charles Kent, same; Francis Joseph Weight, same; Edward Davis, first and only; Henry Hart, same; Michael Golding, same; Henry James Nelson, first; Cecilia Jane Langley, same; John Dalrson, special for proof of debt. Before the District Commissioner: At Maitland, Thomas Ross M'Lean, second; at Grafton, Thomas Hunter Fogge, same; Edwin Haynes, first and only; James Rout, same; David Pert, same.
Tuesday, March 18, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: Certificate Applications—Elijah Suttle (two applications), Henry Walter Weale, Peter Street otherwise Peter Strelt, George Glasscow, Richard Augustus Willoughby Green, Charles Sutten, James Dixon Little, John Ingolby Webster, Henry W. Smith, Peter Dogger, William Walter Small, Samuel John Marshall, John Ferguson, Thomas Clark M'Intyre. Before the District Commissioner: At Hay, Thomas Simpson, second; at Wagga, Hugh Arnold, same; James H. Bye, first and only.
Wednesday, March 19, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: William Furness, second; John James Forbes, first and only; Enoch Sims, second; William Kennealy, same; William Whiteman, first; Robert Kirkpatrick, same; William Ferrier, same. Before the District Commissioner: At Bourke, John Davison, special examination; at Deniliquin, Janet Marshall Botterill, second; at Tamworth, Charles Edward Morgan, first and only.

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COURT.—THURSDAY, MARCH 13.
Raphael v. Henningham, Fache and another v. Hamilton, Ayton [illegible] v. Ayton, Burns and another v. Keller, Simmons v. Brandon, Baldi [illegible] v. Park.

CONVICTS AND COMMUNISTS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—I noticed in your excellent paper a telegram headed "Communists from New Caledonia." In the telegram itself was an account of the escape of eight offenders against the criminal law, that is, convicts, sentenced for theft, assassination, &c.

The name of Communists has been given to men who formed part of the ex-Government of the Commune, and of the army of the Commune, that is to say, political rebels. It is, therefore, to be regretted, from every point of view, that these men should be confounded with criminal prisoners, especially at a moment when there is daily expected from France an announcement of a general or partial amnesty, a measure not possible with regard to non-political convicts.

Whilst waiting until those who are still undergoing an ignominious but entirely political punishment, the severity of which is not yet sufficiently known, are able to write the history of '70 and '71, facts adducible prove that the majority of the partisans of the Communist Government had in view only the purest patriotism, and that men have intruded into their ranks who have forfeited, by the fatal rapidity of events, to saddle them with the responsibility of crimes, but crimes recognised by all nations as political ones.

Furthermore, England has retained all the exiles who had succeeded in escaping on the morrow of these events, and the extradition law was not recognised as applicable to men considered as insurgents.

The proximity of New Caledonia has brought here a certain number of freed prisoners (freed convicts), and too much pains cannot be taken to establish an accurate distinction between these men and Communists.

Although every man, even the criminal who has paid his debt to justice and to society, deserves protection that he may not be exposed to a relapse into crime; and although it is the duty of every individual to aid him to reform himself, to become an honest man if possible, yet with the latter it is necessary to exercise a caution which the political escapee is entitled to consider unnecessary towards himself, especially when he may have had the good fortune to come to a country like this, whose institutions are noble and liberal, such as he dreamt of for his dear Fatherland.

I am, Sir, &c., TRUTH.

During the past year 917 failures were recorded in New York city, with liabilities to the amount of 63,953,493 dollars, and assets given at 18,695,531 dollars. This exceeds the record of the former year. This large number is mainly due to the repeal of the Bankrupt law, for during the last quarter the failures have been fewer than usual. Most of the weak firms have been wiped out, and the prospects for the coming year are much brighter than a year ago.

THE LATE COLLISION AT SEA.

The inquest on the body of Mrs. Sarah Brown, one of the victims of the collision between the steamships Bonnie Dundee and Barrabool, was commenced yesterday afternoon before Mr. Shiell, the City Coroner, and a jury of 12. At half-past 1 o'clock the Coroner, jury, and witnesses proceeded to the residence of the late Mrs. Brown, in Darling-street, Balmain, to view the body, after which a return was effected to the Coroner's office, where the evidence was taken. Several legal gentlemen were present. Mr. C. J. Manning, instructed by Mr. J. Williams, Crown Solicitor, watched the case for the Crown, and Mr. Want, instructed by Messrs. Slade and Co., was present on behalf of the captain of the Barrabool. Mr. Want stated that Captain Clark, of the Barrabool, was unable to attend the inquest, as his vessel was on the point of leaving Sydney, and he requested the Crown to postpone the inquest, after taking evidence relative to the identification of the body, until the Barrabool returned from her trip, which would only last a day or two. The Coroner replied that unfortunately he was not able to comply with Mr. Want's request, as such a delay would inflict great hardship and injustice on the other witnesses and the jury; he would therefore be compelled to issue warrants for the attendance of the captain and any other witnesses who might be members of the crew of the Barrabool at the resumption of the inquest on the following (this) morning. The inquiry was then proceeded with.

Alexander Brown, a produce merchant residing at North Shore, deposed that the dead body just viewed by the Coroner and jury in his presence was that of his mother Sarah Brown, aged 53 years. She was a native of county of Derry, Ireland. Deceased was a passenger on board the steamship Bonnie Dundee, which left Sydney last Monday afternoon, bound for the Manning River; witness's sister was also on board the Bonnie Dundee with the deceased; on Tuesday morning, from information he received, witness went on board the steamer Barrabool, lying at Struth's Wharf, Darling Harbour, and he there saw the body of the deceased; he took possession of the body, and had it conveyed to his residence in Darling-street, Balmain, where it had been viewed by the Coroner and the jury.

Andrew Lindsay Edgar deposed to being the first officer of the steamer Barrabool; at half-past 6 o'clock on Monday evening the Barrabool left Newcastle for Sydney; on leaving Newcastle the captain of the vessel was on deck; witness had charge of the deck while they were leaving the port, but about five minutes after clearing Nobby's he went below, giving up the charge of the deck to the second-mate; when he went down below the night was clear, and a light breeze was blowing from the south-east; the sea was smooth; the usual side lights were exhibited, and the bright light at the mast-head, all of them burning brightly; when witness went below the vessel was heading S.S.W., about two and a half miles from the land; about 8 o'clock witness was awoke by the stoppage of the engines, and he heard the telegraph give the order, "Go astern;" he ran on deck without his clothes, and, looking over the starboard side towards shore, saw that the vessel was off Moon Island, about two and a half miles from the land; he saw nothing else at that time, and he then ran down below, put on his clothes, and went forward; as he passed the funnel he saw the masthead light of a vessel just clear of the rigging on the port side; on looking over he saw that the vessel's stem was about half a point clear of the Barrabool's bow; the vessel seemed to be going very fast, as if she was going to strike the Barrabool; at that time the Barrabool had scarcely any headway on; the captain of the Barrabool was on the saloon deck giving orders; about half a minute after witness had noticed the strange steamer there was a collision, followed by a crash; the captain immediately gave the order to lower a boat, and witness ran forward and jumped into a boat which was lowered; as the boat dropped into the water, witness heard the order given on the Barrabool, "slow ahead;" the boat dropped astern of the Barrabool, and witness then saw the strange steamer about a ship's length on the starboard bow of the Barrabool, and going ahead in a parallel line with the latter vessel; before his boat could reach the strange steamer she had sunk; about five minutes elapsed between the collision and the foundering of the vessel; witness had to back water hard in order to escape the suction of the sinking vessel; as soon as possible after the vessel foundered the boat pulled in among the floating *debris* to see if any persons were floating among the wreckage. By that time the Barrabool had approached the spot where the steamer sank, and witness saw the boat of the lost vessel crowded with persons, and some one else being taken out of the water into the boat; on hearing that there had been some lady passengers on board the lost vessel, which he now learned was the Bonnie Dundee, witness went back among the wreckage, and at length found a woman floating on some timber; she was taken into the boat, but expired immediately; when witness went below after the Barrabool left Newcastle, the vessel was going about eleven knots an hour; going at that speed she could probably stop and get stern way on in two ships' lengths, or about 450 feet if the engines were turned full speed astern; when witness saw the Bonnie Dundee first he only saw her green light, and that very dimly; he could not form any idea as to which vessel struck the other. The witness concluded by drawing a diagram of the position of the two vessels when he first saw the Bonnie Dundee, and explaining to the jury their relative positions to each other and to the coast. The Coroner then adjourned the inquest until 10 o'clock this morning, at which time it will be resumed at the Coroner's office.

POLICE.

At the CENTRAL POLICE COURT, yesterday, the Bench, in the Crime Court, was occupied by the Police Magistrate, with Messrs. Hughes, Gorus, Solomon, W. Fowler, Neale, Callaghan, and Booth.

Edward Porter was convicted of having, in Hyde Park, on Tuesday afternoon, offended against decency, and of having on the way to the station-house, made use of obscene language, and for each offence was sentenced to pay a penalty of £5, or to be imprisoned three months.

John Doherty was charged with breaking into and stealing from a shop. Henry Foster, of 590, George-street, watchmaker and jeweller, deposed that about 12 o'clock, on Saturday night, he locked up and secured his business premises, and the keys he carried away in his trousers pocket, where they still were when about midnight on Sunday he went to bed; about 7 o'clock on Monday morning his trousers were gone, and on examining the premises found that the drawing-room window had been opened; he proceeded at once to his place of business, found the shop door unfastened and the key in the lock; entering, he found that the safe had been opened; he missed therefrom twenty-one diamond rings, ten other rings, and about £45 in notes, gold, and silver; he was confident that this could not have been effected but by some one well acquainted as well with his private residence as with the shop; he suspected the prisoner, who, until a few months ago, was in his service, and had been for some years in his service; he reported the matter to the police, and, in addition, he, with a young man named Stanton, set themselves to search for the prisoner; last night they fell in with him, and witness took him into custody; he walked a little distance, and then said, "I know that you have got me, and I may as well give you up the property," and handed over thirty rings and £21 1s. in notes and gold and silver; is of opinion that the robbery was effected between 3 and 4 o'clock on Monday morning, as about 3 o'clock he heard some one on the stairs; the rings and the money are his property, and he valued the whole at about £200. Prisoner asked no questions, nor offered any defence. Committed for trial at the Central Criminal Court.

Charles M'Lenahan was summarily convicted of having stolen a carpet bag containing wearing apparel, valued at 35s., the property of Frederick Fuller, and was sentenced to be imprisoned fourteen days.

William Bride was committed to take his trial at the Quarter Sessions on a charge of having, on Tuesday afternoon, in Prince Alfred Park, indecently assaulted Clara Jane Hancock, a child of six years of age.

Messrs. Lester, Edwards, and V. Brown, occupied the bench at the WATER POLICE COURT yesterday morning, and sentenced *Emily Belmont*, *Elizabeth Connolly*, and *Rose Devlin*, each to six months' imprisonment, as idle and disorderly persons having no lawful visible means of support. On similar charges, *Mary Ann Ryan* and *Ah Ching* were also sentenced to six months' imprisonment. The women had been complained of to the police as wandering about Pitt and King streets after nightfall, behaving disgracefully.

Thomas Hancock was charged with stealing a box containing a silk dress, a skirt, a print dress, and other articles, the property of Stella Ayling. The box was being taken to the house of its owner by William Thomas, a carrier; and the prisoner, offering to show Thomas where the house was, conducted him to Church-hill, and pointed out a place there as the one he was seeking. Thomas got off his cart, and had knocked at the door, when he saw the prisoner steal the box, and run away. He was afraid to leave his cart unprotected by pursuing Hancock, so he drove to the Central Police station, and gave information. This was on the 15th February, and on the 16th the box of clothes was found concealed under a heap of timber in Vinegar-lane. The prisoner, who was only arrested a few days ago, was committed for trial at the next Court of Quarter Sessions.

In the Summons Court, Messrs. Josephson, Nelson, Stanley, and Senior presided. A number of minor cases were dealt with, and Sub-inspector Waters prosecuted a number of larrikins for using indecent language. For this offence *James Duffy* was fined £5, or, in default, three months' imprisonment. He used this language in Bathurst-street recently towards constables Williams and Hogan. On a second charge, of riotous behaviour, he was fined £2, with the alternative of 14 days' imprisonment, the sentences to be cumulative.

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL—ITS UNEQUALLED EFFICACY IN INFANTILE WASTING AND DEBILITY OF CHILDREN.—Mr. Thomas Hunt, late Medical Officer of Health St. Giles's and Bloomsbury, writes:—"In badly nourished infants, Dr. de Jongh's Light-brown Cod Liver Oil is invaluable. The rapidity with which two or three teaspoonfuls a day will fatten a young child is astonishing. The weight gained is three times the weight of the oil swallowed, or more; and as children generally like the taste of Dr. de Jongh's Oil, and when it is given them, often cry for more, it appears as though there were some prospect of deliverance for the appalling multitude of children who figure in the weekly bills of mortality issued from the office of the Registrar-General." Dr. R. C. Croft, author of "Handbook for the Nursery," writes:—"Dr. de Jongh's Light-brown Cod Liver Oil is almost a specific in many of the diseases peculiar to infancy and childhood, and I have seen marked benefit produced by its use. Patients prefer it to the Pale Oils, and are able to retain it more comfortably." Dr. de Jongh's Light-brown Cod Liver Oil is sold in capsuled imperial half-pints, pints, and quarts, by all chemists and druggists. Sole consignees, Ansar, Harford, and Co., 77, Strand, London. Agents at Sydney, Elliott, Brothers.—ADV.

THE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

An adjourned meeting of the Council of the Agricultural Society took place yesterday morning, in the offices, George-street. There were present the Hon. G. H. Cox (in the chair), and Messrs. Trebeck, F. C. Griffiths, Alldritt, Yeo, Bruce, Cruikshank, Higgins, A. A. Dangar, Clibborn, Dawson, and Stephen. The report of the Executive Committee was read by the acting-secretary. It stated the receipts at £291 10s. 6d., and the expenditure at £603 9s. 8d., leaving a debit balance of £311 19s. 2d. It continued:

"Schedule of Prizes.—In compliance with the resolutions of this council, an amended prize schedule has been compiled, and a proof copy of the same will be laid before this meeting for approval. Besides some slight additions and amendments in the by-laws, the principal alterations in the prizes are the restricting the number of silver medals; the substitution of money prizes, to the value of £66 10s., in the Horticultural section, in lieu of medals, as first offered; the omission of the Four-in-Hand Cup; the addition of a £10 10s. cup for jumping, with a reduced entrance fee of 10s. 6d.; and the substitution of medals for £1 prizes, and certificates for 10s. prizes, in the Dog section.

"The Gates.—The committee recommend that Mr. Torning take charge of the gates, as last year.

"Entries.—The entries to date, either completed or promised, in the Horse and Cattle sections, are—horses, 80; cattle, 150. In Poultry, about 230 certificates of entry have been issued to date. It will be impossible at present to give any idea of the probable entries in the other sections, except that Messrs. Lassetter, Blacket and Davy, Zollner, and Mr. Smith (of America) have promised a good display in the Machinery department.

"General.—Ground at Randwick: The Colonial Secretary has been waited upon by a deputation appointed by this committee, and has been asked to dedicate 80 acres of the reserve at Randwick adjoining the racecourse, for the use of the Agricultural Society. The deputation was favourably received by the Colonial Secretary, who promised to bring the matter under the notice of his colleagues.

"Stewards.—With the exception of Section V., Dogs, stewards have been appointed for the coming Exhibition.

"Vacancy in Council.—By the resignation of Mr. John Living, another vacancy occurs in the Council, to be filled with the three vacancies formerly reported, at a special meeting of members to be held on Wednesday, the 26th March, at 11 a.m.

"Poultry Section.—The management of this section, with the right of nominating stewards and judges, has been handed to the N. S. W. Poultry Association, subject to the control of the Executive Committee. The entries will be made in the usual manner, through the secretary of the Agricultural Society.

"Dogs.—Similar arrangements will be made, if possible, with the Kennel Club, now in course of formation.

"Dies for Medals.—In view of the issue of two sizes of medals for prizes at the coming Exhibition, this committee would recommend that two dies be ordered from England, and the striking of the medals confided to the care of the Master of the Sydney Mint.

"Refreshments.—This committee report in the matter of providing refreshments, that they recommend the Council to sell by auction the various stands as follows:—1. Bar-room or lobby at north end of building. 2. Recesses on east and west side of building. 3. Ladies' refreshment room, to be fixed by the Society. 4. Two refreshment booths, where selected by the Ground Committee, to be erected at the expense of the caterer."

The report was adopted by the Council. Allusion was made to Mr. Joubert's absence, and the desirableness of his salary being paid by the Exhibition Commission. Dr. Jenkins brought the matter of the subscriptions to the Exhibition under the notice of the Council. The Executive Committee were ordered to take steps for their being returned intact. The meeting then closed. The approaching show of cattle and horses at Prince Alfred Park is likely to be again enriched by some fine specimens of the Shorthorn breed from New Zealand, from whence it will be remembered the champion came last year. About 230 head are entered to date, and the poultry and other sections will be more than usually attractive.

Horticulture, Farming, &c.

THE PROPER SEASON TO PLANT BULBS.—Gladiolus, 3s; Ixias, 2s 6d; Narcissus, 2s 6d; Snowflakes, 2s 6d; Golden Eagle, 2s 6d; Tube Roses, 3s per dozen. WHITTEN, WILLIAMS, and CO., Auctioneers, &c., 422, George-street.

TWO BEST VIOLETS.—The Czar and Queen Victoria, 2s per hundred. WHITTEN, WILLIAMS, and CO., Auctioneers, &c., 422, George-street.

THREE BEST STRAWBERRIES.—Duc de Malakoff, British Queen, Trollope's Victoria, 2s 6d per hundred. WHITTEN, WILLIAMS, and CO., Auctioneers, &c., 422, George-street.

HARDY ORNAMENTAL TREES and PLANTS, £4 per hundred, 12s per dozen. WHITTEN, WILLIAMS, and CO., 422, George-street. Town Depot for RANDWICK PARAGON NURSERY.

FOR SALE, 30 loads Garden LOAM, delivered at per price. M. G. CALLAGHAN, Mort-street, Balmain.

Musical Instruments.

PIANOFORTE. A GENUINE ERARD PIANOFORTE, full compass, brilliant toned, with all the latest improvements. Price, £50, case and packing included. WITH CERTIFICATE OF AUTHENTICITY, BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, Auctioneers, Spring and O'Connell streets. Principal entrance to show-rooms from O'Connell-street.

PIANOFORTES. A NEW SHIPMENT, just landed ex Wave of Life, of CARL RONISCH'S CELEBRATED PIANOFORTES, with iron frames, will stand the heat of any climate, and are exceedingly high toned, and very durable.
LIPP'S CELEBRATED INSTRUMENTS at a reasonable price.
A LARGE SHIPMENT OF BORD'S PIANOS are now to hand from £24 to £47 10s, cases and packing included.
AUCHER FRERES' PIANOS in Walnut and Rosewood.
CHALLEN and SONS' CELEBRATED BOUDOIR COTTAGE PIANOS, noted for brilliancy of tone and durability, £29, case and packing included.
All Pianofortes sold at this Establishment are carefully examined and properly tuned by a competent pianoforte mechanist before they leave the premises, and purchasers from the country may rely on obtaining a sound instrument that will give them every satisfaction.
BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, Auctioneers, Spring and O'Connell streets.
Principal entrance to Show-rooms from O'Connell-street.

BORD, AUCHER FRERES, and ERARD'S PIANOS, wholesale prices. EDWARDS, DUNLOP, and CO., 144, Pitt-street.

NEW ENGLAND ORGAN COMPANY'S CABINET ORGANS. For the Parlour, Church, or Schoolroom. Superior to all others for volume of tone and beauty of finish. THE LARGEST and GRANDEST DISPLAY of AMERICAN ORGANS in the AUSTRALIAN COLONIES at the SHOW ROOMS. These Organs have been awarded first prize over all others wherever exhibited. BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO., Sole Agents, York-street, Wynyard-square. Catalogues post free. Country Agents wanted.

TO THE PUBLIC. Before purchasing an Organ do not fail to inspect the Stock of NEW ENGLAND CABINET ORGANS at the Stores of BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO., York-street, Wynyard-square.

PIANO, cost £65, 7 octaves, trichord, new, £30. ROOM vacant for married couple. 22, Wynyard-square.

ASHFIELD.—For SALE, a fine American ORGAN, 5 stops. Apply Mr. WALTON, Station Bookstall.

LAST MONTH for BONUS and DOUBLE BONUS Tickets—March, 1879. Royal Furnishing Arcade. W. B. C.

W. H. PALING, of 366, GEORGE-STREET, has DETERMINED TO CONTINUE his GREAT SALE of PIANOFORTES, AMERICAN ORGANS, and HARMONIUMS, for THE MONTH of MARCH, at THE REDUCED RATES. PIANOFORTES at THE REDUCED RATES. CABINET ORGANS at THE REDUCED RATES. HARMONIUMS at THE REDUCED RATES. THE EASY TERMS SYSTEM may be APPLIED TO ANY INSTRUMENT, and EVERY INDUCEMENT OFFERED to INTENDING PURCHASERS. NEW MUSIC! NEW MUSIC! at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. A LARGE and EXCELLENT STOCK of SECOND-HAND PIANOFORTES, all in good order and guaranteed, at W. H. PALING'S, 366, GEORGE-STREET.

PIG LEAD for SALE, about 30 cwt., in 50-lb. to 100-lb. lumps; state price delivered at Sydney wharf, to A. VIDER, Auctioneer, Braidwood.

COLD WASH.

HIGHEST price given for left-off CLOTHING. Mrs. BENJAMIN, 323, Elizabeth-street. Letters attended.

BAKER'S PATENT MANGLE.—Wanted to purchase one in good condition. 250, HERALD Office.

ASK your grocer for PEMELL'S PATENT MEAL, rich in phosphates, lime, &c. Sold in 7-lb. bags 1s 3d each.

FOR SALE, 500 (Shield) HEIFERS, bred by Barnes and Smith, Bros., LAMB and KNOX, 3, Gresham-street.

Drapery, Haberdashery, &c.

SPECIAL NOTICE. RETIRING FROM BUSINESS. TO THE LADIES OF SYDNEY AND PUBLIC IN GENERAL.
M. J. MURPHY, 249, 251, Pitt-street,
In retiring from business, begs to tender his most sincere thanks for the kind patronage so substantially bestowed on him, now extending over a period of twelve years, and respectfully solicits a continuance of same to his successors, the Messrs. RILEY, BROTHERS.
Sydney, March 10, 1879.

NOTICE. I have, this day, SOLD to Messrs. RILEY, BROTHERS, of George-street and Oxford-street, Sydney, the whole of my Stock-in-Trade, and I respectfully solicit from my late constituents a continuance of that generous support so kindly accorded me during the past twelve years.
M. J. MURPHY.
Pitt-street, Sydney, March 8th, 1879.

Referring to the above announcement, we beg to say our endeavour at all times will be to maintain the high character Mr. Murphy's establishment has deservedly held, for supplying goods of a first-class nature at moderate prices. Prior to commencing business in a regular way, we will dispose of a large portion of the present stock by means of a CHEAP SALE, particulars of which will be given in future advertisements. The establishment will be closed the whole of this week, in order to classify, re-mark, and reduce to a CHEAP SALE PRICE, nearly every item in the stock. The discount will vary, from 25 to 50 per cent. Some idea may be gained of the probable reduction in prices when we state that two pounds' worth of goods will be obtainable for twenty-five shillings (£2 worth of goods for 25s), or say, a handsome silk costume, new and fashionable, good value, now at £7 7s, during the cheap sale will be sold for 98s, most of the other goods in like proportion.
THE CHEAP SALE of Mr. MURPHY'S STOCK will commence MONDAY, March 17, at 10 o'clock.
RILEY, BROTHERS, Proprietors.

RECAPITULATION OF STOCK.

This Splendid Stock will be for CHEAP SALE by RILEY, BROS., on Mr. Murphy's late premises in Pitt-street.
£2 worth of first-class Goods for 25s.
The Cheap Sale will commence on MONDAY, March 17.
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£2 worth of first-class Goods for 25s.

	£	s.	d.
Coloured French Silks	1666	8	4
Black French Silks	2112	9	1
French Dress Materials	1102	4	0
English Dress Fabrics	726	12	0
Autumn Dress Stuffs	194	12	0
Mourning Materials	1324	17	10
Velvet Mantles	151	11	4
Silk Mantles	247	3	4
Cashmere Mantles	190	9	8
Lace Fichus	220	19	0
Autumn Mantles	136	9	6
Winter Mantles	432	6	4
Children's Mantles	110	2	9
Ladies Silk Costumes	607	11	5
Summer Costumes	59	15	0
Autumn Costumes	294	5	3
Winter Costumes	514	9	6
China Silk Costumes	241	3	4
Washing Costumes	93	9	0
Children's Costumes	113	8	3
Autumn Shawls	218	9	0
Winter Shawls	303	1	0
Wool Clouds	37	3	8
Wool Shawlets	68	5	0
Fur Muffs and Collars	65	2	0
Ladies' Underclothing	457	8	0
French Millinery Bonnets	114	5	0
Mourning Bonnets	34	2	6
Trimmed Hats	75	1	0
Ladies' Dress Caps	17	8	6
Untrimmed Hats	178	11	6
Ladies' Felt Hats	157	2	8
French Flowers	211	18	11
English Flowers	76	5	0
Fancy Feathers	237	10	0
Millinery Materials	35	15	0
Ornaments &c., &c.	42	8	0
Children's Underclothing	255	1	6
Print Costumes, &c.	139	18	9
Infants' Robes and Hoods	175	5	0
Baby Linen and Outfits	84	4	0
Parasols and Umbrellas	253	3	3
Ladies' Hosiery	307	10	0
Children's Hosiery	157	7	7
French Ribbons	448	1	1
English Ribbons	372	18	11
Silk Fringes	515	15	0
Dress Trimmings	218	5	0
Ornaments and Buttons	109	9	0
Collars and Cuffs	218	5	0
Lace Goods	123	1	6
Silk Scarfs and Ties	174	3	3
Fans and Buckles	186	18	2
Real Lace Goods	161	15	0
One-button Kid Gloves	176	7	0
Long Kid Gloves	341	5	0
White Longcloths	409	8	0
White Sheetings	313	2	0
Grey Calicos	210	5	0
Grey Sheetings	185	3	3
Blankets and Quilts	513	18	9
Lace and Muslin Curtains	289	1	6
Furnishing Drapery	138	13	3
Household Linens	484	4	11
Hotel Linens	455	8	0
Men's Shirts and Collars	476	0	0
Boys' Shirts and Collars	151	1	2
Braces, Ties, Belts	115	2	3
Gentlemen's Hosiery	393	5	0
Gent.'s Hats, &c.	95	8	0
Studs, Solitaires, &c.	109	9	6
Sundries	333	4	10
Total	£22,976	13	7

The above beautifully assorted stock, all CLEAN, FRESH, and GOOD, amounting in all to £22,976 13s 7d, will be offered unreservedly for QUICK SALE at from 25 to 50 per cent. discount.
Experienced Assistants are now PREPARING THE STOCK for the GREAT CHEAP SALE, to commence on MONDAY NEXT.
Heads of Families
Hotelkeepers
Station Proprietors
Boardinghouse-keepers
Providores of Steamers
Country Storekeepers
and every one interested in getting £2 worth of first-class Drapery Goods for 25s, should take a note of this advertisement and not forget that
ON MONDAY NEXT the Great Cheap Sale BEGINS, on the Premises, PITT-STREET.
RILEY, BROTHERS,
PITT-STREET. PITT-STREET.

RILEY, BROTHERS, IN PITT-STREET.

RILEY, BROTHERS, IN PITT-STREET.

RILEY, BROTHERS, LATE M. J. MURPHY'S, IN PITT-STREET.

RILEY, BROTHERS, IN PITT-STREET.

VISIT CAMERON'S SILK AND GLOVE EMPORIUM, 88, KING-STREET.
French Kid Gloves, 1s 6½d; Stays, 1s 11½d
The New Mitred Top Two-button Black Kid Gloves, only 2s 11d
Six-button Kid Gloves, all sizes.
The Wide Rich Gros Grain Silks, in all the newest shades, 3s 6½d, former price 5s 11d, AT CAMERON'S SILK EMPORIUM.
Black Silks, from 1s 6½d
Black Satins, from 1s 11½d.
The cheapest house in the city for Silks.
Pure Alpaca Lustre, 8½d, former price 11½d
Black Alpacas, 5½d
Coloured Dress Materials, 6½d
Rich and Stylish Millinery and Flowers at THE EMPORIUM, 88, KING-STREET.
TRY CAMERON'S, where all GOODS ARE MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES.
NEW GOODS OPENED UP EVERY DAY AT CAMERON'S.

THOMAS BAKER, OPPOSITE CATHEDAL.

AUTUMN DRESS MATERIALS now opened. New shades in Carmelites, 1s 1½d.

ELEGANT DRESSMAKING, a perfect fit guaranteed.

FOUR FIRST PRIZES at Exhibitions of 1878, 1879.

TWENTY-ONE Shillings, Autumn Silk Velvet BONNETS, worth 35s.

THOMAS BAKER, opposite the Cathedral.

JUST THE THING I WANT.—A good, sound, serviceable PORTMANTEAU.—HOBSON and WHITING have the largest stock of Portmanteaus to select from in the world, from 12s 6d to £3 3s each. Purchasers are invited to inspect our immense stock, which will be found fully 50 per cent. below British cost.
EUREKA SHIRTS, 42s the half-dozen. For quality, durability, and elegance of fit they are unrivalled.
The prettiest gift for a lady is 6 pairs of Hobson and Whiting's French KID GLOVES, in two buttons, packed in an elegant scented sachet, for 25s.
Ladies' first quality Josephine KID GLOVES, manufactured especially for Hobson and Whiting, 3s 6d per pair.
HOBSON and WHITING, 13, Hunter-street.

THE GREAT DISCOUNT SALE, at Mrs. HINCHCLIFFE'S, 123, 125, and 127, Oxford-street, Sydney, will close on the 29th March.

FOUR SHILLINGS in the £ returned on all purchases up to that date. Goods always marked in Plain Figures. Call and see the prices.

LADIES' FELT HATS, 1s 11d, less 4s in the £ DISCOUNT.

LADIES' VELVET HATS, 1s 11d, less 4s in the £ DISCOUNT.

GIRLS' FELT HATS, 1s 11d, less 4s in the £ DISCOUNT.

GIRLS' VELVET HATS, 1s 11d, less 4s in the £ DISCOUNT.

MRS. HINCHCLIFFE, 123, 125, and 127, Oxford-street, Sydney.

THE LADIES' DEPOT.
THE FRESH SHOW OF COSTUMES AT THE LADIES' DEPOT THIS MORNING IS WELL WORTH SEEING.
RICH BLACK GROS GRAIN COSTUMES.
SILKY BLACK LUSTRE COSTUMES.
HANDSOME COLOURED SILK COSTUMES.
STYLISH COLOURED LUSTRE COSTUMES.
PRETTY FANCY LUSTRE COSTUMES.
BLACK AND COLOURED LUSTRE COSTUMES.
STYLISH and HANDSOMELY TRIMMED, 27s 6d.
VERY NICELY MADE ABERDEEN ROBES, 18s 9d.
RICE and LANE, 302, George-street.

LAST MONTH for BONUS and DOUBLE BONUS Tickets—March, 1879. Royal Furnishing Arcade. W. B. C.

THOMPSON and GILES. 20 PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH FOR FOUR DAYS ONLY.

THOMPSON and GILES, ONLY FOUR DAYS MORE. 20 PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

THOMPSON and GILES' 20 PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH UNTIL 15th MARCH.

THOMPSON and GILES' 20 PER CENT. DISCOUNT SALE WILL TERMINATE ON THE 15th MARCH.

THOMPSON and GILES' BLACK SILKS AT 20 PER CENT. DISCOUNT TILL THE 15th MARCH.

THOMPSON and GILES' AUTUMN DRESSES AT 20 PER CENT. DISCOUNT TILL THE 15th MARCH.

THOMPSON and GILES' SHEETINGS AND CALICOES AT 20 PER CENT. DISCOUNT TILL THE 15th MARCH.

THOMPSON and GILES' THE BEST DAMASK TABLE LINEN 20 PER CENT. DISCOUNT TILL THE 15th MARCH.

THOMPSON and GILES' PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS 20 PER CENT. DISCOUNT TILL THE 15th MARCH.

THOMPSON and GILES' LADIES' BEST HOSIERY 20 PER CENT. DISCOUNT TILL THE 15th MARCH.

THOMPSON and GILES' WILL ALLOW 20 PER CENT. ON ALL COUNTRY ORDERS ACCOMPANIED BY A REMITTANCE TILL THE 15th MARCH.

THOMPSON and GILES' 20 PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH UNTIL 15th MARCH.

THOMPSON and GILES' 20 PER CENT. DISCOUNT SALE WILL TERMINATE ON THE 15th MARCH.

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THOMPSON and GILES. WILL ALLOW 20 PER CENT ON ALL COUNTRY ORDERS ACCOMPANIED BY A REMITTANCE TILL THE 15th MARCH.

THOMPSON and GILES' DISCOUNT SALE WILL END IN THREE DAYS.

THOMPSON and GILES' 20 PER CENT. ALLOWANCE THREE DAYS MORE ONLY.

Businesses for Sale.

HOTEL FOR SALE. Snug little House, good business. WHITTEN, WILLIAMS, and CO., 422, George-street.

HOTELS and Public Houses, £150 to £4000; liberal assistance. BATE, MUSTON, and CO., 147, Pitt-street.

LAST MONTH for BONUS and DOUBLE BONUS Tickets—March, 1879. Royal Furnishing Arcade. W. B. C.

IMPORTANT NOTICE. TO MERCHANTS, STOREKEEPERS and OTHERS. BUSINESS FOR SALE.
The Executors having decided to realise the personal estate of the late Mr. R. Travis, of Maryborough, now offer the whole of his extensive and well-assorted Stock, consisting of Groceries, Oilmen's Stores, Wines, Spirits, Drapery, Boots and Shoes, Saddlery, Fancy Goods, Stationery, and Ironmongery, to the public by tender.
The business has been successfully carried on by the late Mr. Travis uninterruptedly during the last 17 years. The stores are situate in Kent-street, Maryborough, fronting the principal wharfs, and are adapted for the continuing an extensive and profitable business. Arrangements can be made with the purchaser of the stock for the lease or purchase of the business premises, including the Bonded Store, and to give further facilities for the inspection of the stock sheets and business premises, the Executors hereby notify that the time for receiving tenders is extended until the 24th March next. Abstract of stock-sheets and photographs, accompanied with description showing ground, plans, area, &c., can be inspected at the office of SIMON FRASER, Esq., Brisbane, at the Exchange, Sydney; or on the premises, Maryborough. Personal inspection of the stock and premises is solicited. Every information and assistance required will be afforded by the liquidator, or executor.
Tenders for the whole, or separate portions of the stock, with or without the buildings, stating terms, must be addressed to the executors administering the estate at Maryborough.
The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
Maryborough, 15th February, 1879.

THE Lease, License, Goodwill, Stock, and Furniture of a good paying Hotel for Sale. Mr. Canty, grocer, Regent-st.

FOR SALE, the GOODWILL and FURNITURE of a Private BOARDING-HOUSE. For particulars apply to Mr. SHAEFER, Tobacconist, 204, George-street West.

HOTEL.—Suburban, lease seven years, low rent, good trade—a bargain. Mr. ROBERT HARDY, Parkes-street.

BRICKMAKING ESTABLISHMENT, PETERSHAM. FOR PRIVATE SALE, comprising over FIVE ACRES of SPLENDID CLAY and shale of great depth, on a FIRST-CLASS METALLED ROAD, and every convenience in the shape of tools, drying sheds, kilns, &c.
It is admirably adapted for the erection of MODERN MACHINERY.
THE GOVERNMENT WORKS now before PARLIAMENT including the SYDNEY RAILWAY and WATER SUPPLY will require fully 100 MILLION of BRICKS, there is, therefore, a full certainty of a demand exceeding the supply for many years to come.
For further particulars apply MILLS and PILE, 154, Pitt-street.

HOTELS for SALE, various parts of city and suburbs. M. M'MAHON, 10, Campbell-street, Haymarket.

BARRINGTON GOLD-FIELD, Mountain Maid Reef.—A valuable INTEREST for SALE, on reasonable terms. J. PALMER, 177, Pitt-street.

CAPITAL Country BUSINESS for SALE. See tender column this day. J. T. DAVENPORT and CO., Accountants, George and Wynyard streets.

FOR SALE, a bargain, Fruiterer, Confectioner, and Pastrycook's BUSINESS, with oven, bakehouse, large premises, stock, fixtures, fittings; good connection; lease over three years; rent, £1 8s; no taxes. 48, George-street West.

A RARE CHANCE FOR A BUSINESS MAN.—For SALE, a first-class BUSINESS, yielding a return of £2000 a year. Apply to CROAKER and CO., Auctioneers, Bathurst.

FOR SALE, in the most important town of Riverina, the Freehold Premises, Plant, Stock, Fixtures, &c., &c., of a well-established BAKER'S and GROCER'S BUSINESS, doing a profitable trade, from which the present proprietor has realised a competency. The Freehold, &c., will be sold a bargain, on liberal terms. Stock on hand moderate, and the whole is in first-class working order. For further particulars apply to LEWIS and CONWAY, Mercantile Agents, 303, George-street, Sydney.

FOR SALE, DERBY HOTEL, Regent-street, Redfern; good trade, well furnished; long lease. Proprietor.

FOR SALE, Hairdressing BUSINESS; one month's trial if wanted; in a large country town. Apply J. M'GRATH, Hairdresser, No. 5, Regent-street, N. S. W.

CENTRALLY SITUATED.—For SALE, Tobacconist's BUSINESS; good stock; first-class stand for any kind of business; convenient house; rent moderate; reasonable offer accepted. E. RAMSAY, George-street.

BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT for SALE, in a suburb near town; permanent boarders. E. RAMSAY, 412, George-street.

FOR SALE, an HOTEL; incoming moderate; good lease; low rental. Castlemaine Brewery, Hay-street.

HOTELS for SALE, £100 to £5000. Full particulars, JOSEPH and CO., 110, King-street.

GROCERY and Greengrocery BUSINESS for SALE, only £40; a real sacrifice. E. RAMSAY, George-street.

A FRUIT and Colonial Wine BUSINESS to be disposed of, in the city. E. RAMSAY, George-street.

TO MEDICAL MEN.—A first-class PRACTICE for SALE in a flourishing country district; the vendor being desirous of visiting England for the benefit of his health. All particulars to be obtained of Messrs. A. J. WATT and CO., Wholesale and Retail Chemists and Druggists, 534, George-street.

HOTEL for SALE, in the suburbs, doing a good trade; low rent; healthy locality. For particulars, address Y. Z., HERALD Office.

LARGE central HOTEL, in full work, well furnished. W. DOUGLASS and CO., 41, Market-street.

COUNTRY STORE for SALE, doing large and profitable trade. W. DOUGLASS and CO., 41, Market-street.

HOTELS, city, £230, £300, £500, £800, £1000. Family HOTELS, city, £800, £1100, £1500, £2000. HOTELS, suburbs, from £150; buyers assisted, bank rates. J. HYETT, 494, George-street, opposite the markets.

FURNITURE, STOCK, FIXTURES, &c., of a General Store; rent, only 15s. Must be sold. E. Ramsay, Geo.-st.

RESTAURANT and HOTEL, Pitt-street, best situation. BATE and MUSTON, 147, Pitt-street. Must be sold.

NEWSPAPER FOR SALE.—An old-established Weekly Newspaper, doing a good business, for SALE on easy terms. This is a good chance for an energetic man with a small capital. Only bona-fide applicants treated with. Apply to Zeta, care Messrs. Cowan and Co., Wynyard-square.

WANTED to SELL, a Watchmaker and Jeweller's BUSINESS; established (11) eleven years; situated in William-street, Woolloomooloo. Apply 141, William-street, for particulars.

FOR SALE, a RESTAURANT, the best in the city. Apply CASINAVE, Baker, Yurong-street, Woolloomooloo.

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Government Notices.

GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS.
GREAT SOUTHERN, WESTERN, and RICHMOND LINES.

NOTICE is hereby given that on and after MONDAY next, the 17th instant, all GRAIN, FLOUR, BRAN, and POTATOES consigned to Sydney station, will be delivered at Darling Harbour.
CHAS. A. GOODCHAP, Commissioner for Railways.
Department of Public Works, Railway Branch, Sydney, 12th March, 1879.

The Treasury, New South Wales, 11th March, 1879.
BLANKETS.—TENDERS will be received at this Office until noon of WEDNESDAY NEXT, the 19th instant, for the supply (at the risk of the contractors) of the following BLANKETS, namely:—
7000 blankets for the aborigines
6000 ditto, white ordnance.
Tenderers will require to submit samples of the blankets, and state the quantity they are prepared to supply. They are required for immediate use, and must be, as nearly as possible, in accordance with the sealed sample at the Government Stores, where further information can be obtained.
JAMES WATSON.

General Post Office, Sydney, 11th March, 1879.
A TELEGRAPH OFFICE will be opened on the 17th instant at
BUNGWALL FLAT.
SAUL SAMUEL.

QUEENSLAND GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS. MARYBOROUGH TO GYMPIE.—2ND SECTION.
For the convenience of Contractors, the Plans, Specification, and Quantities for the above Railway have been forwarded by the Government to the office of the undersigned, where they will be on view until further notice.
G. H. ROYCE and CO.
305, George-street, Sydney.

Public Companies.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL FIRE SOCIETY Established 1872.
Capital—£100,000, with power to increase to £1,000,000.
BONUSES—20 per cent. paid annually for the last five years.
DIRECTORS:
Hon. John Sutherland, M.P., Chairman.
Manuel F. Josephson, Esq. William Day, Esq.
John Wetherill, Esq. William Hezlett, Esq.
First Fire Society established in the colony on the mutual principle, giving policy holders back part of their premiums as a cash bonus out of profits every year.
Policy holders are perfectly free by law from all liability.
Fifteen days' grace allowed for payment of renewal premiums.
DAMAGE BY LIGHTNING AND EXPLOSIONS BY GAS PAID.
Prompt and liberal settlement for fires.
Fire insurance at LOWEST RATES.
WALTER CHURCH, Manager.
Head Offices—Removed to 184, Pitt-street.

BRITISH AND AUSTRALASIAN TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY.
Capital, £2,000,000, with power to increase.
LOANS ON FREEHOLD AND OTHER SECURITY.
Forms of application and full particulars from the attorneys,
JAMES BLACKWOOD,
RICHARD BLACKWOOD,
59, Little Collins-street, Melbourne.
Agents—DALGETY, BLACKWOOD, and CO., Exchange, Sydney.

SYDNEY CO-OPERATIVE MEAT COMPANY (Limited.)
Capital, £20,000, in £1 shares, deposit 2s 6d per share, subsequent payments only 2s 6d each.
Carefully revised estimates showing profits over 30 per cent. on view at the Broker's office.
Every housekeeper who studies economy and values health should become a shareholder.
The prospectus to be obtained from Mr. S. GRAHAM, Broker to the Company, Vickery's-chambers.

PHOENIX FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY, Lombard-street and Charing Cross, London. Established 1782.
INSURANCES accepted on behalf of this Company at the LOWEST RATES of Premium. CLAIMS promptly settled. The Company has paid upwards of £12,000,000 sterling in losses to policy holders.
W. H. MACKENZIE and CO., Agents for New South Wales.
Exchange-corner, Sydney.

MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALASIA.
Established 1869, and Incorporated by Act of Parliament. George and Wynyard streets, Sydney.
Directors:
The Hon. S. D. Gordon, M.L.C., Chairman.
The Hon. Sir G. W. Allen, M.L.A., Deputy-chairman.
H. G. Alleyne, Esq., M.D. S. Dickinson, Esq.
John Davies, Esq., M.L.A. M. B. Pell, Esq., B.A.
Principal Medical Officer: H. N. MacLaurin, Esq., M.D.
BONUS YEAR, 1878-9.
All Assurants joining before the 30th JUNE next will participate in the division of profits to be then made by this, the SECOND OLDEST Mutual Life Office in these colonies, and the first to ree assurance from restrictions.
J. C. REMINGTON, Secretary.

CITY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY (Limited.)
Capital, £500,000. Subscribed, £150,000.
Offices: Waterloo Chambers, 470, George-street.
DIRECTORS:
Hon. M. Fitzpatrick, M.P., chairman.
John See, Esq. John T. Toohey, Esq.
J. P. Garvan, Esq. T. M. Slattery, Esq.
Patrick Stanley, Esq.
Profits divided with policy-holders every year.
All damages by lightning and gas explosion paid.
All kinds of fire risks taken at LOWEST RATES.
JAMES MURPHY, Manager.

THE NATIONAL MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALASIA (Limited). Established 1869.
New South Wales Branch, 71 Pitt-street, Sydney.
Directors:
Edward Chisholm, Esq. (Brown and Co.), Chairman.
D. G. E. Alsop Esq. (Harbottle, Biddulph, and Alsop).
Albert A. Smith, Esq., Hunter-street.
Medical Referees:
Alfred Roberts, Esq., M.R.C.S.
Andrew Houison, Esq., M.D., Edin.
The NEXT DIVISION OF PROFITS will take place as at 30th September, 1880, and all policies issued on or before 30th SEPTEMBER, 1879, will participate therein.
HENRY F. FRANCIS, Resident Secretary.

THE INTERCOLONIAL BOARD OF EXECUTORS, TRUSTEES, AND AGENCY COMPANY, LIMITED.
Capital—£100,000 in 20,000 Shares of £5 each.
Subscribed Capital—£32,500.
DIRECTORS.
P. A. JENNINGS, Esq., J.P., Chairman.
Alderman JOHN YOUNG, J.P., Vice-Chairman.
P. HIGGINS, Esq., J.P.
W. H. ARCHER, Esq.
T. J. CHAPMAN, Esq., J.P.
E. J. RUBIE, Esq.,
T. M. SLATTERY, Esq., J.P.
MANAGING DIRECTOR.
W. H. ARCHER, Esq., Barrister-at-Law.
SOLICITORS.
Messrs. ELLIS and MAKINSON, 89, Elizabeth-street, Sydney.
The Company having been duly registered under "the Companies Act, 1874" acts as Executor of Wills, Trustee, Administrator or Receiver, and will take over from other Executors or Fiduciaries estates or business at present in their hands on most reasonable terms.
The Company also acts as Attorney or Agent for those who, from absence, ill-health, or other cause, are unable or unwilling to manage their own affairs; and will also act for persons beyond the colony in the collection of interest on debentures, stock, shares, &c. In this capacity the Company will sell or let houses, invest moneys, negotiate loans, collect rents, &c.; effect insurances, and act generally for their constituents, who may be sure that any business placed in the hands of the Company will be executed with care and dispatch.
The advantages a Board having perpetual succession, and a large subscribed capital, give over an individual in acting as executor of a will or other fiduciary are obvious, while the combined judgment and enlarged experience which the Directors would bring to bear in dealing with the custody and investment of their clients' money would prove of great value to those who availed themselves of such services.
W. H. ARCHER, Managing Director.
Waterloo-chambers, 470, George-street, Sydney.

Stock and Stations.

ROW'S EMBROCATION, or FARMER'S FRIEND, may be had of all chemists and storekeepers. Bottles, 3s 6d.

AUSTRALIAN MORTGAGE LAND AND FINANCE COMPANY (Limited).
London, Melbourne, Geelong, and Sydney.
Capital, £2,000,000.
AUSTRALIAN BOARD:
James Macbain, Esq., M.L.A.
Robert Bruce Ronald, Esq.
Edmond Mackenzie Young, Esq.
CASH ADVANCES made on the ENSUING CLIP of WOOL and on Squatting Properties, Stations, Bills, &c.
Spring-street. W. A. COTTEE, Local Manager.

MIXED SHEEP
2000 very good, for SALE, travelling via Bathurst, Sofala, Ilford, and Capertee.
HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN, Sydney.

FOR PRIVATE SALE, valuable Pastoral Property, in the district of Maneroo, situated twenty-five miles from the town of Cooma, and known as
MAFRA,
The property of David Ryrie, Esq., Coolringdon, containing,
1176 acres of Freehold, with 5109 acres Conditional Purchases, and 20,000 acres of Leased Land,
as estimated by the Government Commissioner at the last appraisement, making a total of
26,285 ACRES
(more or less) of Freehold, Conditional Purchases, and Leased Land, together with
5000 WETHERS, 3 to 5 years old
2000 EWES, 3 years old
1000 WEANERS.
8000
(Eight thousand first-class sheep.)
This really first-class Pastoral Property is now offered for private sale, and is undoubtedly one of the finest Sheep Runs in the Maneroo district. It is situated in the most healthy part of the colony, and commands magnificent, varied, and extensive scenery. The country consists of open hilly downs, well watered, and has always borne the reputation of being one of the healthiest sheep runs in the district. The fattening qualities of its herbage and grasses are well known.
The requirements of the Land Act with the conditional purchases, have been complied with and declarations made. The lands secured are the pick of this celebrated station, or, in other words, the finest portions of the whole district of Maneroo.
For price, terms, and further particulars, apply to PITT, SON, and BADGERY, Auctioneers, Sydney; or to H. HOGARTH, Auctioneer, Goulburn.

Borough Council Notices.

MUNICIPALITY OF MANLY.—NOTICE is hereby given that the Council of this Municipal District proposes to borrow £1000 by Debentures, repayable at City Bank, Sydney, on the 31st December, 1884, and bearing interest at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum, payable half-yearly at the City Bank, Sydney, for the purpose of effecting permanent improvements with this Municipal District, to be secured upon the general rate which is estimated at the rate of £700 per annum for the next five years, exclusive of Government endowment or any other source of revenue whatever. TENDERS will be received by the undersigned until noon 27th March, 1879, for the whole or any portion of the above.
ALFRED HILDER, Mayor.
Council-chambers, 12th March, 1879.

MUNICIPALITY OF MANLY.
The Tender of Messrs. J. T. SMITH and W. JOHNSON, for the Assessing of all ratable property in the Municipality of Manly, has been accepted.
ALFRED HILDER, Mayor.

ABSTRACT of REVENUE and EXPENDITURE of the Borough of BURWOOD for the Half-year ended 3rd February, 1879:—

Dr. REVENUE.		
August 6.—To balance forward		£787 16 0
February 3.—Rates		337 3 2
Endowment		406 0 10
Subscription		13 8 2
Hire of room		2 2 0
Costs, fines, &c.		4 5 0
Total		£1550 15 2
Cr. EXPENDITURE.		
Feb. 3.—By advertising, printing, &c.		£17 10 0
Labour, carting, office expenses		106 15 9
Drain pipes, timber, &c.		261 10 9
Law expenses		2 2 0
Rent		12 10 0
Salaries—Council Clerk	£50 0 0	
Overseer	78 0 0	
Inspector of nuisances	6 0 0	
Office-keeper	2 10 0	
		136 10 0
Improvements—Ada-street	2 9 0	
Albert-street	6 16 0	
Albert Crescent	10 17 0	
Burwood Road	3 6 8	
Bold-street	68 12 0	
Bubb-street	3 10 6	
Cheltenham-street	94 15 5	
Cheltenham Road	8 8 0	
Conder-street	26 2 6	
Driver's Road	217 2 10	
Hannah-street	7 6 6	
Lucas Road	0 14 0	
Liverpool Road	17 9 6	
Minna-street	40 0 8	
Redmyre Road	91 11 6	
River View-street	248 11 6	
Station-street	4 17 2	
Victoria-street	35 0 0	
Want-street	41 8 4	
		937 18 3
Balance at bank		75 18 5
Total		£1550 15 2
Dr. GRANT IN AID OF PLANTING TREES.		
August 6.—To balance forward		£67 11 0
Total		£67 11 0
Cr.		
February 5.—By trenching, fencing, and purchase of trees		£65 4 8
Balance at bank		2 6 4
Total		67 11 0
Dr. GRANT IN AID OF FREE LIBRARY.		
October.—Grant in aid of Library		£200 0 0
Total		£200 0 0
Cr.		
February 3.—By purchase of books		£77 0 0
Balance at bank		123 0 0
Total		£200 0 0

I certify the above account to be correct, and to correspond with the books of accounts and vouchers or other documents in the possession or power of the Borough Council of Burwood.
LINDSAY G. THOMPSON, Mayor.
We certify that all the books of account, and vouchers, or other documents in support thereof, in the possession or power of the Borough Council of Burwood, have been exhibited to us, and that the foregoing statement corresponds with such books of account and vouchers or other documents, and that the above accounts are correct.
H. J. RUCKER, ALFRED C. JOHNSON, } Auditors.
C. H. MYLES, Hon. Treasurer.
EDWARD FARR, Council Clerk.
Council-chambers, Burwood, 11th March, 1879.

Public Notices.

IN THE ESTATE OF FRANCIS RAWDON HUME, the Younger, late of Frankfield, near Gunning, Grazier, deceased.
All persons having CLAIMS upon the above Estate are requested to send particulars thereof to the undersigned. And all persons indebted to the said Estate are requested to pay the amount to Mr. R. W. PEARSON, at the Commercial Bank, Yass.
E. A. ICETON, Solicitor for the Administrators, Rose-street, Yass.

TRADE CIRCULAS.
132, Pitt-street, Sydney, February, 1879.
SIR,—I embrace an early opportunity of informing you that I have secured offices in those centrally situated and well-known premises, No. 132, Pitt-street, for the purpose of entering upon the business of a
GENERAL AUCTIONEER and VALUATOR,
and I have reason to believe that my experience in the same capacity in England will enable me to conduct my operations in a prompt and energetic manner, conducive to the best interests of those who may favour me with their commands.
With regard to local and special knowledge of the trade and the requirements of this market, I may refer to the fact that I have for the last fourteen years been engaged in mercantile pursuits in this city, and am, therefore, fully conversant with the value of property, furniture, and general merchandise here, with the causes of its fluctuation, and the best time and method of realizing.
Under these circumstances I can with confidence invite a share of your support, and doubt not that promptitude, punctuality, attention, and probity, will ensure a continuance of it.
I remain, Sir, Your obedient servant,
HENRY PALMER.

LAST MONTH for BONUS and DOUBLE BONUS Tickets—March, 1879. Royal Furnishing Arcade. W.B.C.

CIVIL SERVICE BUILDING SOCIETY.—MONEY on FIXED DEPOSIT at 7 PER CENT. per annum is now received by this society.
JOHN PURKIS, Secretary.
267, George-street, opposite Hunter-street.

WATERWORTH'S DAY COACH between Wollongong and Campbelltown.
Leaving Campbelltown every MONDAY and FRIDAY MORNING, on arrival 9.45 train from Sydney.
Leaving Wollongong every TUESDAY and SATURDAY MORNING.
Fares:—Return tickets, available for eight days, 12s 6d single; are, 7s 6d.

RE GEORGE FORRESTER, late of Yarrawan, Liverpool Plains, deceased.—All persons having CLAIMS against this estate are requested to send particulars thereof to the undersigned, to whom all accounts due to the estate are to be paid. DEANE and DEANE, Solicitors to estate, 63, Elizabeth-street, Sydney.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the late firm of BRUNKER, WOLFE, and BADGERY are requested to pay or arrange for a settlement of their accounts to Messrs. BRUNKER and WOLFE, 271, George-street, Sydney, on or before the 31st instant, otherwise they will be handed to a solicitor for recovery.
JAMES N. BRUNKER
JAMES E. WOLFE
HENRY. S. BADGERY.
March 8, 1879.

WOOL.—The undersigned will make liberal advances on WOOL of this season's clip.
A. HINCHCLIFF, Wool Stores, Circular Quay.

COOGEE BAY, COOGEE BAY.—'BUSES every hour from Exchange, 9 a.m. to 8 p.m. Fare 9d.

SYDNEY and SUBURBAN PARCELS DELIVERY COMPANY have REMOVED from King-street to their Central Depot, Nos. 2 and 4, Barrack-street, where all communications will receive prompt attention.

THE SYDNEY BROOM MANUFACTURING CO. are now in full swing, and can supply the trade with Brooms superior to any ever offered in New South Wales, in lots from 5 to 500 dozen. Schedule price list post free.
BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO., Sole Agents.

NOTICE is hereby given that ALEXANDER WILLIAM AGAR, of Southgate, Clarence River, in the colony of New South Wales, Storekeeper and Postmaster, by a certain indenture of assignment, bearing even date herewith, did for the considerations therein mentioned, appoint, grant, bargain, sell, alien, release, and convey, assign, and transfer all his estate, property, and effects whatsoever and wheresoever to CHRISTOPHER NEWTON, of Sydney, in the colony aforesaid, Wholesale Warehouseman, and ISAAC LEWIS ISAACS, of Sydney, aforesaid, General Importer, in trust for the benefit of all his creditors. And further, that the said indenture was duly executed by the said Alexander William Agar, Christopher Newton, and Isaac Lewis Isaacs, according to the Act of the Legislative Council of New South Wales, in that behalf made and furnished, and now lies for inspection and execution at the offices of Messieurs PIGOTT and TRICKETT, Solicitors, 129, King-street, Sydney.
Dated this eleventh day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine.
ALZ. WILL. AGAR,
CHRIS. NEWTON,
I. L. ISAACS.
Witness to the respective signatures of Alexander William Agar, Christopher Newton, and Isaac Lewis Isaacs,
CHAS. MOORE, J.P.

WAGGONETTES. WAGGONETTES.—The inhabitants of Upper William-street North and South pledge their support to proprietor of Waggonettes if two or three are placed on line, starting from Exchange, terminating journey as above, and running at regular and convenient intervals.

WOOL AND OTHER PRODUCE.—Liberal cash advances made by the undersigned on wool and other produce placed in their hands for sale in the colonies for shipment to Messrs. Dalgety, Du Croz, and Co., their London firm. Advances made on stations and stock. Station stores supplied.
DALGETY, BLACKWOOD, and CO.
Offices: Exchange-buildings, Pitt-street (next Messrs. W. Laidley and Co.'s), Sydney.

RETURN BALL TO THE MAYOR (C. J. ROBERTS, Esq.)
All communications must be sent to the Royal Hotel, where attendance will be given daily.
JOHN H. DAVIES, THOS. J. CHAPMAN, } Hon. Secs.
March 12, 1879.

BUCKLAND V. EVANS, DISTRICT COURT.
In this case, an action for money lent, a verdict was entered for plaintiff for £4 18s.

TRY PEMELL'S PATENT MEAL, an excellent breakfast for children and persons in delicate health.

NOTICE.—I, DANIEL KENNEDY of Paddington, will not be responsible for any DEBTS contracted by my WIFE, Mary Kennedy, from this 11th March, 1879.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—I wish, through your columns, to correct some statements made in a paragraph which appeared in your issue of the 1st instant relative to late proceedings in the Borough Council of Burwood, in which, as an alderman, I took part, and I wish further, through the same medium which gave publicity to the paragraph referred to, to place my conduct on the occasion mentioned in a proper light before the public. I do not know who your reporter may be, but think I could give a fair guess, as the report bears a strong semblance of one-sidedness in thorough harmony with most other actions of the Borough Council of Burwood. If your informant was not the Council Clerk, I am much mistaken. Your report says, "Alderman Archer launched out into virulent invective. He informed the Mayor that he was in illegal possession of the chair, and it was in vain that his Worship endeavoured to persuade the obstreperous Alderman to table a substantial (!) motion. His abusive remarks applying to the Mayor and several of the aldermen were cheered to the echo by a number of persons outside."

I flatly deny that I "launched out into virulent invective." I simply rose to a point of order, which I had a perfect right to do; and whether I had good and solid grounds for so doing, I was perfectly justified in expressing my opinion that the Mayor was illegally in the chair. I may have been wrong in the view I took. I conceived at the time I was right, and had the chairman left the chair while I was discussing the point, and moved another alderman into it, the debate might have been carried out to the mutual satisfaction of all concerned. Instead of doing this, the chairman ruled me out of order, and was supported by certain friends of his in the Council, who interposed impertinent and irrelevant remarks, which I could not refrain from noticing; and doubtless, some of my replies were scarcely gratifying to the keen sensibilities of some of my brother aldermen, and were only slightly relished by our Council Clerk. Your report does not say that our sapient chairman, acting on the suggestion of an equally wise alderman, threatened me with ARREST, and read the section of the Municipalities Act bearing on the subject, which simply led to the utter confusion and chagrin of both, for, being a member of the Council, I was beyond the power of such petty spite.

There was an evident determination on the part of the Mayor and his friends not to hear me, and knowing that as I was in the minority I must press the question on the consideration of the Council, or else there should be an end to the freedom of debate in the Burwood Council, and so I persisted, having a right to do so, till the Council adjourned.

It is not true that any remarks of mine "were cheered to the echo by a number of persons outside." No demonstration was made until the chairman read the section of the Act before referred to, as to arrest, when he most unquestionably put his foot into it. Then a combined and hearty laugh from the bystanders must have added to his discomfiture.

Now, Sir, as a lover of fair play I ask you whether, having my explanation before you, you do not consider the report complained of partial and one-sided, and whether I am not justified in asking your indulgence to refute statements which are calculated to mislead and misinform the public, and at the same time prejudice me in the minds of the ratepayers of Burwood.
ALDERMAN ARCHER.
Burwood, February 6th, 1879.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
IN INSOLVENCY.
In the Insolvent Estate of CHARLES WHITFIELD, of Clarke's Creek, in the colony of New South Wales, Storekeeper.
NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made by the above-named Insolvent to his Honor the Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates (acting for and on behalf of the Supreme Court of New South Wales, pursuant to the Act 38 Victoria, No. 1) on TUESDAY, the twenty-fifth day of March instant, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard in that behalf, that the decision of the said Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates, made and given on the twenty-fifth day of December, 1874, refusing to allow the said Insolvent his certificate, may be altered and varied, and that such certificate may be granted after such suspension thereof and as to the Court shall seem reasonable and just, pursuant to the provisions of the rider to the Act 10 Victoria, No 14, and upon the grounds appearing in and by the affidavit of Charles Whitfield, sworn herein and filed on the eleventh February last past, and the request of the Creditors in the above Estate, GEORGE FESQ and JOHN BARLOW, and the affidavit of G. J. BARRY, also filed herein on the 11th day of March instant.
Dated this 11th day of March, A.D. 1879.
EDWARD CLARKE, Attorney for the said Insolvent, Mudgee, by FREDERIC CURTISS, 151, King-street, Sydney.

CIVIL SERVICE BUILDING SOCIETY.—The MONTHLY PAYMENT falls due THIS DAY, the 13th instant, between the hours of 10 and 5, and 7 and 9 in the EVENING, at the Office, 267, George-street, opposite Hunter-street. Shares and all information can be obtained from
JOHN PURKIS, Secretary.

TWO POUNDS REWARD will be paid to any one giving such information as shall lead to the conviction of the persons who steal FENCING off the Waterloo Estate.
D. COOPER and CO., 464, George-street.

IN THE ASSIGNED ESTATE OF WILLIAM TURNER, Storekeeper, Wallabadah.—All CLAIMS against the above estate must be furnished to the undersigned on or before the 20th instant, to enable the trustees to declare a dividend.
JAS. R. LOVE, 504, George-street.

Produce, Provisions, &c.

VINEGAR, in bulk and bottle. MONK'S Vinegar Works, 251, Sussex-street.

FRESH BUTTER.—Frozen fresh spring BUTTER, in quantities to suit the trade and families always in stock. Fresh Food and Ice Company (Limited), 19, Harbour-street.

J. PEMELL'S Office and Store, opposite Railway GATE, Flour Mill, Sussex-street, near the Haymarket.—Silk-dressed, Superfine, Fine, and Seconds FLOUR; Wheat Meal, Maize Meal, Bran, Pollard, Prepared Cattle Food, Whole and Cracked Corn, Barley, Oats, Peas, Straw, Oaten and Lucerne Hay and Chaff, Potatoes. Guaranteed best qualities; lowest prices.

FLOUR.—Superfine, fine, household, and seconds, manufactured at our Bathurst, Ashfield, and SYDNEY MILLS; also, various country and Adelaide brands. Bran, pollard, corn meal, corn flour, barley, oats, maize (whole and cracked), on SALE by M. BOYLSON and SONS, the Sydney Flour Mills, Grafton Wharf.

THE NEW SENSATION.—To get a Sovereign in shilling packet, at 118, King-street.

THE AUSTRALIAN RELISH, possessing the most delicious flavour for Fish, Game, Wild Fowl, Curries, Gravies, Cutlets, Steaks, Chops, and Roast Meats.
Patronised by his Excellency the Governor and Lady Robinson.
PRICE, ONE SHILLING.
The following extracts have been selected from letters received to this date, and the manufacturer respectfully solicits the patronage of the general public of the Australasian colonies:—
From his Excellency the Governor and Lady Robinson.
"I am directed by his Excellency the Governor and Lady Robinson to return you many thanks for your kind present of six bottles of the Australian Relish, and I am further directed to say that they consider it most excellent. They intend to use it regularly at Government House, and to recommend it to others."
From T. S. Mort, Esq.
"I like your Australian Relish much, for whilst it is a gentle spur to the appetite, it does not appear to have anything in it likely to do harm to the stomach."
From a well-known Clergyman in Sydney.
"I think I am acquainted with all sauces, but your Australian Relish is, in my judgment, the very best yet produced, and is quite distinctive in character."
Sold retail by all grocers and storekeepers throughout the Australasian colonies, and wholesale by all wholesale houses and the manufacturer.
WASHINGTON H. SOUL, 221, Pitt-street, Sydney.

CHEESE.—Merimbula Cheese, prime quality on SALE. T. J. STUTCHBURY and CO., 5, Wynyard-street.

Furniture, &c.

IF YOU WANNT THE BEST SEWING MACHINE ever made, buy the CELEBRATED REMINGTON. These machines took first prizes Vienna and Brisbane, and have the latest improvements. Some of these are:—
The bobbin can be wound without running the machine; they will sew muslin and a number of thicknesses of cloth without altering the tension; they are simple, durable, easy to work, and comparatively noiseless. There is no fear of their getting out of order and giving you trouble. We warrant every machine to give satisfaction. We have a large number of testimonials from the leading houses, speaking of their excellence. We keep all parts of machines, oil, &c., in stock, and competent hands employed to attend to them, so that in this respect there will be no difficulty should anything go wrong.
☞ Prices lower, and terms most liberal to suit all buyers.
We have also to hand Remington BUTTONHOLE MACHINES, which are now extensively used in the manufactories in America. These are a wonderful saving of labour, as they will do 1500 to 2000 buttonholes in nine hours. They would pay their cost in a few weeks.
J. J. CURRAN, 600, George-street, Sole Agent.

THE IMPROVED "HOME SHUTTLE" SEWING-MACHINE.
All genuine machines stamped "M. Moss and Co."
REDUCED PRICE LIST.
No. 1.—For Hand Use, complete, £4.
No. 2.—For Treadle Use, with table complete, £6.
No. 3.—Ditto, with cover and lock and key, complete, £7.
We have appointed Mr. C. E. FULLER, Stationers' Hall, 387, George-street, opposite Royal Hotel, Sole Retail Agent, where the machines are procurable on a liberal time-payment system.
Sole Wholesale Agents, M. MOSS and CO., Wynyard-lane, Sydney.

FURNITURE SHOWROOMS, O'Connell-street.
The undersigned invite the attention of parties furnishing, gentlefolks recently arrived, and the public generally, to the MAGNIFICENT SELECTION of HIGH CLASS FURNITURE, NOW ON VIEW at the above address.
☞ FOR PRIVATE SALE, including a complete assortment of HALL, DINING-ROOM, LIBRARY, DRAWING-ROOM, and BEDROOM REQUISITES of the MOST NOVEL and FASHIONABLE DESIGNS. Consignments per Wave of Life, City of Carlisle, and Hengist are now being opened out and will be followed by other EXTENSIVE SHIPMENTS, arrangements having been made with the LEADING MANUFACTURING HOUSES in LONDON for continuous supplies.
WHOLESALE BUYERS LIBERALLY DEALT WITH.
EXPERIENCED PACKERS are retained for the safe dispatch of goods for the country or for shipment.
BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, Auctioneers and General Commission Agents, Spring and O'Connell streets.

LAST MONTH for BONUS and DOUBLE BONUS Tickets—March, 1879. Royal Furnishing Arcade. W. B. C.

SEWING MACHINES
TURNER and CO., (late TURNER and WOOD), sell the AMERICAN SINGERS, £7 0 0, or
BY INSTALMENTS, BY INSTALMENTS, BY INSTALMENTS } 2s 6d WEEKLY.
THE IMPROVED HOME SHUTTLE, by hand, £4 0 0; on stand, £6 0 0.
BY INSTALMENTS, BY INSTALMENTS, BY INSTALMENTS } 2s 6d WEEKLY.
THE IMPROVED WANZER "A," by hand, £4 10s; on stand, £6 10s.
BY INSTALMENTS, BY INSTALMENTS, BY INSTALMENTS } 2s 6d WEEKLY.
ALL STANDARD SEWING-MACHINES,
2s 6d WEEKLY, 2s 6d WEEKLY, 2s 6d WEEKLY } TURNER and CO.
Needles Cotton, Oil, and Duplicate Parts.
TURNER and CO., 349, George-street.

ROBERT HARDY, Furniture Warehouseman, 33, Park and Castlereagh streets, furnishes houses from £10 to £1000 upon easiest terms offered in the city. Weekly or monthly payments. N.B.—Second-hand furniture bought.

PRIZE MEDAL SEWING-MACHINES.
The new DAVIS Vertical Feed SEWING-MACHINE received FIRST PRIZE for SIMPLICITY, EFFICIENCY, and DURABILITY, at Sydney Exhibition, 1878; Grand Medal of Honour at Centennial; and the Scott Legacy Medal, 1876. The Davis has no cogwheels or ratchets, runs lightly, has fewer parts than any other machine, while the vertical feed constitutes in itself the greatest modern triumph in sewing mechanism.
Price Lists and Samples of work sent post-free to any part of the colonies.
B. O. HOLTERMANN and CO., Sole Agents, 42, Pitt-street.

PLAIN WORDS TO PLAIN PEOPLE.—If you want a SEWING-MACHINE you can rely upon I can recommend you the HOME SHUTTLE, and warrant it for five years. You can try before you buy, and only take it if it suits you. You will be taught free, and can obtain one by paying 10s down and the balance at 2s 6d per week. Cash prices, £4, £6, and £7. FULLER, Sole Retail Agent, 387, George-street. N.B.—Look for "M. Moss and Co." on the steel plate.

FROM THE NEWS OF THE WORLD.—
"At the Paris Exhibition, the WHEELER and WILSON MANUFACTURING COMPANY have gained an indisputable pre-eminence over 80 competitors by carrying off the only 'GRAND PRIZE' awarded to SEWING-MACHINES (which must not be confounded with the 'Gold Medal,' a secondary prize), for the superiority and excellence of their machines. The testimony of a jury composed of competent authorities will not fail to guide the public in choosing an article that is now a necessity to every one."
Send for a circular to GORDON and GOTCH, 353, George-street.
BEWARE OF GERMAN IMITATIONS.
It is Economy to buy the best.
SUPPLIED ON THE MOST LIBERAL TIME-MACHINES PAYMENT SYSTEM.

UNDER THE BONUS PLAN WHICH EXPIRES ON 31st MARCH.
For the sum of £200 prompt net cash.
You can furnish a HOUSE, a ROOM, or ROOMS, as follows, and receive a PRESENT or BONUS of £20 value:—

DRAWING ROOM.	
A new fine toned 7 octave walnut pianoforte, by Bord...	£24 0 0
Walnut music stool to match	0 18 6
Drawing room suites, in green or crimson silk damask	22 0 0
Elegant walnut inlaid oval centre table	5 10 0
Superior walnut inlaid sideboard, plate-glass back and doors, with marble top	8 10 0
Gilt frame British-plate pier-glass, 50 x 40	6 15 0
Shaped walnut whatnot	1 5 0
Walnut occasional chess top or inlaid table	7 10 0
Fender and set of irons, 30s; lamp, 20s	2 10 0
Carpet, choice of various rich patterns	3 17 6
Handsome hearthrug, 17s 6d; marble clock, £3 10s	3 7 6
Cornice-pole with brackets and curtain bands	1 2 6
A pair of elegant vases	0 15 0
DINING ROOM.	
Superior mahogany dining-room suite, in morocco, consisting of six balloon-back chairs, gent.'s easy chair, lady's chair, and couch...	£22 10 0
Massive telescope table, 7 feet long	6 10 0
Carpet, £3 10s; hearthrug, 7s 6d; set vases, 10s 6d	4 8 0
Arched or carved back sideboard, with plinth	3 15 0
Cruet, 15s; teapot, 17s 6d	1 12 6
Fender and irons, 18s 6d; set papier maché trays, 16s 6d	1 15 0
Two door slips, 5s; cornice pole, brackets, and curtain bands, 18s 6d	1 3 6
Side table, 25s	1 5 0
No. 1 BEDROOM.	
Handsome four-post double tubular bedstead	4 0 0
Hair double mattress, £3 10s; pair palliasses. 17s 6d	4 7 6
Bolster, 8s 6d; two feather pillows, 15s	1 3 6
Mahogany toilet table, with swing glass, and marble-top washstand to match	11 10 0
Seven-drawer cedar chest of drawers, £5 5s; engraved caraffe, 3s 6d	5 8 6
Double toilet service, £2 5s; two cane-seat chairs, 13s	2 18 0
Sixteen yards best matting for room, 12 x 12, 16s; table toilet set, 10s 6d	1 6 6
No. 2 BEDROOM.	
Double tubular bedstead, flowered posts	£3 10 0
Mattress, 35s; pair palliasses, 15s; bolster, 5s	2 15 0
Two feather pillows, 10s; seven-drawer chest drawers, £3 10s	4 0 0
Towel rail, washstand and toilet set, £1 4s	1 4 0
Toilet Table, 10s; toilet glass, 11s 6d; 2 chairs, 11s	1 12 6
Matting for room 12 x 12, 12s; caraffe, 1s 6d	0 13 6
No. 3 BEDROOM.	
Half-tester bedstead, £1 10s; mattress, 10s 6d; palliasse, 10s 6d	£2 11 0
Bolster, 2s 6d; feather pillow, 5s	0 7 6
Chest of drawers, 45s; washstand and set, £1 0s 6d	3 5 6
Toilet glass, 7s; chair, 3s 9d; square matting, 2s 6d	0 13 3
SERVANT'S ROOM.	
Bedstead, palliasses, mattress, bolster and pillow	2 3 0
Washstand and set, 15s 6d; toilet table, 7s 6d	1 3 0
Toilet glass, 3s 6d; chair, 3s 6d	0 7 0
KITCHEN.	
White wood dresser, 26s; safe, 22s 6d; dinner service, £3 5s	5 13 6
Complete tea and coffee service, £2 2s	2 2 0
Suite of glassware, £1 14s; half dozen each large and small knives, ivory handles, £1 1s 6d	2 15 6
Half-dozen each electro-plated forks, £1 7s; four table spoons, 10s	1 17 0
Six dessert, 12s; six tea spoons, 7s 6d; carver and fork, 8s 6d	1 8 0
Set of dish covers, 35s; pair salts, 5s	2 0 0
Salt and mustard spoon, 3s; set jugs, 5s 6d	0 8 6
Hand lamp, 4s; candlesticks, 2s; saucepans, 1s 6d, 2s 3d, 3s 6d	0 13 3
Galvanized tubs, 4s 6d, 7s; kettle, 7s 6d	0 19 0
Boiler, 13s 6d; gridiron, 1s 6d; bucket, 2s; dust pan, 1s 9d	0 18 9
Hand brush, 1s 6d; scrub brush, 1s 6d; hair broom, 4s 6d	0 7 6
Frying pan, 2s; coffee and teapots, 4s; clothes line and pegs, 2s 6d	0 8 6
Millet broom, 2s 6d; wash basin, 2s 6d; bellows, 3s	0 8 0
Paste board and roller, 3s 6d; knife board and polish, 2s 9d	0 6 3
Flat irons, 4s 6d; colander, 2s 6d; dipper, 1s; chairs, 7s	0 15 0
	£200 0 0

THOUSANDS of ARTICLES are MARKED DOWN in the ARCADE, in the SHOW ROOMS, and in the BARGAIN ROOM, and yet are, during this month (March, 1879), subject to the BONUS or DOUBLE BONUS.
W. B. CAMPBELL, ROYAL FURNISHING ARCADE, next to the Royal Hotel, George-street.
N.B.—Any single Article may be selected from this List.

PRIZE MEDAL EXHIBITION, 1878.—The NEW AUTOMATIC WILLCOX and GIBBS' SEWING-MACHINE for hand or foot, a self-adjusting, only true noiseless; perfection in sewing; uses the reel straight from the shop, no bobbins, no shuttles, &c.; is the simplest, most durable, and easiest to learn and work.
S. HEBBLEWHITE, 432, George-street.

FOR SALE, cheap, a Singer's SEWING-MACHINE. Mrs. Kirrson, grocer, Derwent-street, Glebe.

SOMETHING WORTH KNOWING
Fresh Goods ex late arrivals are now being marked in plain figures at prices that will surprise purchasers. And in consequence of the whole of our IMMENSE and WELL-ASSORTED STOCK of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE undergoing a thorough REMARKING the SYSTEM OF DISCOUNT will be DISCONTINUED, and a prompt net cash business carried on at HARDY, BROTHERS', HYDE PARK FURNISHING EXHIBITION, Oxford-street.
The prices quoted will give the public sufficient proof of the great reduction that has been made, viz.:—
Drawingroom Suites, 9 articles, £11 10s.
Dining-room Suite of 9 articles, viz., 6 balloon-backed chairs, couch, and 2 easy chairs, covered in hair cloth and spring-seated, £12 10s
H. C. Couches, 50s; Chiffoniers, 52s 6d
H. C. balloon-backed Chairs, spring-seated, 15s
Chiffonier Safes, with drawer and carved back, 21s
Handsome Sideboards, with cellarets, £6
Dining Tables, 12s 6d; cane-seated Chairs, 3s
Rocking Chairs, from 9s; Pier-glasses, from 12s
Cornice Poles, with rings complete, 7s 6d
Handsome inlaid Centre Tables, £2 10s
Wardrobes, in pine, cedar, walnut, birch, maple, all styles and sizes, with and without plate-glass fronts, at fabulously low prices
Chests of Drawers, from 35s to £8
Large assortment of Iron Bedsteads, from 16s 6d
Double Palliasses, 12s; fibre Mattresses, 15s
Bedding, of every description, cheaper than any other house in town
Oleographs, in massive gilt frames, £1
Handsome Ormolu CLOCKS, under shades, £2 10s, original price £4 4s
VASES in great variety, from 3s 6d per pair
Strong Kitchen CHAIRS, 2s 6d
Pine SAFES, 12s
Hanging SAFES, 18s 6d
Toilet Glasses in every shape and style, from 3s 9d
VELVET PILE HEARTHRUGS, good pattern, 7s
Revolving CRUET-STAND, silver plate, 18s 6d
Table Covers, 7s 6d; Lamps from 2s 9d
Kitchen Dressers, 22s 6d, Kitchen Tables, 7s
Crockery, Glass, China, and Hollowware
Cutlery and Platedware at prices equally moderate.
PARTIES VISITING THE METROPOLIS AND OTHERS are invited to CALL AND INSPECT our IMMENSE STOCK of REALLY USEFUL and SUBSTANTIAL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, the whole of which is displayed in our extensive SHOW-ROOM (the largest in the southern hemisphere), where every article is marked in the lowest net cash price, from which no reduction will be made.
N.B.—Country orders promptly executed, goods packed by experienced packers, all goods delivered free of charge in town and suburbs, at
HARDY, BROTHERS', Hyde Park Furnishing Exhibition, OXFORD-STREET.

PIANOFORTE, new, every improvement, full compass; returning to Europe; fearful sacrifice. 413, Crown-st., S. H.

FOR SALE, a Billiard-Bagatelle TABLE, complete. AYRES, Furniture Warehouse, George-street West.

Auction Sales.

Horses, Vehicles, and Harness.
GEORGE KISS will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, all lots not specially advertised; and at 12 o'clock, all lots specially advertised.
Regular sales at the Bazaar daily, and at Camperdown any afternoon.

Bay Mare, Buggy, and Harness.
GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
A bay mare, buggy, and harness.
An excellent lot.

Twenty-five head of useful Horses.
For Sale at Camperdown Yards, THURSDAY 13th, 1879.
GEORGE KISS has received instructions from Messrs. John and Reuben Dennis to sell by auction, at the Camperdown Yards, THIS DAY, 13th instant, at 2 o'clock,
25 head of horses, suitable for draught, light and heavy harness, and saddle purposes.

Ten head of broken and unbroken.
For Sale at Camperdown Yards, THIS DAY, the 13th instant.
GEORGE KISS has received instructions from David Moffitt, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Camperdown Yards, THIS DAY, at 2 o'clock,
Ten head of broken and unbroken horses, suitable for heavy or light harness.

Family Phaeton, Horse and Harness.
GEORGE KISS has received instructions from a gentleman leaving Sydney to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
A good family phaeton, horse and harness.
The horse is stanch, quiet, broken to saddle and harness, and will carry a lady.

MARE, VAN, and HARNESS.
GEORGE KISS has received instructions from Mr. J. Durrill, to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
Bay mare, broken to harness, and subject to trial.
1 spring-van and set of harness.

CARRIAGE and HARNESS.
GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
One of the best built English family pair-horse carriages in Sydney; also, splendid set of double harness. The lot cannot be surpassed.

Horse, Covered Sociable, and Harness.
GEORGE KISS has received instructions from John Hughes, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
A bay gelding, powerful and good in harness.
A sociable, built by Fitzgerald and Collins, with extension top; also, a set of harness, making an excellent lot, in first-rate order.

Three Country Horses.
GEORGE KISS has received instructions from Mr. R. M'Kay to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
Two horses, broken to saddle and harness
One fine upstanding unbroken colt.

Stylish Carriage Pair.
GEORGE KISS has received instructions from C. T. Richardson, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, on THURSDAY, the 20th instant, at 12 o'clock,
A very handsome chestnut mare, by Euston out of Malibran, by Scratch out of Malibran, by Dover (imported) out of Madame Pasta, by Associate, Euston by Sir Hercules.
Also,
A wellbred bay horse, DR. SYNTAX.
The above are a well matched, stylish pair, both 16 hands, broken to single and double harness, and splendid leaders. Sold solely on account of the owner having more horses than he can work.

Thoroughbred Horse, MASTER MARINER.
GEORGE KISS has received instructions from Mr. F. Morris, of Queensland, to sell by auction (unless previously disposed of by private contract), on MONDAY next, at the Bazaar, Pitt and Castlereagh streets, at 12 o'clock,
MASTER MARINER, a bay horse, 4 years old, by Maribyrnong, from May Fly (dam of the Barber, now in training for the Champagne Stakes and Sires Produce Stakes at Randwick).
Master Mariner was bred by Mr. Justice Lutwyche, of Queensland, stands 16 hands 3 inches, and measures 8½ inches below the knee. He is a grand horse, with plenty of flat bone, and distinguished himself at the very outset of his career on the Queensland turf by running a dead heat with the Queensland crack Nemo, at Dalby, in a race at weight for age for a mile and a quarter, when he was 2 years old, and carrying 18 lbs. over weight.

Horses, Drays, and Harness.
GEORGE KISS has received instructions from C. Parbury, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, on TUESDAY next, at 12 o'clock,
A fine upstanding chestnut gelding, subject to trial, with town dray and set of harness, in good order
Two bay geldings, spring drays, and harness.
The above horses are really first-class animals, and accustomed to town work, and will be at work up to day of sale.

H. S. GIBSON, Horse Bazaar, 282, Pitt-street, opposite School of Arts, will sell by auction, THIS DAY, Horses, buggies, American waggonettes, spring carts, harness, &c. N.B.—Horses and Buggies lent on Hire.

HORSES. HORSES, HORSES.
WILLIAM INGLIS has received instructions from Messrs. Fenwick and Lynch to sell by auction, at the Camperdown Yards, THIS DAY, March 13, at 2 o'clock,
10 very grand and heavy stanch draught colts.

FAT CALVES. FAT CALVES. FAT CALVES.
INGLIS' STOCK SALE YARDS, 793, George-street.
WILLIAM INGLIS will sell by auction, at his Stock Sale Yards, THIS DAY, March 13, at 1 o'clock,
30 extraordinary prime fat calves, from Messrs. Cooper, Brothers, Lake George
36 ditto ditto ditto, from M. Butler, Esq., Berrima.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have received instructions from their Northern Agents to sell by auction, at the Associated Yards, Homebush, THIS DAY, 13th instant, at 11 o'clock,
174 prime and weighty fat cattle.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have received instructions from John Ward, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Associated Yards, Homebush, THIS DAY, Thursday, 13th instant, at 11 o'clock,
30 prime fat cattle.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have received instructions from J. J. Fuller, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Associated Yards, Homebush, THIS DAY, 13th instant, at 11 o'clock,
200 prime fat wethers.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have received instructions from their Southern Agents, to sell by auction at the Associated Yards, Homebush, THIS DAY, 13th instant, at 11 o'clock,
300 very prime fat wethers, 70 lbs.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have received instructions from Messrs. Wormall and Blamey to sell by auction, at the Associated Yards, Homebush, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
60 prime and weighty fat bullocks.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have received instructions from J. N. Gilmour, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Associated Yards, Homebush, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
54 prime fat bullocks.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have received instructions from W. Lee, jun., Esq., to sell by auction, at the Associated Yards, Homebush, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
500 prime fat wethers.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN will sell by auction, at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, at 2.30 o'clock,
On account of A. Cobcroft, Esq.,
25 very prime fat calves.
Ex rail,
Fat lambs.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.
MAIDEN, HILL, and CLARK are instructed to sell by auction, at Homebush, at the Association Yards,
150 prime bullocks, on account of Messrs. P. and W. Donohue
50 prime fat bullocks, for their Western agents
1800 prime fat wethers, for L. F. Iredale, Esq., Goolhi.

FAT SHEEP, for THURSDAY.
BRUNKER and WOLFE have received instructions from Michael Crowe, Esq., to sell by auction, at Homebush, THIS DAY, the 13th March, 1879, at 11 o'clock,
300 prime fat wethers, per train.

FAT LAMBS. FAT LAMBS.
BRUNKER and WOLFE have received instructions to sell by auction, at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, George-street, THIS DAY, at half-past 2 o'clock,
150 prime fat lambs, from the Hunter
100 ditto ditto crossbreds.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY have received instructions from F. D. Badgery, Esq., to sell by auction, at Homebush, THIS DAY, 13th instant, at 11 o'clock,
750 prime fat sheep.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY have received instructions from F. D. Badgery, Esq., to sell by auction, at Homebush, THIS DAY, 13th instant, at 11 o'clock,
100 prime and weighty fat bullocks.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY have received instructions from H. Newcomen, Esq., to sell by auction, at Homebush, THIS DAY, 13th instant, at 11 o'clock,
150 prime fat cows.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY have received instructions from John Town, Esq., to sell by auction, at Homebush, THIS DAY, 13th instant, at 11 o'clock,
160 fat bullocks.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY have received instructions to sell by auction, at Homebush, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
100 prime fat wethers
100 ditto ditto ewes.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY have received instructions from John A. Gardiner, Esq., to sell by auction, at Homebush, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
100 exceedingly prime and heavy fat bullocks, from Gobolion, and trained from Orange.

Fat Calves and Lambs.
PITT, SON, and BADGERY have received instructions to sell by auction, at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, THIS DAY, at 3 o'clock,
40 prime fat calves, Marulan
40 ditto ditto, Sutton Forest
70 prime fat lambs, steamer.
Terms, cash.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY have received instructions from John Slocomb, Esq., to sell by auction, at Homebush, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
20 extra prime fat bullocks.

Butchers. Butchers. Butchers.
W. PULLAGAR and SON have received instructions from G. D. Lane, Esq., to sell, at Homebush, THIS DAY, 13th March, at 11 o'clock,
70 prime bullocks.
Also, for Messrs. E. S. and C. Hall,
70 head prime cattle.
Terms, cash.

WELLS and SMITH will sell by auction, at Newtown Railway Station, THIS DAY, at 3 o'clock, Wood, &c.

WELLS and SMITH will sell by auction, at Darling Harbour, THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, Wood, postsand rails

DENT and HOSKIN will sell by auction, at D. Harbour, THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, Billet Wood, &c.

IN THE INSOLVENT ESTATE OF LAWRENCE LEVY.
TATE, BROTHERS, have received instructions from the Official Assignee to sell by auction, at their Show Rooms, 86, Sussex-street, THIS DAY, 13th instant, at 2 o'clock sharp,
The whole of the household furniture in the above estate not allowed by creditors, consisting of
Walnut sideboard, glass sides and back
Marble-top table and hat stand
Chests drawers, hall chairs
Wardrobe, cedar bookcase
Horse-hair suite,—couch and 8 chairs
Dining-table and chairs
Walnut whatnot
Two marble washstands with sets
Marble clock under shade
One large clock and two small ditto
Three pier glasses, one very large
Chiffonier, card table
Pictures, lustres, mantelpiece ornaments
Six iron bedsteads
Bedroom easy chairs and commode
Carpets, lamps
Kitchen tables, glassware, &c., &c.
The above have been removed to the Show Rooms for convenience of sale, where they can be inspected.
Terms cash. No reserve.

Clearing-out Sale in consequence of Removal.
To Carpenters, Gasfitters, Livery-stable Keepers, and others.
W. GARLING will sell by auction, at 776, George-street, Haymarket, THIS DAY, 13th instant, at 11 o'clock, without reserve,
All the fittings of thirteen loose boxes, consisting of—
New pine boards, doors, hinges, gates, hardwood flooring, slabs, racks and mangers, fanlight (30 panes), gas piping, sunlight (8 burners), 400-gallon tank with large brass tap, brass-mounted harness, cart sets, saddles and bridles, bits, buckets, fork, clippers, barrow, shovels, &c.; large earthenware pipes and sink traps, and a large lot of empty bags.

Waggonette, New Buggy Shafts, &c.
W. GARLING has been instructed to sell by auction, at 776, George-street, Haymarket, THIS DAY, 13th instant, at 11 o'clock, without reserve,
A waggonette to carry 10, in good order, by Vial
Several pair buggy shafts, driving winkers, &c.

STOCK SALE.
ELLIS and CO. will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at their Yards, 763, George-street South, at half-past 11 o'clock,
20 prime fat calves, from John Harris, Esq.
25 ditto ditto ditto, from P. H. Osborne, Esq.
40 ditto ditto ditto, per rail
20 ditto ditto ditto, ditto steamer
45 ditto ditto ditto, pigs, ditto ditto
30 ditto ditto ditto, ditto rail
40 ditto ditto lambs, ditto ditto.
At half-past 12 o'clock,
Milch cows, dry cattle, and springers
10 first-class milch cows, with calves at foot, per rail.

WEEKLY STOCK SALE.
INGLIS'S STOCK SALE YARDS, 793, GEORGE-STREET.
WILLIAM INGLIS will sell by auction, at his Stock Sale Yards, THIS DAY, Thursday, at 11 o'clock,
50 very superior milch cows with calves, springers, and dry cattle.
At 1 o'clock,
30 very prime fat calves, from Messrs. Cooper Brothers
30 ditto ditto, from M. Butler, Esq.
20 ditto ditto, from G. Wilson, Esq.
35 ditto ditto, from Liverpool and Penrith
40 very prime fat lambs, from D. Morrice, Esq.
40 ditto ditto, from J. Morrice, Esq.
90 corn-fed porkers, from Picton and Menangle

LENEHAN and CO. have received instructions from Mr. Thomas O'Neill, in consequence of his retiring from business, to sell by auction, on the premises, 645, George-street, Haymarket, at 11 a.m., THIS DAY,
Large lot of confectioner's tray
Lump chocolate
Assorted lollies, in tins
Boxes of pink jujubes
Case of liquorice jujubes
Broken parcels of confectionery
Boilers
Large iron plate
Saccharometer.
Also after sale of above, at Mr. O'Neill's Yard, Hay-street, Haymarket
Waste timber
Slabs
Large lot of sundries.
Without the slightest reserve.

ROBERTS and ROYER will sell by auction, at their Yards, 716, George-street, at rear of Square and Compass Hotel, THIS DAY, THURSDAY, at 11 o'clock,
30 prime fat calves, from Hon. John Lackey, Austenmere.
30 ditto, from J. J. Atkinson, Esq., Berrima.
30 ditto, from D. E. Williams, Esq., Sutton Forest.
80 fat pigs, from W. M'Kenzie, Esq., Bowral.

ROBERTS and ROYER will sell by auction, at their Yards, 716, George-street, THIS DAY, THURSDAY, at 1 o'clock,
10 really first-class milch cows, from E. Crisp, Esq., Murrumburrah.

JOHN BRIDGE will sell by auction, at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, George-street, THIS DAY, at 11.30,
Prime lots pigs, calves, lambs, &c.

UNDER A BILL OF SALE.
THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock sharp.
At the WARWICK ARMS, corner of Campbell and Riley streets, Surry Hills.
GOODWILL, STOCK, FURNITURE, &c.
WINES, BEERS, SPIRITS, &c.
R. J. HUGHES and CO. have received instructions from the mortgagee to sell by auction, on the premises,
Stock of a publican, goodwill, and furniture.
Without reserve. Terms, cash.

UNREDEEMED PLEDGES.
H. L. DUNN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 204, Pitt-street, THIS DAY.
The unredeemed pledges pawned with Mr. Thomas Smith, of 821, George-street, clothing, boots, blankets, &c, at 11 o'clock.

FOR SALE, the Unredeemed PLEDGES pawned with Mr. Thomas Smith, of 821, George-street. For full particulars, apply
H. L. DUNN, 204, Pitt-street.

H. VAUGHAN has received instructions to sell by auction, under warrant of rent, THIS DAY, 13th instant, at 10 o'clock, on the premises, No. 13, Elizabeth-street, Waterloo, near Albert Cricket Ground,
Household furniture and effects.

SILVER CROSS HOTEL.
Wexford-street, near Elizabeth-street.
THIS DAY, 13th instant, at 12 o'clock.
LEASE rent £2 per week
License, Bar Utensils
Stock-in-trade
Household Furniture and Effects.
H. VAUGHAN has received instructions to sell by auction, at the above hotel.
Positive sale. Terms, cash.

OLD BUILDING MATERIALS of premises No. 18, Market-street.
H. VAUGHAN has received instructions to sell by auction, THIS DAY, 13th instant, at 3 o'clock, on the above premises,
Without reserve.

AUCTIONEER'S POSTPONEMENT NOTICE.
The Sale by auction of AMERICAN CHAIRS AND FURNITURE, ex Colorado, advertised to take place on Thursday, 13th instant, is postponed (in consequence of all the packages not being landed) until TUESDAY, 18th MARCH.
HARRIS and ACKMAN, Auctioneers, 141, Pitt-street.

WEDNESDAY, 19th MARCH, to close Builder's Partnership Accounts.
IMMENSE UNRESERVED SALE BY AUCTION of AMERICAN BUGGIES, at the Stores of Messrs. Barron, Moxham, and Co., York-street, Wynyard-square,
The whole of their splendid and varied Stock of American Buggies, now so widely and favourably known throughout the Australian colonies as BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO.'S BUGGIES.
To Coachbuilders, Mail Contractors, Proprietors of Livery Stables, Hotelkeepers, Speculators, Private Gentlemen, Country Storekeepers, Dealers, and Buyers generally.
HARRIS and ACKMAN have been favoured with instructions from Messrs. BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO. to sell by AUCTION, at their STORES, YORK-STREET, WYNYARD-SQUARE, on WEDNESDAY, 19th MARCH, at 11 a.m.
The whole of the stock of AMERICAN BUGGIES, HARNESS, &c., consisting of
TOP and NO-TOP ABBOTT STYLE TRAY BUGGIES
TURN-OUT SEAT CUTUNDER TOP BUGGIES
SIDE-SEAT TOP BUGGIES
SIDE BAR BREWSTER SPRING-TOP BUGGIES
SIX-SEAT FAMILY SOCIABLES
JUMP-SEAT CARRYALLS, WITH HOODS
DOCTORS' PHAETONS, 2 and 3 SPRING
IVER'S OPEN BUGGIES
AMERICAN BUGGY HARNESS, SINGLE and DOUBLE, by the best makers
EVERY VEHICLE is warranted, and of the BEST WORKMANSHIP and MATERIAL.
THE AUCTIONEERS have received imperative instructions to sell every vehicle, consequently each line, as catalogued, will be knocked down to the highest bidder, WITHOUT THE SLIGHTEST RESERVE.
CATALOGUES in course of preparation, and will be obtainable at the Rooms of the auctioneers, and at the office of Messrs. Barron, Moxham, and Co.
THE WHOLE of the Buggies will be on view daily, at the stores of Messrs. Barron, Moxam, and Co., York-street, Wynyard-square.
Terms, liberal, at sale.

FORE-AND-AFT American Clipper schooner SUPERIOR, built of oak, at Port Huron, Michigan, U. S. A.
GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON have been instructed to sell by auction, at the Rooms, on FRIDAY, March 14, at 11 o'clock,
The fine, first-class, fast-sailing fore-and-aft schooner SUPERIOR, of the following dimensions, viz.,
Length, 118 feet
Beam, 25 feet 6 inches
Depth, 12 feet 3 inches.
☞ This vessel has carried 460 tons salt and 280,000 feet timber. Her draft, with 400 tons dead weight, is only 11 feet; she is remarkably fast, and is in perfect order, having all the appearance of a yacht, is well found, and ready for immediate dispatch; shifts without ballast, and requires only [illegible] to sea.
Full particulars and terms at sale.

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Auction Sales.

To Grocers, Restaurant Keepers, and others.

FRENCH FRUITS.
IN BRANDY,
by Toussaint-Cosnard, Bordeaux.

WHITTEN, WILLIAMS, and CO. will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 422, GEORGE-STREET, THIS DAY, 13th instant, at 11 a.m.,
A small lot
FRENCH FRUITS, IN BRANDY.
Particulars at sale.
Terms, cash.

THURSDAY, March 13.

OLD TOM, SHERRY, BRANDY, COLONIAL WINES.

WHITTEN, WILLIAMS, and CO. will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 422, George-street, THIS DAY, 13th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Old tom
Sherry
Brandy
Colonial wine, &c., &c.
Particulars at sale.
WHITTEN, WILLIAMS, and CO.,
422, George-street.

THURSDAY, March 13.

To Ginger Beer Manufacturers and others.

TAPER CORKS. TAPER CORKS.

WHITTEN, WILLIAMS, and CO. (successors to Thomas Fisher and Co.) will sell by auction, at the Rooms, 422, George-street, THIS DAY, 13th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Ginger beer taper corks, in bales of 200 gross each.
LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS.
Particulars at sale.

To Warehousemen, Drapers, Clothiers, and others.

FELT CARPETS
TAPESTRY CARPETS
VELVET HEARTHRUGS and DOORMATS
BOYS', YOUTHS', and MEN'S CLOTHING, COATINGS, SHIRTS, SHIRTINGS, LONGCLOTHS, HATS, &c.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 167, Pitt-street, THIS DAY (THURSDAY) and FRIDAY, 13th and 14th instant, at 11,
Invoices of the above-named goods, ex FALCON and GARONNE, viz.:—
B.A.
7— 6 pieces 5-4 printed felt carpets, two patterns
8— 6 ditto ditto, ditto
9— 6 ditto ditto, ditto.
T.S.
5— 6 ditto, 3-4 tapestry ditto, ditto
4-5— 2 bales ditto ditto, ditto
157— 6 pieces 3-4 super tapestry stair carpets
156—150 tapestry door mats, 3 feet
158—100 velvet ditto
159—150 hearthrugs, KP&E
663— 32 pairs fine Nottingham lace curtains
5— 4 pieces 72-in. coir fibre matting.
W.
525—100 youths' tweed Grecian suits, 7 to 12
524—100 boys' tweed K.B. ditto
50 men's Blk. D.B. vests
523—100 boys' fancy tweed braided suits
528—150 men's fancy tweed trousers
526— 60 ditto pilot reefers
517—100 ditto Blk. cloth paget coats
519— 50 ditto Blk. fancy cloth Russell coats
T.S.
14— 5 ditto super wove diagonal coatings
13815— 10 ditto, blue ditto
1580— 20 dozen men's O.S. Oxford shirts
3899— 20 ditto super linen front white ditto
289— 8 ditto ditto drab felt hats
290— 8 ditto ditto black ditto
291— 8 ditto ditto ditto.
Terms at sale.

On account of whom it may concern.

Ex BEN RHYDDING.

TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, 14th March, at 12 o'clock.

DAMAGED GREYS and SHEETINGS
FORFARS and FLAX SHEETINGS
72-inch PLAIN and STRIPED HESSIANS
GERRARD'S IMPROVED PATENT TENTS.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 167, Pitt-street, TO-MORROW, at 12 o'clock,
on account of whom it may concern.
RM&R.
3003—20 pieces 8-4 greys, slightly damaged
3184 { 9 ditto 4-4 super Mexican, sound / 17 ditto 4-4 ditto ditto, very slightly
3188—10 ditto 8-4 grey domestics, sound
3194—20 ditto 8-4 ditto ditto, very slight
3186—10 ditto 8-4 ditto ditto, sound
3095—20 ditto 8-4 ditto ditto, slightly.
Also, the following, sound:—
3127—20 ditto 4-4 heavy Mexican
FOR.
590— 9 ditto 34-inch flax forfars
589— 9 ditto 39-inch ditto ditto
588— 9 ditto 40-inch ditto ditto
571— 9 ditto 36-inch ditto ditto
581— 9 ditto 36-inch fine flax sheeting
585—10 ditto 68-inch ditto ditto.
SC.
24-5—24 ditto best merchant navy canvas, 2 to 6
9343-2—40 ditto extra royal navy ditto, 1 to 5
146—10 ditto 72-inch hessians ditto
147—10 ditto 72-inch hessians, extra heavy
109—10 ditto 54-inch striped bedding
10 Gerrard's patent tents, 6 feet and 9 feet.
Terms at sale.

THIS DAY, 13th March, at 11 a.m.

At the residence of R. FOSTER, Esq., No. 153, Forbes-street, Woolloomooloo, near William-street.

UNRESERVED SALE of SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ERARD PIANOFORTE, &c.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been instructed by R. Foster, Esq., to sell by auction, at his residence, No. 153, Forbes-street, Woolloomooloo, THIS DAY, 13th March, at 11 a.m.,
VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS, comprising—
Cut-glass, china, &c.
ELEGANT WALNUT DRAWING-ROOM SUITE, made expressly to order
MAGNIFICENT ROSEWOOD COTTAGE PIANO, by ERARD
SUPERB WALNUT INLAID CHIFFONIER, marble-top, plate-glass back and doors
WALNUT INLAID OVAL TABLE
Superb pier glasses
Walnut whatnots
Ornaments, pianos, &c.
CHOICE COLLECTION of FAC SIMILE Water-colour PAINTINGS
Cornice and lace curtains
MAGNIFICENT DOME-TOP MAHOGANY DOUBLE-WINGED WARDROBE, with plate-glass centre-door, fitted with drawers, &c.
Massive chest drawers
Double TUBULAR STATE BEDSTEADS, curled horse-hair mattresses, palliasses, mosquito curtains, &c.
Marble-top washstand and toilet
KITCHEN RANGE, by Gartoh and King.
Terms, cash.

FISH. FISH. FISH.

Prime new shipment,
JUST IN TIME FOR LENT.

SALTED SALMON,
PRESERVED DITTO,
Ex Bothwell Castle.

FOR POSITIVE UNRESERVED SALE BY AUCTION,
ON ACCOUNT AND RISK OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

THIS DAY, Thursday, 13th March, at 11 a.m.,
At the Macquarie Bond, Circular Quay East.

100 Half-barrels Salmon Bellies.
200 ditto Salt Salmon.
100 cases, each 4 dozen Tins Salmon.

TO WHOLESALE and RETAIL GROCERS and SPECULATORS.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Macquarie Bond, THIS DAY, 13th March, at 11 a.m.,
A SHIPMENT OF PRIME SALMON, as above, just landed, ex Bothwell Castle, from Victoria, B. C.
NO RESERVE.
Terms at sale.

FRIDAY, 14th March, at 11 a.m.

At The New Sale Rooms, Spring and O'Connell streets,

CELLAR OF CHOICE WINES,
the property of a Connoisseur,
comprising—
MOSSEUX VIN DAY CHAMPAGNE
DUCLERC, SILLERY GRAND
LIEBFRAUMILCH STILL WINE
OPPENHEIMER
RUDESHEIMER JOHANNISBERGER
BOCHEBINDEL, SCHARLACHBERGER
AFFEUTHALER, KATTERLOCHER, FOSTER.

TO CAFE PROPRIETORS and PRIVATE GENTLEMEN.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been instructed to sell, at their New Sale Rooms, Spring and O'Connell streets, on FRIDAY, 14th March, at 11 a.m.,
CHOICE WINES.

THURSDAY, MARCH 13th, at 11 o'clock.

DRESSED TIMBER.

SUPERIOR SCOTCH FLOORING AND LINING BOARDS,
from the well-known Mills of R. MILLAR and SONS, Montrose.

This special shipment comprises:
8,690 feet T. and G. 6 x ¾
8,000 ditto ditto, 6 x ¾ and beaded
15,000 ditto ditto and beaded, 6 x ½
10,000 ditto ditto, 6 x ½.

Now landing ex MELANESIA, from Glasgow;
and may be inspected as
discharged on Dibbs' Wharf.

Day of Sale, THURSDAY, March 13th, at the City Mart,
by order of
Messrs. LEARMONTH, DICKINSON, and CO.

FRASER and CO. (successors to L. E. Threlkeld and Co.) will sell by auction, at their City Mart, THIS DAY March 13th, at 11 o'clock,
Messrs. LEARMONTH, DICKINSON, and CO.'S shipment of Scotch flooring and lining boards, ex Melanesia, from the celebrated works of Messrs. R. Millar and Sons, Montrose, comprising—
1040 boards, 6 x ¾, T. and G.
500 ditto, 6 x ¾, ditto
all 3000 ditto, 6 x ½, ditto and beaded
540 ditto, 6 x ½, ditto,
of the finest quality.
Terms liberal.

NOTICE TO THE TRADE.

OREGON TIMBER.
The CARGO of the SURPRISE, advertised for THIS DAY, has been WITHDRAWN.
FRASER and CO., Auctioneers,
City Mart.

THURSDAY, March 13th, at 11 o'clock,

FENCING WIRE, 6 and 8.

FOR POSITIVE SALE.

FRASER and CO. (successors to L. E. Threlkeld and Co.) will sell by auction, at their Rooms, THIS DAY, March 13th, at 11 o'clock,
7 tons Cook's fencing wire.
Terms at sale.

THURSDAY, March 13.

Wreck of the ETTALONG, fore-and-aft schooner, as she lies stranded on North Spit, Camden Haven.

On account of whom it may concern.

FRASER and CO. will sell by auction, on THIS DAY, 13th March, at 11 o'clock,
The wreck of the Ettalong, with gear and boats as may be saved.
Terms, cash.

FRIDAY, MARCH 14, at 11 o'clock.

250 PACKAGES
EARTHENWARE, GLASS, CHINA, &c.

FOR POSITIVE SALE.

Under instructions from
C. PARBURY, Esq.

Important to Merchants, Dealers, and others.

FRASER and CO. (successors to L. E. Threlkeld and Co.) will sell by auction, at their Rooms, on FRIDAY, March 14, at 11 o'clock,
250 packages, comprising
Earthenware
Glassware
Chinaware, &c.
Full particulars in catalogues.
Terms at sale.

THURSDAY, MARCH 13th, at 11 o'clock.

¾ and 1 inch Hoop Iron,
JUST LANDED,
IN SPLENDID CONDITION.

Important to COOPERS and OTHERS.

FRASER and CO. (successor to L. E. Threlkeld and Co.) will sell by auction, at their Rooms, THIS DAY, MARCH 13th, at 11 o'clock,
100 bundles ¾ and 1 inch hoop iron.
Terms at sale.

MONDAY, 17th INSTANT.

Boots and Shoes. Boots and Shoes.

New and Seasonable Goods, now landing, ex various ships.

To the Trade, Country Storekeepers, and Others.

MR. M. MOLONY is favoured with instructions from the importers to sell by auction, in his Rooms, No. 239, George-street North, on MONDAY next, the 11th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Invoices of new and seasonable
BOOTS and SHOES,
now landing.
Terms, liberal at sale.
No reserve.

FRIDAY, 14th March.

By order and for account of Messrs. Cowlishaw, Brothers.

Very Superior English Furniture and Framework,
Just landed, ex Ben Rhydding.

Comprising—
Occasional, Coffee, Writing, Sutherland, Card, Tripod, Registered, Work and Loo Tables
Hatstands (in oak and mahogany), Music and Footstools, Davenports, Music Cabinets, Whatnots, Chiffoniers, Book Shelves Music Stands
Library and Hall Chairs, Berger Chairs, Coal Scoops, Dinner Waggons, Butlers' Trays, Birch and Mahogany Toilets, Bidets, Washstands, Commodes, Office Cupboards, French and Walnut Folders, Stationery Cases, &c., &c.
FRAMEWORK, Highlow and Couch Suites, Ladies' and other Chairs, in walnut and mahogany, Couches, Victoria and Albert Chairs, Towel Rails, &c.

To the Trade, Parties Furnishing, and others.

MR. M. MOLONY is favoured with instructions from Messrs. Cowlishaw, Brothers, to sell by auction in his Rooms, No. 239, George-street North, on FRIDAY next, the 14th instant, at 11 o'clock,
The above.
Terms, liberal, at sale.
Catalogues will be ready on THURSDAY.

FRIDAY, March 14.

In the Assigned Estate of M. Hogan, Bega.

By order of the Trustees.

FURNITURE and EFFECTS,
comprising
Sofas, Chests Drawers, Glassware, Platedware
Tables, Chairs, and Sundries.

JAMES RODD is instructed by the trustees in the above Estate to sell by auction, at the Rooms, 7, Wynyard-street, on FRIDAY, March 14, at 11 o'clock,
FURNITURE and EFFECTS, as above, removed to the Rooms for convenience of sale.
Terms, cash.

FOR IMPERATIVE SALE.

FRIDAY, March 14.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS,
removed from the suburbs for convenience of sale.

JAMES RODD is instructed by the proprietor, who is leaving the colony, to sell by auction, as above,
SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
Kitchen utensils, &c.
For unreserved sale.
Terms, cash.

FRIDAY, March 14.

Turkey and Honeycomb Sponges.

JAMES RODD is instructed by the importers to sell by auction, on FRIDAY next,
An invoice of TURKEY and HONEYCOMB SPONGES, put up in boxes from 3 to 5 lbs.
Sample packages open for inspection to-morrow afternoon.

FRIDAY, March 14.

Oleographs, Chromos, Water Colours
Oleographs, Chromos, Water Colours.
Ex Duke of Sutherland.

JAMES RODD is instructed to sell by auction, on FRIDAY next,
6 CASES RICHLY GILT FRAMED PICTURES.
The above shipment comprises a varied and beautiful selection. The subjects are, in many instances, quite new to this market.
For positive unreserved sale, as above.

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE,
ON THE PREMISES,
SYDENHAM COTTAGE AND FURNITURE.

BATT and RODD have received instructions to sell by AUCTION, on the premises, at 11 o'clock, on FRIDAY NEXT, the 14th March,
IN CONSEQUENCE OF VENDOR'S DEPARTURE FOR ENGLAND.
ALL THAT COTTAGE standing in its own grounds, with FLOWER GARDEN, LAWNS, and PADDOCK, with option of purchase of the ORCHARD ADJOINING.
The cottage, BUILT of BRICK on STONE, SLATE roof, contains DRAWING-ROOM, 27 x 18; DINING-ROOM, 18 x 14; BEDROOM, 28 x 13, three other bedrooms, DRESSING and BATH ROOMS, KITCHEN, SERVANT'S ROOM, scullery and laundry, stable and buggy shed; and is in every way a most COMPACT RESIDENCE.
It is known as SYDENHAM COTTAGE, Sydenham Road, Marrickville, off Illawarra Road.
TITLE FREEHOLD.
TERMS—VERY EASY, at SALE.
N.B.—Immediately after the sale of the PROPERTY, the whole of the very
VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS
will be sold by auction by
Mr. HENRY PALMER
(VIDE NOTICE in S. M. HERALD.)
from whom CATALOGUES may be obtained, on application on and after WEDNESDAY, the 12th instant, at his offices, 133, Pitt-street.
Cards to view from either
BATT and RODD, or HENRY PALMER.

On SATURDAY next, 15th March, at 3 p.m.

Balmain, Parsons-street (the Main Sydney Road)
Balmain, Crescent-street.
Ten (10) VALUABLE BUILDING ALLOTMENTS, including VALUABLE CORNER
BUSINESS SITES, RESIDENCE SITES
WITHIN 5 MINUTES' WALK OF BALD ROCK FERRY, CLOSE TO PROPOSED RECREATION RESERVE, WHITE BAY.

J. W. WATKIN will sell by auction, on the Ground, at 3 p.m., on SATURDAY, next, the 15th March,
TEN VALUABLE ALLOTMENTS.
Lots 1 to 8 have frontages to Parsons-street (the main Sydney Road) of 18 feet, by depths varying from 78 to 95 feet
Lot 9 is the valuable corner site, having 34 feet 8 inches frontage to Parsons-street, and to Crescent-street of 92 feet 6 inches, and is the only corner site in the locality in the market
Lot 10 has frontage to Crescent-street of 24 feet, by depth of 60 feet.
All the lots have entrance from the rear—a great advantage.
The whole of the lots being level land, the cost of foundations and of building upon same will be the MINIMUM.
The attention of persons in search of good business sites in this populous borough, or of sites for residences, and of speculators and others, is invited to this sale.

Solicitors—Messrs. Deane and Deane.
Title, first-class freehold.
Terms at sale
Auctioneer's Offices—Temperance Hall, Pitt-street, Sydney.
Lithographs now ready.

THE BEST VACANT BUSINESS LOT IN BALMAIN.

Corner of Parsons-street (the main Sydney road) and Crescent-street.

To be sold on SATURDAY next, at 3 p.m.

J. W. WATKIN will sell by auction, on SATURDAY next, on the ground, at 3 p.m.,
That valuable business corner, having a frontage to Parsons-street of 34 feet 8 inches and to Crescent-street of 92 feet 6 inches.
Title, freehold.
Solicitors—Messrs. Deane and Deane.

WHEAT. WHEAT.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN will sell by auction, at their Produce Stores, Circular Quay, on FRIDAY, 14th March, at 11 o'clock sharp,
500 bags superior wheat, in lots.
Terms, cash.

MANLY BEACH, MANLY.

MAGNIFICENT BLOCK OF LAND.

100 FEET FRONTAGE TO STUART-STREET.
150 FEET FRONTAGE TO ADDISON ROAD.

A FIRST-CLASS SITE for an HOTEL or PRIVATE RESIDENCE.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by auction, at their ROOMS, 175, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock on
WEDNESDAY, 19th March,
The above described GOOD CORNER BLOCK of LAND.

*** THE NEW PIER, within a few yards of this land, is now nearly completed; and, anticipating large advantages, the AUCTIONEERS direct attention to this good site.

PLAN ON VIEW AT THE ROOMS.

ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

34 CAST-IRON PIPES, ex FIRTH OF TAY.

Now lying at the PADDINGTON RESERVOIR.

UNRESERVED SALE.

HARDIE and GORMAN will sell by auction, at their SALE ROOMS, 175, Pitt-street, at 2.30 o'clock, THIS DAY, Thursday, 13th March,
34 CAST-IRON PIPES, marked DWR, now lying at PADDINGTON RESERVOIR.

UNRESERVED SALE. TERMS, CASH.

GUILDFORD, DOG TRAP ROAD.
10 MINUTES FROM THE RAILWAY STATION.

SIX ACRES of ORCHARD and CULTIVATION PADDOCKS,
WITH GOOD 4-ROOMED WEATHERBOARD COTTAGE.

HARDIE and GORMAN have been favoured with instructions from Mr. S. West to sell by public auction, at their PROPERTY SALE ROOMS, 175, Pitt-street, Sydney, at 11.30 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 19th March,
The above freehold ORANGERY and FARM, containing about SIX ACRES, fronting DOG TRAP ROAD, GUILFORD, within ten minutes of the STATION, together with 1 mare, 1 spring-cart, 1 dray and harness, plough and harness, &c.

There is a comfortable weather-board cottage and a good water supply. The views are extensive, embracing NORTH SHORE, THE HEADS, and SYDNEY.

A CAPITAL CHANCE for SMALL CAPITALIST or a beginner.

TO BE SOLD IN ONE LOT.

LAND, HOUSE, and FURNITURE.

WINDSOR RAILWAY STATION.

The Property as at present occupied by Mr. J. Richards.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions from Mrs. BRIDSON to sell by auction, at their PROPERTY SALE ROOMS, 175, Pitt-street, Sydney, at 11.30 o'clock, on
WEDNESDAY, 26th MARCH,
EVERTON HALL, with over half an acre of land, at present occupied by Mr. J. Richards, and containing hall, drawing and dining rooms, and about 11 other rooms, including large iron shed, which may be used as a BILLIARD ROOM, together with necessary outbuildings.
The house is comfortably furnished throughout. Inventory may be seen at the Rooms of the AUCTIONEERS, and inspection of the whole property is invited.

*** The position of the property is both accessible and commanding, distant one minute's walk from the WINDSOR RAILWAY STATION, with picturesque views of the whole country around.

EVERTON HALL is well suited for an HOTEL or SCHOOL, and by the expenditure of a little money might be made very remunerative. Immediate possession can be given.

DAY OF SALE—WEDNESDAY, 26th MARCH.

PREPARATION FOR THE COMING EVENT.

Accommodation for
THE SYDNEY INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

Preliminary Intimation.

VALUABLE BLOCK OF CITY LAND,
Situate in O'CONNELL-STREET.

OPPOSITE THE FINE STORES OF
Messrs. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB,
and Messrs. JOHN FRAZER and CO.

HARDIE and GORMAN have been favoured with instructions from the Proprietors, to sell by public auction, at their PROPERTY SALE ROOMS, 175, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock on
WEDNESDAY, 2nd APRIL,
All that truly VALUABLE and CENTRALLY-SITUATED block of CITY LAND, having
80 FEET FRONTAGE TO O'CONNELL-STREET,
by the great depth of 150 FEET, immediately opposite the BONDED STORES of MESSRS. JOHN FRAZER and CO., and the MASSIVE STORES and AUCTION ROOMS of Messrs. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, almost adjoining Messrs. MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.'S STORES and OFFICE, and in close proximity to THE HERALD OFFICE, THE EXCHANGE, THE VARIOUS CLUBS, &c., &c.

The AUCTIONEERS feel confident that a better opportunity has not been offered for securing a very favourably positioned block of land, in the CENTRE of the CITY, close to the principal HOTELS and CLUBS, and in view of the coming INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, a better position could certainly not be secured for the erection of either temporary or permanent HOTEL or LODGING PREMISES.

DAY OF SALE—WEDNESDAY, 2nd APRIL.

EXHIBITION ACCOMMODATION.

THE BEST OPPORTUNITY YET OFFERED.

Preliminary Intimation.

MACQUARIE-STREET NORTH and BENT-STREET,
opposite the
FREE PUBLIC LIBRARY,
and overlooking
THE DOMAIN and EXHIBITION BUILDING.

HARDIE and GORMAN have been favoured with positive instructions from the PROPRIETOR to sell by public auction at their PROPERTY SALE ROOMS, 175, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock, ON AN EARLY DATE,
All that IMMENSELY-VALUABLE and exceptionally well-positioned BLOCK of CITY LAND, situate at the corner MACQUARIE and BENT STREETS, opposite the DOMAIN GATES, together with all those large and well-built HOUSE PROPERTIES,
Nos. 37 and 39, BENT-STREET
No. 195, MACQUARIE-STREET
No. 197, MACQUARIE-STREET
No. 199, MACQUARIE-STREET
the LEASES of all of which expire in time for the property to be used for other purposes, and in a VERY REMUNERATIVE WAY during the holding of THE SYDNEY INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

PLAN OF THE PROPERTY IS NOW ON VIEW, AT THE ROOMS, and further particulars will be duly announced. In the meantime the Auctioneers direct the SPECIAL ATTENTION of those persons who are determined TO TAKE ADVANTAGE of the LARGE INFLUX OF PEOPLE to Sydney during the coming EXHIBITION, so as to provide suitable accommodation, to this favourable opportunity to purchase.

Preliminary Intimation.

RILEY and CHURCH STREETS, SURRY HILLS.

MAGNIFICENT BLOCK OF LAND ADJOINING ST. DAVID'S CHURCH.

To be sold in Building Allotments.

RILEY ESTATE TITLE.

HARDIE and GORMAN have been favoured with instructions from the TRUSTEES OF ST. DAVID'S CHURCH, to sell by public auction at their PROPERTY SALE ROOMS, 175, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock, on
WEDNESDAY, 2nd April,
All that BLOCK of LAND fronting RILEY-STREET and CHURCH-STREET, immediately adjoining ST. DAVID'S CHURCH, having a frontage of 120 feet to Riley-street by a depth of 90 feet to a 12 feet lane, now being subdivided into seven or eight good building allotments.

Sale plan and lithographs are in course of preparation.

DAY OF SALE, WEDNESDAY, 2nd APRIL.

EXHIBITION ACCOMMODATION.

CHURCH-HILL. CHURCH-HILL.

To Builders and others.

TERMS—TWENTY YEARS' CREDIT, with right of paying up any time after 12 months.

HARDIE and GORMAN have been favoured with instructions to submit to public competition, at their PROPERTY SALE-ROOMS, 175, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock on WEDNESDAY, 26th MARCH,
All that very valuable and well-positioned
BLOCK OF CITY BUILDING LAND,
situate at the corner of
CHARLOTTE-PLACE and JAMISON STREET,
CHURCH HILL,
immediately opposite that fashionable resort for travellers,
PETTY'S HOTEL,
now subdivided into SIX suitable BUILDING SITES, on the EASY and FAVOURABLE terms as above mentioned, and the SMALL DEPOSIT of 10 per cent. cash on purchase money.

LOT 1 is a MAGNIFICENT CORNER BLOCK, having 78 FEET FRONTAGE to JAMIESON-STREET and 41 FEET FRONTAGE to CHARLOTTE-PLACE.
LOTS 2, 3, and 4 have each 21 FEET frontage to CHARLOTTE-PLACE.
LOTS 5 and 6 have each 20 FEET frontage to JAMIESON-STREET, and extend through to a lane at the rear.

THE TITLE is TORRENS' TITLE.

PLAN IS ON VIEW AT THE ROOMS.

LITHOGRAPHS MAY BE OBTAINED ON APPLICATION.

*** This is the only available land in this HEALTHY and CONVENIENTLY situated locality, so well adapted for fashionable residences and accommodation purposes.

As the TERMS are so EASY, and the influx of people will be so great during the time of the EXHIBITION, special attention should be given to this last and best chance to obtain so favourable and good a position on credit so long and so easy.

WAVERLEY and BONDI.

LAND SALE ON THE GROUND.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, 22nd MARCH,
at 3 p.m.

Torrens' Title.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by auction, ON THE GROUND, on SATURDAY AFTERNOON, as above, the following GOOD BUILDING LAND.

WAVERLEY, opposite the COUNCIL CHAMBERS, THREE LOTS, fronting WAVERLEY-STREET, each about 50 feet wide.
THREE LOTS, fronting WAVERLEY CRESCENT, each 40 feet wide.
FIVE LOTS fronting BEN EDEN-STREET, each about 45 feet wide.

*** THESE LOTS are very ACCESSIBLE, well suited for BUILDING PURPOSES, with HARBOUR and OCEAN VIEWS, on the 'BUS LINE, and between the properties of J. Campbell, Esq., and Miss Hall.

BONDI.—The best spots of the Bondi Estate.
FORTY-ONE BUILDING SITES, having frontages to the main SOUTH HEAD ROAD and OTHER STREETS one chain wide, and within a few minutes' walk of the WAVERLEY POST-OFFICE.
For POSITIVE SALE at the UPSET PRICE of FIVE SHILLINGS PER FOOT.

Lithographs will be ready in due course.

NOTE THE EASY TERMS.
ONE QUARTER CASH, the balance without interest.

*** No such inducement has ever been offered before. The SURVEYED LINE of Suburban Railway passes through the property.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, March 13.

CITY INVESTMENT.

VALUABLE BLOCK OF LAND.

BOURKE-STREET, DARLINGHURST.

FRONTING the COURT-HOUSE RESERVE, and adjoining KIDMAN'S-TERRACE.

W. PRITCHARD has received instructions to sell by auction, at his Rooms, 261, George-street,

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, MARCH 13th, at 11 o'clock,

ALL that BLOCK of LAND, having about 49 feet frontage to BOURKE-STREET, DARLINGHURST, situated next to KIDMAN'S-TERRACE, and opposite THE COURT-HOUSE RESERVE, upon which, at the rear, are erected several buildings (realizing a rental of 32s 6d per week), that could be utilised as outhouses for a superior class of dwellings, with frontages to Bourke-street, which this block of ground is so admirably adapted for.
The property is thoroughly well drained, and there are SUBSTANTIAL FOUNDATIONS and a quantity of FIRST-CLASS CUT STONE, ready for immediate use, that can be used in the construction of superior buildings.
TITLE, FREEHOLD. TERMS AT SALE.
Plan at the Rooms.

Messrs. ELLIS and MAKINSON, Solicitors for the VENDOR.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, March 13.

DOWLING-STREET, MOORE PARK.

FIVE ALLOTMENTS OF LAND, OPPOSITE TRIANGULAR RESERVE.

THE GRANDEST SITES AND BEST POSITIONS IN THE CITY, commanding easterly aspects.

W. PRITCHARD will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 261, George-street,

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, March 13, at 11 o'clock,

ALL THOSE SPLENDID ALLOTMENTS OF LAND having a frontage of 90 feet to DOWLING-STREET, by depths of 97 feet to MARY ANN-STREET.

N. B.—There is a large quantity of building stone on the land that can be taken at valuation.
TITLE—FREEHOLD.

Terms at sale.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, MARCH 13.

SMALL COMPACT and SUBSTANTIAL
Freehold Cottage and Land,
ALMA-STREET, DARLINGTON.

W. PRITCHARD will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 261, George-street,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, MARCH 13, at 11 o'clock,

ALLOTMENT of LAND having a frontage of 18 feet to ALMA-STREET, DARLINGTON by 50 feet deep, upon which is erected a COMFORTABLE and SUBSTANTIAL COTTAGE, built of brick on stone foundation, shingled roof; containing three rooms; let at the present time for 10s per week.

TORRENS' TITLE. Terms at sale.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, MARCH 13.

UNEXPIRED TERM OF LEASE
of
LARGE WORKSHOP AND LAND,
GLEBE.
All the right, title, and interest in a lease of three years, subject to one shilling per week ground rent.

WITHOUT THE SLIGHTEST RESERVE.

W. PRITCHARD has received instructions from the MORTGAGEE to sell by auction, at his Rooms, 261, George-street,

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, MARCH 13, at 11 o'clock,

All the RIGHT, TITLE, and INTEREST of the Mortgagee, in a lease having about two years and two months to run, of the BUILDINGS and Land known as ELLIS'S ENGINEERING WORKS, GLEBE, subject to a ground-rent of one shilling per week.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, MARCH 13.

VALUABLE BLOCK OF LAND.
BOURKE-STREET,
SURRY HILLS.
Opposite Hill's-terrace.

W. PRITCHARD has received instructions from A. Forsyth, Esq., to sell by auction, at his Rooms, 261, George-street,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, March 13th, at 11 o'clock,

The whole of that magnificent BLOCK of LAND, having a frontage of 65 feet 3 inches to Bourke-street, by a depth of 227 feet to ALBERT-PLACE, which leads to CROWN-STREET.
This is the only block of land in this part of the city that is eligible for a public building or manufactory; and as it has a back entrance to Crown-street, the whole of the land is available for building purposes.
On the back portion of the land is erected a 4-roomed brick cottage and stable.
The title is under Torrens' Act.

Terms at sale.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, March 13.

TWO COTTAGES AND LAND,
Nos. 61 and 63, GLOUCESTER-STREET.

W. PRITCHARD has received instructions to sell by auction, at his Rooms, 261, George-street,

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, March 13, at 11 o'clock,

Allotment of land having a frontage of 24 feet 6 inches to GLOUCESTER-STREET, upon which are erected two SMALL COTTAGES, built of brick on stone foundation, with weatherboard fronts, slated roofs, each containing two rooms, let at 18s per week.

TITLE—TORRENS' ACT.

TASMANIAN MERINO STUD SHEEP,
from the celebrated flocks of
JAMES GIBSON, Esq., Bellevue, Tasmania
DAVID TAYLOR, Esq., St. Johnstone
and
W. H. GIBSON, Esq., Fairfield.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, during the term of the AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY'S EXHIBITION in April next,
On account of JAMES GIBSON, Esq.
20 PURE MERINO STUD RAMS
20 ditto ditto ditto EWES.

On account of DAVID TAYLOR, Esq.
10 CHOICE PURE MERINO STUD RAMS
10 ditto ditto ditto ditto EWES,
all rising two-tooth.

On account of W. H. GIBSON, Esq.
4 HIGH-CLASS PURE MERINO STUD RAMS,
rising six-tooth
6 ditto ditto ditto,
rising two-tooth.

The above sheep have been SPECIALLY SELECTED by the breeders for this market; and are all bred from high-pedigree merino sheep of the PUREST TYPE, most of them being by PRIZE RAMS.
The sheep will arrive from Tasmania about the 10th April, and will then be on view at the Quarantine Ground until day of sale.
Further particulars on application to
MORT and CO.,
Circular Quay, Sydney.

Farm, Cottage, Cattle, &c.
Liverpool.

68-acre FARM, fenced 3 sides
4-roomed COTTAGE and large Allotment in Terminus-street
180 Head Cattle, milkers, springers, and mixed cattle
1 good Bull
Thoroughbred by imported Magus out of Staylace, Lady Jenny, and Foal by Winbourne, by Yattendon
Black Filly, rising 2, Lady Yattendon, thoroughbred
Several good Cart Horses and Saddle ditto
Pigs, Poultry, Ploughs, Scarifier, Side Saddle, Furniture, Cheese Vats, new; Harness and Sundries.

CHARLES A. SCRIVENER is instructed to sell above, at his Yards, on
WEDNESDAY, March 19, at 11.30 a.m.
Also, at same time and place, on account of Mr. P. Cahalan, who has sold his farm and removed to Sydney,
90 head cattle, team of 6 bullocks, dray and chains complete; 2 horses, dray, harness; iron plough, tarpaulins, &c.
Also, on account Mr. Patrick Carney, on same day, at 11 a.m., on the premises, near the Sale Yards,
1 four-roomed cottage, with kitchen, on good allotment, well situated, next to Mrs. Bunker's, and now let for 7s per week.
Also, at same time,
A 68-acre farm, 3 miles from town, well watered and fenced, part of the Big Common Estate; also, good spring-cart, horse, and harness, and 5 head of cattle.

CHATSWOOD ESTATE,
fronting the
LANE COVE ROAD,
near
RUSSELL'S GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL
and
PLEASURE GROUNDS,
adjoining Montgomery's store, and opposite the properties of Messrs. Fuller and Holmes.

EIGHT SECTIONS
of this
EXTENSIVE AND VALUABLE ESTATE
will be
SOLD IN ALLOTMENTS,
by
RICHARDSON and WRENCH,
on the Ground, on
SATURDAY, 22nd MARCH,
at 3 o'clock.

TERMS VERY LIBERAL.

LITHOGRAPHS NOW READY.

FREE OMNIBUSES from Milson's Point on day of sale.

By Order of the EXECUTORS of the Estate of the late G. O. ALLAN, Esq.

1. GLEBE ROAD and JOHNSTONE'S BAY.
VALUABLE SITE, Lot 30 of Miller's subdivision, having 50 FEET frontage to the GLEBE ROAD, adjoining the residence of R. Meares, Esq., and nearly opposite TOXTETH PARK, with an average depth of 188½ feet, extending to JOHNSTONE'S BAY.
*** A splendid site for a Villa Residence, commanding fine views, and only a few yards from the omnibuses.

2. SOUTH SCARBOROUGH ESTATE,
adjoining on the Sydney side the
SANDRINGHAM HOTEL ESTATE,
on the
SHORES OF BOTANY BAY.
BLOCK OF LAND, in area FOUR ACRES, being Lots 3 to 8 and 25 to 30 of section 4, having 396 feet frontage to FREDERICK-STREET, and the same to ALFRED-STREET, with a depth of 439½ feet.
*** These streets are each 2 chains or 132 feet wide.
TITLE TORRENS' ACT.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions as above to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 21st March, at 11 o'clock,
The above-described lands.
Plans on view at the Rooms.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.

TO CAPITALISTS, INVESTORS, BUILDERS, MECHANICS, AND OTHERS.

GLEBE.

TWO BRICK COTTAGES, GLEBE ROAD, at the corner of FRANCIS-STREET
COTTAGE RESIDENCE and LAND, corner of GLEBE ROAD and COWPER-STREET
COTTAGE, GLEBE ROAD, adjoining MAXIMUS-TERRACE
STEHR'S BAKERY ESTABLISHMENT and building land, corner of COWPER and GLEBE STREETS
SIXTEEN BUILDING ALLOTMENTS, CAMPBELL, COWPER, and GLEBE STREETS.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 28th MARCH, at 11 o'clock,
The above leasehold properties, full particulars of which appeared in last Saturday's HERALD.
A plan of the subdivision is on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.
Messrs. BRADLEY and SON, Margaret-street, Solicitors of the Mortgagee.

BOWRAL RAILWAY STATION.

SIX CHOICE BUILDING SITES,
in the
HEALTHFUL and SALUBRIOUS
TOWNSHIP of BOWRAL,
near the
RAILWAY STATION,
comprising
LOTS 1 to 6, Section 11, of Oxley's Subdivision, ranging in area from 35½ perches to 1 rood 23½ perches, having frontages to Station and Boolwey streets.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 21st March,
at 11 o'clock,
The above-described villa sites, in the favourite and popular township of Bowral, Great Southern line.
Plan on view at the Rooms.

GEORGE-STREET PROPERTY.

THOSE COMMODIOUS MERCANTILE BUSINESS PREMISES, No. 339, GEORGE-STREET, a few feet north of Wynyard-street, being the southern portion of the WAREHOUSE now in the occupation of Messrs. GARDINER and CO., are for
AUCTION SALE,
by order of the Trustees in the Estate of the late William Barnett, Esq., on
FRIDAY, 28th March, at 11 o'clock,
at the Rooms of
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

To Builders, Mechanics, and others.

UNDERWOOD ESTATE, PADDINGTON.

FOUR valuable ALLOTMENTS of land on this favourite subdivision, as follows:—
SECTION 1.—Lots 81, 82, and 83, each 20 FEET frontage to WINDSOR-STREET, south side, between Point Piper Road and Elizabeth-street, with a depth of 105 feet extending to a lane at the rear.
SECTION 6.—Lot 19, having 20 FEET frontage to the south side of WINDSOR-STREET, near Cascade-street; depth, 105 feet, extending to lane at rear.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 21st March, at 11 o'clock,
Four capital building sites, on the elevated part of the Underwood Estate, Paddington.
Title, Torrens' Act. Plan on view at the Rooms.
TERMS VERY LIBERAL.

WITHOUT ANY RESERVE.

BATEMAN'S BAY,
on the Sea Coast, between
ULLADULLA and BROULEE.

HUGHES and HOSKINS' GRANT of 520 ACRES, fronting BATEMAN'S BAY, between
Lord's grant and a reserve.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 21st March, at 11 o'clock,
The above extensive block of country land.
Plan on view at the Rooms.

By ORDER of the EXECUTORS of the ESTATE of the late THOMAS SKINNER, Esq.

THE WILLOWS,
DARLING POINT.

THAT VALUABLE and VERY EXTENSIVE Block of FREEHOLD Land, in area nearly 7 ACRES, on the eastern side of "THE POINT," together with the Family Residence known as "THE WILLOWS," adjoining the Mansion and Grounds belonging to J. S. MITCHELL, ESQ.

IN ONE OR EIGHT LOTS.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions as above to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, Sydney, on
FRIDAY, 21st MARCH,
at 11 o'clock,
THE WILLOWS ESTATE,
comprising the VERY LARGE area of
6 ACRES 3 ROODS 35 PERCHES,
and having the following frontages,
476 FEET TO THE HARBOUR,
480 FEET TO DARLING POINT ROAD,
with a depth through of upwards of 700 FEET.
On it is a COMMODIOUS FAMILY RESIDENCE, with very wide flagged verandahs, and containing entrance hall, drawing and dining rooms, 6 bedrooms, dressing-room, bathroom fitted with bath, and other conveniences.
In the basement are kitchen, with excellent range, servants' apartments, scullery, larder, wine cellar, &c.
At one side of the residence is the coachhouse, and detached are laundry and stables.
The WILLOWS is a beautifully situated freehold on the eastern slope of this most charming and popular part of the HARBOUR.
The grounds, 6 acres 3 roods and 35 perches, are very tastefully laid out, and comprise large verdant lawn, exuberant shrubberies of fine overshadowing trees, parterres of flowers, small orchard, vegetable garden, paddock, &c.
The position is unsurpassed by any other in this favourite delightful locality, being a gentle slope from the road eastward for some considerable distance, and thence by naturally formed terraces clothed with native trees to the water edge.
It commands MAGNIFICENT UNINTERRUPTED VIEWS of the HARBOUR, with its wide expanse of waters, its fairy islands, the lovely scenery backed by the bold headlands of North Shore, and extending to the Heads of Port Jackson, and northward to Brighton, Manly Beach.

THE WILLOWS will be offered in ONE or MORE LOTS, to suit purchasers. The proposed subdivision is as follows:—
LOT 1.—The RESIDENCE, together with 4 ACRES 2 ROODS and 17½ PERCHES, including the whole of the WATER FRONTAGE.
LOTS 2 to 8 are SEVEN CHOICE and VALUABLE BUILDING SITES, immediately opposite the PALATIAL RESIDENCE, with its EXTENSIVE and BEAUTIFUL GROUNDS, belonging to R. L. TOOTH, Esq.
They have from 50 feet to 74 feet frontages to
DARLING POINT ROAD,
with depths of 106 FEET to 220 FEET, and four of the lots have also frontages of 70 feet to WILLOW-STREET.

A Plan of the proposed subdivision is now on view at the Rooms, and the lots will be pegged out prior to day of sale.
Terms at sale.

OLIVE BANK ESTATE,
extending from
SOUTH HEAD ROAD
to
GLENMORE ROAD.

THE UNSOLD BUILDING SITES
on this
MAGNIFICENT ESTATE,
also
OLIVE BANK HOUSE and GROUNDS,
fronting Glenmore Road, the residence of Mr. Alderman Begg, J.P.,
and
ORMONDE HOUSE and GROUNDS,
fronting South Head Road, will be
SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
ON THE GROUND,
SATURDAY, 29th MARCH, at 3 o'clock.
by
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

Further particulars in future advertisement.

LITHOGRAPHS NOW READY.

TITLE, TORRENS' ACT.

TERMS OF PAYMENT.—One-fourth cash deposit; residue 1, 2, and 3 years, at 7 per cent. per annum.

CARDS to view the residence may be obtained at the Rooms of the Auctioneers.

ORDER OF SALE

CITY and SUBURBAN PROPERTIES,

To be sold by public auction,
at the Rooms, Pitt-street,
TO-MORROW, FRIDAY,
at half-past 11 o'clock prompt.

SURRY HILLS.	Four houses, Nos. 25, 26, 27, and 28 Arthur-street, between Crown and Bourke streets, south of Fitzroy-street.
ALBION ESTATE.	Buxton's grocery store, Belmore-street, and dwelling-house in lane at the rear, a few feet south of Albion-street.
DARLINGHURST.	Valuable building site, Surry-street, adjoining Mr. P. Cormack's residence, near Victoria-street.
WOOLLAHRA.	That family mansion and grounds, known as Runnymede, fronting Point Piper Road and Piper-street, close to South Head Road. Unreserved Sale.
UNDERWOOD ESTATE, PADDINGTON.	Choice building site, lot 44, sec. 1, fronting Paddington-street, near Point Piper Road.
PETERSHAM.	Block of land, fronting Cook's River New Road and the Railway line, adjoining the gate crossing, west of the Petersham Railway-station. On account and risk of former purchaser.
BELLO RETIRO Estate, St. Peter's.	Allotment, Marian-street, a few feet from Cook's River Road, between Newtown and St. Peter's.
HASTINGS, Botany Bay.	Five allotments, lots 6, 7, 11, 42, and 48, sec. 2, Hastings Estate, Lady Robinson's Beach, Botany Bay.
HUNTER'S HILL.	Quarter-acre villa site, lot 22, sec. 3, of Mr. D. N. Joubert's subdivision, fronting Gladesville Road.
LANE COVE RIVER.	Waterside block of land, Gilbert's grant, 10 acres, fronting the river, adjoining Fidden's Wharf.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

RUNNYMEDE HOUSE
and Grounds, fronting
POINT PIPER ROAD, WOOLLAHRA,
near the South Head Road,
for
UNRESERVED SALE,
at the Rooms, Pitt-street,
TO-MORROW, Friday, at half-past 11 o'clock.

CARDS to view at the Rooms.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH,
Auctioneers.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

STANMORE ROAD, NEWTOWN.

That favourably situated and beautifully designed GOTHIC RESIDENCE,
BLAIR VILLA,
with its highly improved and tastefully laid out GROUNDS, at the corner of
STANMORE ROAD
and
TUPPER-STREET,
next to the
MANSION and GROUNDS
belonging to JOSIAH PERRY, Esq.

IN ONE LOT.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 28th MARCH, at 11 o'clock,

The ABOVE CHOICE FAMILY RESIDENCE, at NEWTOWN, close to the RAILWAY STATION and the omnibuses.
Immediate possession will be given.
Full particulars will appear in a few days.
CARDS to view at the Rooms.

FOR SALE, BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.
TAREELA STATION,
in the famous
Liverpool Plains District,
having an area of about 25,000 acres of rich grazing land,
together with
10,184 (more or less) wellbred mixed Sheep
comprising
3,482 Wethers, mixed ages
3,470 Ewes, ditto ditto
1,037 ditto and Lambs
644 Lambs
505 Stud Ewes and Lambs
147 ditto Rams (Tareela)
100 ditto ditto Weaners
28 Wethers
158 Sheep on Lindsey Run

Total... 10,184 all more or less.
150 head (more or less) well-bred Mixed Cattle
Horses, Stores, and Sundries.
Also,
596 acres (more or less) Freehold Land
353 ditto (ditto ditto) Conditional Purchases,
Extensively Improved.

BRUNKER and WOLFE have received instructions from the mortgagee to sell by auction, at the Chamber of Commerce, Exchange, Sydney, on FRIDAY, the 14th day of March, 1879, at 12 o'clock,
The Tareela Station, with stock thereon, described above.
The improvements on Tareela are most extensive and complete, having been erected regardless of cost, and comprise a well-appointed homestead, with paddocks, orchard, and vineyard attached. Good woolshed, with nearly new rack and pinion press.
The run is abundantly watered by the Manilla River, Tareela and Sheep Station Creeks.
Intending purchasers are invited to inspect this really choice property, which will be offered for absolute sale.
Terms at sale.

CHOICE ESTATE, near DENHAM COURT.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY have received instructions to sell by auction, on TUESDAY next, 25th instant, at the Exchange, at 12 o'clock,
All that parcel of land, containing
107 ACRES 2 ROODS,
situate in the district of Minto, near Denham Court, being moiety of land granted by the Crown to John Moore. Bounded on one side by the property of Mr. R. Bloomfield, and on the other side by the property of Mr. Henry Bell.
The soil is exceedingly rich, and well adapted for grazing, and agricultural purposes.
The attention of capitalists is directed to this sale as offering a good opportunity for securing a nice site for a country seat.
Title freehold.
Particulars C. B. PITT, Esq., Solicitor, George-street.

DOYLE, HENTY, and CO. will sell by public auction, at their Rooms, Campbelltown, on SATURDAY, March 15,
ELLADALE ESTATE.
Containing 400 acres (more or less) upon which is erected a well and faithfully built house of stone, containing 8 rooms, kitchen attached, with outbuildings, including stables, coachhouse, sheds, &c., &c. This property is situated only 1½ miles from Appin, and about 11 miles from Campbelltown. Coaches to and from Campbelltown and Wollongong pass through Appin every day, making this property one of the most eligible in this district.
Intending purchasers will do well to call on the Auctioneers for further particulars, as this property is for absolute sale.
A GRAND CHANCE.
No reserve.
Terms at sale.
Sale to commence at 1 o'clock sharp.

IMPORTANT LAND SALE.

AT CAMPBELLTOWN.

DOYLE, HENTY, and CO. are favoured with instructions from George Patrick, Esq., to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, Campbelltown, on SATURDAY, March 15, at 1 o'clock,
All that parcel of land known as Crow's Farm, containing 165 acres, upon which is erected a snug COTTAGE, also new hay barn, situated one mile from the Campbelltown Railway Station, and adjoining the properties of James Fitzpatrick, D. Fowler, and E. and W. Fieldhouse, Esqs.
The auctioneers in drawing the attention of the public to this sale, beg to state that without doubt this is one of the best farms in the county of Cumberland.
Campbelltown, one of the most important towns in New South Wales, is only thirty-four miles from Sydney.
Intending purchasers would do well to inspect this valuable property prior to day of sale.
For further particulars, apply DOYLE, HENTY, and CO., Campbelltown.
Terms at sale.

TUESDAY, 25th March.

For positive and unreserved sale.

Immediate possession can be given, and title guaranteed perfect and indisputable.

At the risk of the former purchaser.

Highly improved and valuable Agricultural and Pastoral Property,
37 MILES from GOULBURN,
in proximity to the well-known properties Lake Bathurst and Bonny Doon,
known as
MILLENDED,
and containing 1010 acres of superior Agricultural and Pastoral Freehold, with 80 acres Conditional Purchase adjoining the freehold, and 2790 acres pre-emptive land, making a total area of
3880 ACRES FREEHOLD and PRE-EMPTIVE.

FINLAY and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at the risk of the former purchaser,
at their Rooms, Belmore-square,
on TUESDAY, 25th March,
at 11 o'clock,
That well known property MILLENDED, containing 1010 acres freehold, with 80 acres conditional purchase, and 2790 acres pre-emptive. About 90 acres are laid down with English grasses and lucerne; gardens, &c., and about 700 acres ring-barked and subdivided into paddocks.
The improvements comprise six-roomed cottage, kitchen detached, men's huts; large barn, 50 x 18; piggery, stockyards, stables, coachhouse, well with pump, garden with varied and choice fruit trees.
MILLENDED ESTATE is truly one of the finest little properties in the south. The freehold is a very early grant, and possesses soil of the richest and most fertile description. The selections have been made most judiciously and with the pre-emptive land form a perfect little holding of 3880 acres; it is abundantly watered by springs and the creek from whence it derives its name.
MILLENDED is all that could be desired by the small capitalist, and from its contiguity to the metropolis and other established markets, must soon become of great value.
Terms: One-fourth cash, one-fourth at three months, and balance at twelve months with 7 per cent. interest added; or half the purchase money may remain on mortgage for a term of years with interest at 8 per cent. added.
Note—This property is for absolute and unreserved sale. Title guaranteed and immediate possession given.

Sheriff's Office, Sydney, 11th March, 1879.
BARNWELL v. ALLEN.

ON THURSDAY NEXT, 13th March instant, at 12 noon, on the premises, Sir Charles Napier Hotel, Napier-street, Paddington, unless this warrant is previously satisfied, the Sheriff will cause to be sold by public auction,
All the defendant's right, title, and interest of in and to the lease, license, and goodwill of the abovenamed hotel.
Terms, cash.
CHARLES COWPER,
Sheriff.

Funerals.

THE FRIENDS of DAVID BROWN are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his beloved WIFE; to move from Darling-street, Balmain, at half-past 7 o'clock, and from foot of Erskine-street, at 8 o'clock THIS MORNING, and proceed to the Necropolis. WALTER STEWART, Undertaker.

THE FRIENDS of ALEXANDER BROWN are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his beloved MOTHER; to move from Darling-street, Balmain, at half-past 7 o'clock, and from foot of Erskine-street, at 8 o'clock, THIS MORNING, and proceed to the Necropolis. WALTER STEWART, Undertaker.

THE FRIENDS of WILLIAM FORSYTHE, Botany Road, are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his deceased SISTER-IN-LAW, Mrs. David Brown; to move from Darling-street, Balmain, at half-past 7 o'clock, and foot of Erskine-street, at 8 o'clock, THIS MORNING, and proceed to the Necropolis. WALTER STEWART, Undertaker.

THE FRIENDS of C. H. MAY are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his second SON, William Waltham Frederick May; to move from the Phoenix Wharf, THIS MORNING, at 9 o'clock, or so soon after as the John Penn (s.) may arrive, to Balmain Cemetery.

THE FRIENDS of Captain GARD and C. H. MAY are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his second SON, William Waltham Frederick May; to move from the Phoenix Wharf, THIS DAY, at 9 o'clock, or so soon after as the John Penn (s.) may arrive, to Balmain Cemetery.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. THOMAS YEATES are invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved DAUGHTER, Ethel Maude Mary, to move from his residence, Campbell-street, Camperdown, THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 2 p.m., for the Necropolis.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. ROBERT GAULD are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral; to move from his late residence, No. 449, Pitt-street North, THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, for the Necropolis. J. and G. SHIVING and CO., Undertakers, 719, George-street South; and 120, Oxford-street.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. JOHN HOGAN, late of Branxton, are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his deceased WIFE, Mary Hogan; to move from her late residence, 80, Botany-street, Surry Hills, THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, to the Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS, 118, Oxford-street, near Crown-street; and 737, George-st.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. JOHN M'NAMARA are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved MOTHER-IN-LAW, Mrs. Mary Hogan; to move from her late residence, 80, Botany-street, Surry Hills, THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, to the Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS, 737, George-street South; and 118, Oxford-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. ROBERT SMALL are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved SON, Ernest Reginald; to move from his residence, 493, Riley-street, Surry Hills, THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON, at a quarter past 2 o'clock, to the Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. GEORGE SOMERS FELL are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral; to move from his late residence, No. 67, Judge-street, Woolloomooloo, THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, for the Catholic Cemetery, Petersham. J. and G. SHIVING and CO., Undertakers, 719, George-street South; and 120, Oxford-street.

LOYAL ROSE OF AUSTRALIA LODGE, I.O.G.T., M.U. No. 4024.—The Officers and Brothers of the above Lodge, together with the Officers and Brothers of the other Lodges of the District, are respectfully invited to attend the FUNERAL of our late departed Elective Secretary, G. S. FELL; to move from his late residence, No. 67, Judge-street, Woolloomooloo, to Petersham Cemetery, at half-past 2 p.m.
C. M'SHINE, N. G.
S. J. BRAY, Secretary.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. JAMES RUSSELL are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral; to move from his residence, 199, Cumberland-street, THIS AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock, to the Petersham Catholic Cemetery. WALTER STEWART, Undertaker.

THE FRIENDS of DAVID COTTON, William-street, Woolloomooloo, are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his deceased UNCLE, Mr. James Russell; to move from his residence, 199, Cumberland-street, THIS AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock, to the Petersham Roman Catholic Cemetery.

THE FRIENDS of W. J. COTTON, King-street, are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his deceased UNCLE, Mr. James Russell; to move from his residence, 199, Cumberland-street, THIS AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock, to the Petersham Roman Catholic Cemetery.

THE FRIENDS of M. WALSH, 578, George-street, are respectfully requested to attend the Funeral of his deceased UNCLE, Mr. James Russell; to move from his late residence, 199, Cumberland-street, THIS AFTERNOON (Thursday), at 2.30, to the Petersham Roman Catholic Cemetery.

THE FRIENDS of J. E. WALSH, 578, George-street, are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his deceased UNCLE, Mr. James Russell; to move from his late residence, 199, Cumberland-street, THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON, at 2.30, to the Petersham Roman Catholic Cemetery.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mrs. REBECCA SIVIER are respectfully informed that her Funeral will move from her residence, 161, Forbes-street, Woolloomooloo, on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, 14th instant, at quarter-past 2 o'clock, for the Necropolis. WALTER STEWART, Undertaker.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. J. R. SIVIER are invited to attend the Funeral of his beloved MOTHER; to move from 161, Forbes-street, Woolloomooloo, on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, at quarter-past 2 o'clock, to the Necropolis. WALTER STEWART, Undertaker.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. T. P. SIVIER are invited to attend the Funeral of his beloved MOTHER; to move from 161, Forbes-street, Woolloomooloo, on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, at quarter-past 2 o'clock, to the Necropolis. WALTER STEWART, Undertaker.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. T. SKELLETT are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his MOTHER-IN-LAW, the late Mrs. Rebecca Sivier; to move from Forbes-street, Woolloomooloo, on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, at quarter-past 2 o'clock, to the Necropolis. WALTER STEWART, Undertaker.

Miscellaneous.

LAST MONTH for BONUS and DOUBLE BONUS Tickets—March, 1879. Royal Furnishing Arcade. W. B. C.

LADIES' and Children's OUTFITS, Baby Linen, &c.—The cheapest house in the city for any article in Ready-made Goods, Costumes, Evening Dresses, Mantles, Jackets. E. WAY, 261 and 267, Pitt-street.

PERAMBULATORS, Invalids' Carriages (all kinds). R. ANDERSON, Manufacturer, Parramatta-street, Glebe.

WANTED, old VIOLIN (Cremona). Address stating price, H. H., Herald Office.

WANTED, SHIPS' CROOKS, to mould 8 inches. Mort's Dock and Engineering Co. (limited), Balmain.

WANTED to purchase Left-off CLOTHING. Letters attended to. Mrs. Anglin, 60, Goulburn-street.

WANTED to sell half dozen BARROWS. Apply No. 12, Little Brisbane-street.

WANTED, to purchase a Stone ROLLER, 1 ton weight. Apply Box 175, General Post Office.

WATCH DOG wanted; state age, breed, and sex: low price. Watch Dog, Herald.

WANTED to BUY Second-hand American STOVE, cheap. Apply 45, New Pitt-street.

WANTED, a good Suburban HOTEL: cash buyers. W. Tindale, 697, George-street South.

WANTED, PREMISES suitable for sodawater factory. Address W. G., Paddington News Agency.

WANTED, to buy Left-off CLOTHING. Letters attended to. Mrs. Murray, 119, Liverpool-street.

WANTED, a Baker's TROUGH, Table, and bakehouse requisites, also confectioner's Showglasses. 82, O'Connell-street.

WANTED to purchase, 3 or 4 BENT LAMPS, with or without pipes, for outside window. Write to Corbett and Walker, gas-fitter, 308, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, a kind person to ADOPT Baby (girl), 8 months old. Address, A. B., care of Mrs. Gill, Elizabeth Farm, Parramatta.

WANTED, for cash, left-off CLOTHING. Ladies and gentlemen waited on by Mr. or Mrs. M. Simmons, of No. 2, Campbell-street, Haymarket (only). Letters attended. Highest price given. Terms, cash.

WANTED Known, that Mr. and Mrs. A. SIMMONS give the highest cash price for ladies' and gentlemen's Left-off CLOTHING. Big Wardrobe, 442, Castlereagh-street, near Campbell-street only. N.B.—Letters attended to.

WANTED, LEASEHOLD, in Woollahra, Waverley, Paddington, Albert Ground, Newtown, or any of the suburbs, a HOUSE or Cottage, four rooms, kitchen; £80 cash, and balance not to exceed 12s weekly instalments. Apply by letter to G. F., Pierce, news agent, William-street, Woolloomooloo.

Professions, Trades, &c.

A GOOD JOINER wanted. Black Swan Hotel, George-street South.

AN APPRENTICE wanted for the Hairdressing. Weekes, 70 and 72, Oxford-street.

APPRENTICES to Mantle and Costume Making. Salary to commence. Newman and Dyson, 17, Jamieson-st.

A RESPECTABLE Lad, as APPRENTICE to tobacconist business, wanted. Apply 610, George-st., Haymarket.

A ROUGH handy CARPENTER. Apply Eglinton Lodge, Glebe Point, early.

APPLICATIONS will be received by the undersigned up till 9th April, 1879, for the Appointment of DOCTOR to the Great Cobar Copper Mine. The amount at present contributed by the men is at the rate of £600 per annum. (The doctor to find all medicines he prescribes.) This amount is likely to increase. The population of the district is 1000, and the doctor will have the right of private practice.
Applications to forward testimonials, &c., to the undersigned.
Captain James Dunstan, manager.
Great Cobar Copper Mine, Cobar, 27th February, 1879.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted, good general WORKMAN, single, sewed and pegged. W. M'Guire, Darling Point.

BOOT TRADE.—Enamelled KANGAROO, cheapest and best. WATSON, Alexandria.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted, a MAN, for cutting press. C. Hilton, Botany-street, Waterloo.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted, MACHINISTS. J. and G. M'Murtrie and Co., 21 and 25, King-street West.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted, Boys, as APPRENTICES. J. and G. M'Murtrie and Co., 21 and 25, King-street West.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted, a good MACAINIST to work at home. Dadswell's Factory, King-street.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted, MAKERS, for men's E.S. Wright, Hibbert, and Co., Elizabeth-street.

BRICKLAYERS wanted; labour only; Oxford and Druitt streets. Apply Zions's.

BRICKLAYERS wanted, immediately. Apply John Young, Exhibition Grounds.

BRUSH HANDS and DECORATOR wanted. A. Torning, 26, O'Connell-street.

BRICKMAKERS.—Wanted, one or two MEN, to make several Kilns of Bricks; must be good hands. Charles A. Serivener, Liverpool.

COMPOSITORS wanted, this morning. De Courcy, Hyde, and Blakeney, 190, York-street.

DRAPERY.—Wanted, a BOY for parcels. M. Downey, 266, George-street.

DRAPERS.—Two good JUNIOR HANDS wanted, for the fancy department. Albion House, 398, George-street.

CITY OF DUNEDIN, NEW ZEALAND.

GAS SUPPLY DEPARTMENT.

APPOINTMENT OF GAS ENGINEER.

The City Council of Dunedin require the services of a competent GAS ENGINEER to take the management of the Dunedin Gasworks.

Salary at the rate of £400 (four hundred pounds) per annum, with dwelling-house, fuel, and gas.

Applications for the appointment, accompanied with testimonials, may be lodged at the Town Clerk's Office, Dunedin, on or before TUESDAY, the 22nd day of April, 1879, at 2 p.m.
J. M. MASSEY, Town Clerk.

DRAPERS.—Wanted, a good experienced Hand, as SHOPWALKER. Albion House, 398, George-street.

DRAPERS.—JUNIOR wanted. Larcombe and Co., Botany Road, Redfern.

DRESSMAKING.—Good BODY HANDS required. Leader and Stark, King-street.

ENGINE-DRIVER.—Wanted, by a steady man, SITUATION as driver or fireman, or both. E. D., Herald.

PAINTER.—A good TRADESMAN wanted. J. E. Bateman, 158, Pitt-street.

PRINTERS.—Turnover at case wanted; good opportunity; news, jobbing, machine. Moss and Burford, N'town.

RULER. — Wanted, a first-class Paper RULER. Apply Hill, Brothers, 168, Pitt-street.

TO BLACKSMITHS.—Wanted, a good General MAN; only sober men need apply to Thomas Corderoy, Ilford.

TO TAILORS.—Wanted, a good Coat HAND, constant work, good wages. H. L. Summerfield.

TO JOINERS.—Wanted, 2 good FIXERS. New buildings, Bourke and Foveaux streets, Surry Hills.

TO DRAPERS.—Vacancies for two good HANDS, at Edward Hordern's. Apply between 11 and 1.

TAILORESSES. — Good Knickerbocker HANDS wanted. Newman and Dyson, 17, Jamison-street.

TO DRAPERS.—Wanted, for the country, a first-class JUNIOR Hand; must have had considerable experience in slop trade. Ross, Morgan, and Robertson, 150, Pitt-street.

TO COMMERCIAL TRAVELLERS. — Good Boot COMMISSION open for Northern and Western roads, must understand, and have connection. Trade, Herald Office.

TO PARENTS.—Vacancies in our millinery show rooms for two young ladies as APPRENTICES. Leader and Stark, King-street.

TO BANDMASTERS.—Wanted, applications from persons willing to take charge of a BRASS BAND, now forming in Cootamundra. Apply, stating terms, to J. W. A. H. Porter, secretary, Band Committee, Cootamundra.

VACANCIES for good HANDS. Thompson and Giles, Denison House.

WANTED, BODYMAKER. W. Kerridge, coachbuilder, 267, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, a first-class ENGINE-DRIVER for saw-mill. H. Beverley, Druitt-street.

WANTED, a good JOINER. William Hart, builder, 165, Devonshire-street.

WANTED, BUGGY PAINTER. F. Wylie, coachbuilder, Erskineville Road, Newtown.

WANTED, first-class Brush HANDS: none other need apply. Palmer and Weekes, 141, King-street.

WANTED, a SMITH, accustomed to railway work. Juleff, Brothers, Botany Road, Redfern.

WANTED, APPRENTICE or Improver for waistcoats. Apply 28, Dale-street, Chippendale.

WANTED, Apprentice GIRLS for tailoring; wages to commence. 2, Rose-terrace, Rose-street, Darlington.

WANTED, BRICKLAYER. Apply Wesleyan Church, Glebe Road, 8 o'clock.

WANTED, two BASKETMAKERS. J. Dobson and Son, 18, Park-street.

WANTED, a BRICKLAYER, to build some cottages. Apply 705, George-street South.

WANTED, IMPROVERS and Apprentices to Dressmaking; also Ruche Hands. 185, Bourke-st., Wool'mloo.

WANTED, a good General SMITH. Apply London Iron Works, 201, Phillip-street.

WANTED, a good PAPERHANGER, early. Apply Guild Hall Hotel, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, a MASON, to dress first-class kerb. Green Park Hotel, Liverpool and Victoria sts., Dlinghrst.

WANTED, a MATE for Princess Louise, at 9 a.m. C. B. Bond, 64, Sussex-street.

WANTED, a BODYMAKER. T. Peterson, coachbuilder, Goulburn-street.

WANTED, Rough CARPENTER. Wm. Lloyd, Goodlet-street, opposite Goodlet and Smith's Pottery.

WANTED, a FRENCH POLISHER and Chair and Couch Frame Maker. Wright, 533, George-street.

WANTED, a SHOPMAN, for the retail boot trade. Apply 240, George-street.

WANTED, a first-class Lady PIANIST, to travel. 213, Macquarie-place.

WANTED, TROUSERS' FINISHERS. Apply opposite barrack gate, Paddington, 2 doors butcher's shop.

WANTED, a BUTCHER, accustomed to small goods. J. D. Field, 764, George-street South; also, strong Lad to look after horses.

WANTED, a respectable Lad, as APPRENTICE to the ironmongering business. Apply, between 10 and 12 a.m. T. P. Reeve, 752, George-street, Haymarket.

WANTED, a GOVERNESS, daily or otherwise; must be a first-class pianist; if competent to teach languages preferred; good salary. Box 187, General Post Office.

WANTED, for the country, first-class SAW-SHARPENER; must understand working of Planing Machine also. Apply A. and R. Amos, 247, George-street.

WANTED, for the country, a PLUMBER and GALVANIZED IRON WORKER; none but first-class workmen and able to produce satisfactory references as to sobriety, &c., need apply. T. Lassetter and Co. (Limited), Sample Room, York-street.

Situations Wanted.

A SMART young Woman, with baby, will give her services for a home. 6, Bridge-street.

AT 98, Market-street.—Generally useful young and elderly MEN; Lads for hotels or private; refs. Wages mod.

A GOOD Plain Cook and Laundress DISENGAGED. 21, Wemyss-street, off Goulburn-street. State family.

A RESPECTABLE young Man, lately arrived, can drive, and would be found useful and obliging, seeks EMPLOYMENT; accustomed to grocery. B. Y., Herald Office.

AN OFFICER of large experience desires a POSITION, afloat or ashore, Islands, Torres Straits, &c. Address, in the first instance, Navy, Herald Office.

AS GENERAL SERVANT, young Woman, understands dairy; country preferred. Mrs. Luscombe, 560, Bourke-street.

A YOUNG Lady is anxious to engage as Lady's Help or Companion, or to teach young children English and music; salary no object. Address Anxious, Post Office, Paddington.

AN EXPERIENCED ACCOUNTANT is desirous of an ENGAGEMENT in town or country: first-class references. Address Accountant, care of W. E. Smith, 28, Bridge-street.

ADVERTISER, with large experience in sheep and cattle, both in New South Wales and Victoria, wishes SITUATION with stock and station agent; good at office work. Apply Zulu, Post Office.

A RESPECTABLE and educated young Man, who has held responsible position on stations for some years, desires an ENGAGEMENT on an estate, or other employment in or near town. H. L., 24, Park-street.

A YOUNG MAN, not long from England, is open to an ENGAGEMENT as Manager on a farm, and is well accustomed to farming and agricultural implements; has had ten years' experience; references, if required. H. W., Herald Office. Open a week.

BY domesticated, very respectable young Protestant lady, useful Companion. Mrs. Killick, 311, Castlereagh-street.

BY a Married COUPLE, man garden, groom, milk, &c.; wife as general servant; salary, £60. A., 98, Market-street.

BY STEADY Gardener, groom and milk, near Waverley, 15s, reference. Protestant Registry, 284, Castlereagh-st.

BY respectable young MAN, good refs., garden, groom, &c., near Woollahra. M. D., Munn's, Queen-st., Woollahra.

CENTRAL REGISTRY, 58, Hunter-street.—Two excellent SERVANTS, as Cook and Laundress, House and Parlour Maid (one house); Married Couples, useful Men, Grooms, Coachmen, and Gardeners, General Servants.

DISENGAGED, general indoor Man Servant, 45; ten years' reference, low wages. Comfort, Herald Office.

EXPERIENCED Stockman or Drover wants Situation, well up in cattle and sheep, steady. P. O., Oxford-street.

GROCERS.—Wanted, SITUATION, by young man, aged 24; good references; country preferred. B., Herald.

HOUSE and Parlourmaids waiting; also, Cooks, Laundresses, general Servants. Mrs. Stephenson, 6, Bridge-st.

LADY desires Morning Engagement; proficient in English, French, and Music. Tuition, General Post Office.

RESPECTABLE young person requires SITUATION in private family; sewing woman. X., 94, Oxford-street.

SITUATION, Bookkeeper or Storekeeper, wanted on station; colonial refs. Competent, Gordon and Gotch, Melb.

SITUATION WANTED.—Wanted, by a respectable Widow, 40, just from England, SITUATION, as Housekeeper. Has had considerable experience. E. P., care Headmaster Public School, Paddington.

SURVEYORS.—Wanted, by young Man, ENGAGEMENT in the field as Assistant. Good carpenter and draughtsman; field experience, Riverina and Gippsland. Address R. B., Gordon and Gotch, Melbourne.

TO HAIRDRESSERS.—Steady and immediate EMPLOYMENT for a good man. 242, George-street North.

TO GROCERS.—A first-class Assistant is open for ENGAGEMENT, competent to take first charge; good references. Address L. E. M., Post Office.

TO CHEMISTS and SURGEONS.—A young man, not long from England, is open to an ENGAGEMENT as Assistant or Dispenser, ætat 22. Country preferred or suburbs. Seven years' experience. Medicus, U. R., Herald Office.

WANTED, SITUATION, General Servant, quiet family. No. 1, Queen-street, Glebe.

WANTED, Situation, by respectable young Man; garden, groom, and mow. A. L. V., Post-office, Redfern.

WANTED, by a respectable Woman, family WASHING, or hotels. 282, Kent-street.

WANTED, SITUATION as General Servant, middle aged, low wages. 531, Kent-street.

WANTED, SITUATION, as first-class female Cook; good references. Apply 440, Pitt-street.

WANTED, SITUATION, as daily Pupil Teacher in school near Newtown. O. S., Post-office, Newtown.

WANTED, by a young Person, who is a good plain cook, a SITUATION in town or country. Apply personally, 349, Kidman's-terrace, Bourke-street, by gaol.

WANTED, SITUATION, near Newtown, as morning Governess; English and Music; given for week. S. T., Post-office, Newtown.

WANTED, by young Man, SITUATION as Storekeeper on station. Address W., Herald Office.

WANTED, by competent Man as Engineman; can do repairs. Address T. Norton, 134, Phillip-street.

WANTED by single young Man, a SITUATION, of trust, on station, either as storekeeper or overseer. Apply by letter E. C., Post-office, Homebush.

WANTED, by respectable young Woman, SITUATION, as General Servant or House and Parlour Maid. Apply to No. 5, Young-street, Redfern.

WANTED, SITUATION, as Collector, Canvasser, Storeman, or any position of trust, by a young Man; steady, sober, and not afraid of work; can ride and drive well; good references. Apply M. F. L., Post Office.

WANTED, at beginning of July, by a Teacher trained in Germany, SITUATION at a College, or otherwise in Sydney or environs. Principal Department: Modern languages, geography, &c. Please address D. M. Hahndorf, P.O., South Australia.

WANTED, by a respectable Man, age 43, of good appearance, a SITUATION, in a private house, club, or hotel, in or out doors; is a first-class waiter and a good penman; or in any other capacity where the services of a good and honest man is required; willing to make himself general useful; can produce first-class testimonials as to character from previous employers. Address to W.C., 148, Woolloomooloo-street, Woolloomooloo.

Servants Wanted.

A GENERAL SERVANT wanted, at 296, Victoria-street, behind St. John's Church, Darlinghurst.

A GOOD General SERVANT wanted for private family, good wages. 149, Castlereagh-street.

ALL CLASSES of Female SERVANTS wanted, for country hotels; also useful Girls. 98, Market-street.

AS HOUSE and PARLOUR MAID—respectable young person wanted. Apply to-day, Edgecliff House, Ocean-street.

A GENERAL SERVANT wanted. Apply on the premises, 3, Emma-terrace, Pitt-street, Redfern; or at 101, Elizabeth-street North.

AN elderly single MAN wanted, to take charge of a store and books, in the country; to live in the house; duties very easy, and a comfortable home. A. M. Z., Herald Office.

ASHFIELD.—Wanted, a young thorough General SERVANT, for a small family; good wages; references required. Apply in the morning to Miss Remington, Dunluce, Ashfield.

BARQUE METEOR.—Wanted four A.B.'s, two O.S.'s, and Steward. Apply on board, Alger's Wharf.

BOYS.—Wanted, smart BOYS, for tailor's shop. Joe Marsh, tailor, 707, George-street South.

BOY wanted, for shop and other work. Eames, chemist, 14, Oxford-street.

COMPETENT COOK—wages 15s—wanted, at Mr. Alfred Lamb's, Macleay-st. Good personal refs. indispensable.

MRS. BARRATT'S REGISTRY.—Situations waiting all classes of servants, with references. 156, King-street.

MARRIED COUPLE wanted, man to look after horse and buggy; wife General Servant; two friends Cook and Laundress, and Housemaid, General Servants, 3 in family; waitresses, best situations at Protestant Registry, 284, Castlereagh-st.

RESPECTABLE YOUTH wanted; good penman; references. Apply Enoch Taylor and Co., boot importers, 93, York-street.

SMART BOY wanted for wholesale boot warehouse. Apply Enoch Taylor and Co., 93, York-street.

TO PARENTS and GUARDIANS.—Wanted, a respectable BOY, about 16, to take care of a pony, be useful in garden and house; also a Boy, about 15, as MESSENGER in office. Apply for three days. J. Horbury Hunt, 91, Pitt-street.

WANTED, good COOKS, for suburbs. The Home, 28, Clarence-street.

WANTED, LAD, to work saw-sharpening machine. Goodlet and Smith, Pyrmont.

WANTED, respectable Girl as General SERVANT. Builders' Arms, Liverpool and Sussex streets.

WANTED, respectable Girl, as General SERVANT; small family. 4, Ess-ter., Cleveland-st., nr. Moore Park.

WANTED, respectable GIRL, to mind a baby and be generally useful. Smith's Family Hotel, Petersham.

WANTED, a GIRL about 13, to make herself useful. Apply after 10, 247, Forbes-street, Darlinghurst.

WANTED, a MAN, to clean machinery. Apply F. T. Wimble and Co., 48, Hamilton-street.

WANTED, a respectable Lad, as LIGHT PORTER. Leader and Stark, King-street.

WANTED, LAUNDRESS, for a country hotel; refs. Apply between 10 and 11, Railway Hotel, George-st. South.

WANTED, strong BOY, to collect orders and deliver meat. James Gould, butcher, Petersham.

WANTED, a GIRL, about 14, to be generally useful; no children. 31, Bank-street, Chippendale.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT; wages no object. California Inn, 18, Parramatta-street.

WANTED, a useful GIRL. 265, Riley-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, a GIRL, about 13, to be useful. 30, Dale-street, Chippendale.

WANTED, a BOY, to carry parcels; references required. Cameron's, 88, King-street.

WANTED, a respectable Girl, as General SERVANT. Apply 247, Macquarie-street.

WANTED, useful GIRL, about 15. Mrs. Ross, Strathaegle, Bourke-street, near Baptist's Garden.

WANTED, a useful GIRL. No. 6, Oxford-street.

WANTED, a young Girl, as General SERVANT. 8, Rialto-terrace, Upper William-street South.

WANTED, General SERVANT, small family. Mrs. J. E. Vance, Gwendoline, Bridge Road, Glebe.

WANTED, a MAN for the country, able to milk. Apply John Ritchie, 6, King-street.

WANTED, a good farming MAN able to milk. W. G. Yeates, commission agent, 63, Sussex-street.

WANTED, a LABOURING MAN, to break up some ground for a garden. 84, King-street.

WANTED, a RUNNER. 150, Castlereagh-street, between King and Hunter streets.

WANTED, smart GIRL, about 15, generally useful. Mrs. Dole, 16, Glebe Road.

WANTED, useful GIRL, 17. Mrs. A. Anderson, Holdsworth-terrace, Glenview-street, Glenmore.

WANTED, NURSEGIRL, two children. Mrs. A. Anderson, Holdsworth-terrace, Glenview-street, Glenmore.

WANTED, a KITCHENMAN. Apply early G. H. Lovett, Temperance Hall, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a GIRL, to be useful, three in family. 255, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, a good COOK, female. Great Britain Hotel, George and King streets.

WANTED, young General SERVANT; small family, suburbs; another kept. Registry, 100, Bathurst-street.

WANTED, young NURSE (Protestant), suburbs; good wages. Mrs. Sheppardo, 100, Bathurst-street.

WANTED, a strong General SERVANT. Apply 241, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Apply 10 a.m., Thursday morning, 4, St. George-ter., Pitt-st. S.

WANTED, for suburbs, first-class GARDENER; must have good references. Metropolitan Hotel, after 11.

WANTED, NURSEGIRL. Mrs. Seale, Hurstmonceux, Toothill-st, Petersham. Stationmaster will direct.

WANTED, a respectable Woman, as General SERVANT. Mrs. W. Hudson, Redfern-street, Redfern.

WANTED, a BOY, to make himself useful. 231½, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. 13, Margaret-street.

WANTED, respectable General SERVANT; sleep at home. 211, Riley-street, Surry Hills, near Oxford-street.

WANTED, HOUSEMAID. Mrs. Himmelhoch, 292, Castlereagh-street, near Park-street.

WANTED, Youth, as GROOM, Ploughmen, Assistant Butcher. Glue's Labour Agency, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a MAN, to assist in the bar. Apply C. Kelsey, George and King streets.

WANTED, a YOUTH, to look after horses and make himself otherwise useful. 570, Bourke-st., Surry Hills.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Cheshire Cheese Hotel, Haymarket.

WANTED, a good KITCHEN MAN, one used to restaurants, steady. Apply 524, George-street, Sydney.

WANTED, General SERVANT. Mrs. Rudd, Palmer and Liverpool streets, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, plenty General Servants, House and Parlour Maids, useful Girls. Central Registry, 58, Hunter-st.

WANTED, a useful GIRL for housework, assist in bar. Golden Age Hotel, George-street North.

WANTED, General SERVANT, Plain Cook, another kept, good wages. 22, Wynyard-square.

WANTED, a WAITER and WAITRESS. Temperance Hotel, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a respectable person, as NURSE. Temperance Hotel, 205, Pitt-street.

WANTED, good CARVER, to make himself useful in dining-room. Aaron's Exchange Hotel, Gresham-street.

WANTED, a young PERSON who has been general servant, no cooking. Apply to Mrs. Piahlert, Piahlert's Hotel, Wynyard-square.

WANTED, a young Woman, as General SERVANT, with reference; two in family. Mrs. M'Ardell, Golden Lion Hotel.

WANTED, a thorough General SERVANT; to one who understands her duties good wages will be given. Apply Daley's Family Hotel, 81, Lower George-street.

WANTED, Married COUPLE, man gardener, &c.; wife good cook; young Man for butcher, Lad for milkman. 98, Market-street.

WANTED, a Married COUPLE, man as gardener, wife as general servant. Apply at Punch Office, Castlereagh-street, between 11 and 12.

WANTED, respectable person as Working Housekeeper, for a station, for two gentlemen, and one for one gent. 98, Market-street.

WANTED, EMPLOYMENT in Hotel by man, age 30, used to trade, country not objected to. H. Knight, G. P. O., Sydney.

WANTED, two single MEN, used to farm work; also one good DAIRYMAN. Apply at Garrad and Booth's, Market and Sussex streets.

WANTED, a NEEDLEWOMAN; must understand dressmaking. Apply, with references, this week, before 1 o'clock, to Mrs. Edward Butler, St. Coniee, Darling Point.

WANTED, HOUSE and PARLOUR MAID; must understand her duties and have references. Westgate Cottage, Waverley Road, near new reservoir.

WANTED, MAN and WIFE, unencumbered, to look after the rooms of a small club, Maitland; quarters found; good testimonials and references indispensable. Apply O. C. W., Maitland.

WANTED, smart, respectable BARMAID. Aaron's Exchange Hotel, Gresham-street.

WANTED, a Waiter, Servant, Cook, and Housemaid. All Nations' Restaurant, George-street. Good wages.

WANTED, a General SERVANT (another kept) in a small family; she must be a good cook and laundress; long references indispensable. Apply any morning this week, before 10 o'clock, at 68, Botany-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, MEN, FOR THE NEW SOUTH WALES PERMANENT ARTILLERY, BETWEEN 18 AND 35 YEARS OF AGE, 5 FEET 7 INCHES AND UPWARDS IN HEIGHT. APPLY ORDERLY ROOM, VICTORIA BARRACKS, DAILY, FROM 9 TO 10 A.M. GOOD REFERENCES REQUIRED.
By Order.
H. D. MACKENZIE,
Captain and Acting Adjutant, N. S. W. A.
Artillery Brigade Office, 12th December, 1878.

YOUNG Lady offered comfortable HOME, small salary, to assist lady, light duties. R., Herald Office.

YOUNG WOMAN, for light house work. Dining Rooms, opposite Hudson, Brothers, Botany Road.

LAST MONTH for BONUS and DOUBLE BONUS Tickets—March, 1879. Royal Furnishing Arcade. W. B. C.

Apartments, Board, and Residence.

A COMFORTABLE HOME for one gentleman; bath, piano, gas, &c.; terms, £1 1s. 21, Victoria-ter., Albion-st.

A COMFORTABLE verandah ROOM, with or without board. Our Boys Hotel, William-street.

A DRAWING-ROOM SUITE and APARTMENTS. 185, Macquarie-street North, opposite Inner Domain.

A FRONT balcony ROOM to LET. Apply at 78, Mary-street.

A FURNISHED Parlour and Bedroom, bath, use of kitchen, no children. 237, Fitzroy-street, Moore Park.

A FURNISHED Bedroom to LET, for a single man. 351, Crown-street, Surry Hills.

A HOME for a lady engaged during the day, Milson's Point. Apply to Mrs. Slatter, draper.

A LARGE Front ROOM, furnished, for two respectable men. Apply 568, Pitt-street.

A NICELY furnished BEDROOM, suit a single gentleman, no other boarders. 145, Woolloomooloo-street.

APARTMENTS and SUITE vacant. Mrs. Waugh, 159, Macquarie-street North.

APARTMENTS to LET, in Frampton House, 5, Richmond-terrace, Domain.

APARTMENTS vacant. Mrs. Martyn, No. 6, Richmond-terrace, Domain.

APARTMENTS vacant for a married couple and two single gentlemen, at 142, Castlereagh-street North.

APARTMENTS vacant; terms, £1 5s. Mrs. Hinton, 1, Grosvenor-terrace, Church-hill.

APARTMENTS vacant. Mrs. Lodge's, 195, Macquarie-street North, opposite Domain Gates.

APARTMENTS vacant for families and gentlemen. Gordon House, 138, Castlereagh-street North.

APARTMENTS vacant. Mrs. Turner's, Wotonga House, King-st. E., op. St. James' Church; terms mod.

APARTMENTS vacant, board: terms moderate. Albany House, opposite St. Philip's Church.

APARTMENTS and Drawing-room SUITE vacant, at Wentworth House, Church Hill.

APARTMENTS vacant for gentlemen; piano, bath; terms, 21s. Ellerslie House, 20, Wynyard-square.

APARTMENTS, furnished, board optional, bath, 'bus route, delightful situation. 609, Crown-st., Surry Hills.

APARTMENTS vacant, No. 3, Grosvenor-terrace, Church-hill. Mrs. H. Rodd-Smith.

APARTMENTS vacant. Mona House, Wynyard-square. Terms moderate.

APARTMENTS, superior vacant, with Board, opposite the Park; balcony, bath, &c. 155, Elizabeth-street.

APARTMENTS, with dressing-room and balcony attached, vacant. Frankfort House, 51, Bridge-street.

AT Pembroke House, 215, Macquarie-st. N., opposite Legislative Assembly, Apartments for families.

AT Langham House, Wynyard-square (next St. Philip's Parsonage), APARTMENTS vacant.

AT Merlin House, 179, Premier-terrace, William-street, there are now Vacancies.

A VERY comfortable furnished BEDROOM, to suit two friends. 141, Liverpool-street, facing the Park.

A YOUNG Lady can meet with a comfortable HOME at 118, Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo.

APARTMENTS vacant, in private family, 10 minutes' walk from Exhibition; bath, gas, piano, and no children. Cards at Elvy's, George-street.

A SANATORIUM.
IMPERIAL HOTEL, MOUNT VICTORIA, with superior accommodation, is now ready. Charges moderate. Apply to Manager; or to HINTON and CO., 422, George-st.
☞ Vehicles attend all trains.

BOARD and RESIDENCE for one or two gentlemen. Mrs. Sprod, Mount Vernon Cottage, Derwent-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, for two respectable Men. No. 151, Riley-street, Woolloomooloo.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, 53, Castlereagh-street South, opposite Exhibition, Prince Alfred Park.

BURTON HOUSE, 22, Burton-street.—Apartments vacant for family or gentlemen. Terms, £1 week.

COMFORTABLE LODGINGS for Tradesmen and others; bath. 69, Botany-street, Surry Hills.

CLARENDON HOTEL, MANLY.—APARTMENTS vacant. Best accommodation. Large Furnished HOUSE to LET.

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL, LITHGOW.
Western extremity of the Celebrated Zigzag.
First-class accommodation for families, tourists and commercial gentlemen.
Baths. Sample rooms. First-class stabling.
Horses and vehicles for hire.
Only the best brands of liquors kept.
D. HOWELLS, Proprietor.

FRONT ROOM to LET, double bed, suit married couple; moderate. 279, Palmer-street, near Burton-street.

FURNISHED BEDROOM for a single gentleman. 98, Upper Fort-street, opposite the Flagstaff.

FURNISHED small comfortable COTTAGE, 14s; stable if required. Mrs. Cluer, Pitt and Raglan sts., Redfern.

FURNISHED APARTMENT, for single men. 167, Cumberland-street. Terms moderate.

FURNISHED BEDROOM, for two friends. 51, William-street, private door near Yurong-street.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS, Married Couples or Single Gentlemen, at 17, Bay-street, Woolloomooloo.

HUON HOUSE, 98, Elizabeth-street, 3 minutes, P. O.—Vacancies for 2 gentlemen, balcony, bath, piano, 21s.

MANLY.—VACANCIES at Mrs. Rowett's, Ocean View, Manly Beach.

MANLY BEACH.—Balcony SUITE vacant; also, Apartments for gentlemen. Colonnade Hotel, C. P. Sargent.

NO. 71, Elizabeth-street North, furnished and unfurnished Apartments; private Board and Residence: bath.

NORTH SHORE, Milson's Point, water frontage: comfortable home for a gentleman. Address Deacon's Store.

PHILLIP-STREET, No. 146.—APARTMENTS vacant for married couple and single gentlemen; baths.

PRIVATE APARTMENTS vacant, for Ladies or Gentlemen, at Keira, Piper-street, Woollahra.

PRIVATE Board and Residence, 276, Crown-street, Surry Hills, near Oxford-street. Bath.

PRIVATE BOARD, partial board, lodgings, for young men. 103, Palmer-street, near William-street.

ROOM for two single men, 509, Kent-street, near Bathurst-street.

SELECT BOARD and RESIDENCE for single gentleman. 1, Hyde Park-terrace, Liverpool-street.

SUPERIOR BOARD and RESIDENCE, Liverpool Road, Ashfield, opposite Public School.

SUPERIOR Board and Residence for gentlemen; drawingroom, bath. 109, William-street.

SUPERIOR Board and Residence, 277, Riley-street, Surry Hills. Vacancies, gentlemen and married couples.

TO LET, Furnished BEDROOMS, near baths. Clement's Domain Hotel, Palmer-street, Woolloomooloo.

TO LET, large front ROOM, suitable for an office. 767, George-street, near the railway bridge.

TO LET, large front ROOM; capital position; suitable for offices; rent, 15s. Hurley and Co., 450, George-street.

TO LET, comfortable LODGINGS for a respectable man, without board. 24, O'Connell-st., opp. Herald Office.

TWO unfurnished ROOMS, 15, Wemyss-street, corner Macquarie and Goulburn streets. Private family.

TWO FRONT BEDROOMS. 150½, Woolloomooloo-street. Terms, moderate.

TWO ROOMS to LET, suit married couple without children. 218, Market and Castlereagh streets.

VACANCY for 2 BOARDERS, in private family, balcony room. 211, Crown-street, near Burton-street.

VACANCIES for two gentlemen. 49, Crown-street, near the Domain and William-street.

VACANCIES for families and gentlemen. Mrs. Hamilton, Ardrossan House, Wynyard-square.

WANTED to LET, one or two furnished Bedrooms, gentlemen, very moderate. Spragg and Adams, Oxford-st.

A YOUNG Man, with his mother, wants unfurnished ROOM, near Wynyard-square. George, Herald Office.

A GENTLEMAN wants BOARD, near Treasury; separate bedroom; terms, £5 per month. Y. O. T., Herald.

A GOOD NEEDLEWOMAN wishes a Home; a small remuneration required; open a week. Address 118, Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo.

A GENTLEMAN wishes BOARD in a select, private family, or where not more than two are kept; Miller's Point preferred. Address C. S., Herald Office.

COTTAGE.—Wanted, good comfortable COTTAGE, gas and water; vicinity St. Mark's, or Darlinghurst, furnished preferred, six months from June. Answer by letter, B. A., St. Mark's Post-office.

EXCHANGE, family Residence, eight rooms, comfortably furnished, water frontage, boats, &c. Owner wants to exchange for one or two months, with similar conveniences, in the country. Address Mr. Powell, 229, George-street.

FURNISHED ROOM to LET, suitable for single gentleman. 73, William-street.

HOUSE wanted with 5 or 6 rooms, in or near Sydney, to rent or purchase. H. O. P., 111, King-street.

MANLY.—Wanted one or two ROOMS, furnished, with use of kitchen; state terms. L.H., Post-office.

MANLY.—Young man requires permanent BOARD and RESIDENCE, open for a week. Terms, 24, Herald Office.

WANTED, at Parramatta, Board and Residence for two ladies. Address B.C., Post-office, Redfern.

WANTED, furnished, Waverley, Sitting, 2 Bedrooms, use of kitchen. E. A., Post-office, Burwood.

WANTED, BOARD and Residence, two friends, Redfern or Surry Hills. C. C., P. O., Oxford-street.

WANTED, by a lady, private BOARD and RESIDENCE; terms must be moderate. Apply, stating terms, J. B., Herald Office.

Houses and Land for Sale.

ASHFIELD, Liverpool Road, 5 minutes of station, Cottage and 1 Acre of Land, cheap. Watkin, Temp. Hall.

ATTENTION is invited to the SALE BY AUCTION, on the PREMISES, at SYDENHAM COTTAGE, SYDENHAM ROAD, MARRICKVILLE.
1. OF THE PROPERTY, consisting of the COTTAGE, ORCHARD, and GROUNDS, by BATT and RODD.
2. OF THE WHOLE of the complete HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS, by H. PALMER.
FULL INFORMATION, CATALOGUES, and CARDS to VIEW on application at our offices.
BATT and RODD, 152, Pitt-street.
N.B.—SALE DAY, FRIDAY, the 14th instant, at 11 a.m. An omnibus will start.

BUILDING ALLOTMENTS on long lease (well situated and having a fine view, adjoining the Government Park reserve, overlooking Rushcutter Bay, &c.), Thorne-street, near the Woollahra Council-chambers. G. H. CURTIS, 147, Pitt-st.

BURWOOD.—One minute's walk from Redmyre Platform.—For SALE, a very pretty VILLA RESIDENCE substantially built of brick, slated roof, and fitted up in the latest English style. It contains large hall, drawing-room (with handsome bow window), dining-room, three bedrooms, bathroom—with lavatory, plunge and showerbath—convenient cupboards and linen presses, kitchen, servants' room, pantry and wash-house with copper boiler, and every convenience for a moderate sized family. There is a large underground tank, with force-pump, and pipes into iron tanks, from which water is laid on to bathroom, bedroom, kitchen, and wash-house. The whole well ventilated and drained, and altogether this is one of the most complete little properties that has been offered for sale. It must be seen to be appreciated. Apply to W. KELLY, Redmyre Platform.

COTTAGES, Houses, and Allotments for private SALE. J. G. READ, 494, George-street.

CITY PROPERTY.—MILLER'S POINT.—FIVE SHOPS and DWELLINGS, returning £192 PER ANNUM, for PRIVATE SALE, PRICE £1400. Freehold title. HARDIE and GORMAN, 175, Pitt-street.

CHOICE SUBURBAN COTTAGE, close to the PETERSHAM RAILWAY STATION for SALE, containing dining and drawing rooms, 3 bedrooms, kitchen, laundry, bathroom, &c., &c.; back and front garden. Apply MILLS and PILE, 154, Pitt-street.

CHARMING VILLA SITES, NO INTEREST.
ASHFIELD! ASHFIELD!!
SUMMER HILL PLATFORM is now being ERECTED BETWEEN PETERSHAM and ASHFIELD.
Those in WANT of a CHOICE VILLA SITE should not DELAY, but COME and INSPECT
THE BEST VILLA ALLOTMENTS in ASHFIELD.
The TAVISTOCK ESTATE, SUMMER HILL.
☞ 4 YEARS' CREDIT, WITHOUT ANY INTEREST.
150 YARDS from SUMMER HILL PLATFORM.
TAKE NOTICE of the TERMS:—Forty-eight monthly instalments without any interest or expense of any kind. Plans at SIPPEL BROTHERS', opposite Police Office, and at the Proprietor's residence, JAMES BARTLETT, Prospect Hall, Ashfield, near the land for sale. J. B. at home afternoons.

FOR SALE, Surry Hills and Woolloomooloo, two small Properties; £300 and £500. FORBES and CO., 410, Geo.-st.

FOR SALE, 4-roomed Brick HOUSE, furnished, kitchen, stables, sheds; leasehold; £120 cash. W. TINDALE, 697, George-street.

FOR SALE.—Four HOUSES each 4 rooms, &c., Kinston, £350 each.
Two HOUSES, Stephen-street, Camperdown, £750.
Two HOUSES, Greek-street, Glebe, £800 each; terms easy.
Two Cottages, Duke-street, Woolloomooloo, cheap, 145 x 120, Coogee, Brook-st. M. M'Mahon, 10, Campbell-st., Haymarket.

FOR PRIVATE SALE, 60 feet of the best GROUND in Sydney; lease, 99 years; with a new COTTAGE on the back of the allotment, and a foundation for another House; room to build 6 Houses.
Apply to THOMAS REYNOLDS, 33, Lansdown-street, Surry Hills.

FOR SALE, new COTTAGE of brick on stone foundation, six large rooms, kitchen, bath, and servant's room, verandah back and front, a large vestibule, plenty water from slate roof, healthy, and beautiful view, garden; three minutes from Snail's Bay Ferry. Apply on the premises to
E. LOUAT, Snail's Bay.

FIRST-CLASS AND SAFE INVESTMENT.
ROSS and HIPGRAVE have for Private SALE, within 20 miles of Sydney, and close to a railway station, a first-class Agricultural and Dairy FARM, containing 169 acres (more or less) of rich land, all fenced and subdivided, with good house, all necessary out-buildings, and many other improvements. Cattle and working plant to be included in the sale.
Possession given at once. Title, Torrens'. To be sold at a bargain. Full particulars on application to the Auctioneers,
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GLEBE POINT.—For SALE, HOUSE, 7 rooms, kitchen, and bathroom; title, Torrens'; good situation; very easy terms; balance can remain in building society; price, £675. For full information apply
BATT and RODD, 132, Pitt-street.

HOUSE PROPERTIES for SALE, in city and suburbs, from £100 to £6800. Jas. Pringle, 164, Pitt-street.

HOUSE for SALE, Park Road, 7 rooms, bathroom, hall, pantries, kitchen, washhouse, gas throughout, balconies back and front; on very easy terms; splendid investment. JAMES PRINGLE, 164, Pitt-street.

NO. 164, Pitt-street.—JAS. PRINGLE has for SALE, House, Surry Hills, £350; Shop, Bourke-street, £750
Houses, Regent-street, Paddington, £750 and £850,
Three Cottages, North Shore, three frontages, £650
Cottages, Waterloo, from £100 to £300; most easy terms
60 x 160 land, Paddington, first-class position, £7 10s.

ORCHARD and Market Garden, 14 acres, 9 miles from Sydney; terms. W. DOUGLASS and CO., 41, Market-st.

PETERSHAM.—Splendid Building LOT, 44 x 128, Croydon-street, close to station. Watkin, Temperance Hall.

PETERSHAM.—For SALE, splendid BUSINESS SITE, opposite Bald-faced Stag Hotel, a bargain.
JNO. BRIDGE.

PALMER-STREET, within 10 minutes of Exhibition, good 2-story Brick HOUSE, contains hall, drawing and dining rooms, 4 bedrooms, kitchen, pantry, front and back verandahs, balcony, &c., for SALE, on terms. Watkin, Temperance Hall.

RANDWICK and ST. LEONARDS.—ALLOTMENTS for SALE; terms liberal. S. H. Pearse, Randwick.

SIXPENCE PER DAY in two years, with a deposit of £4 10s, will pay for a fine Allotment of Land, 50 x 150, fronting wide street, portion of the Redmyre Estate. Torrens' title. Healthy locality, improving neighbourhood. It cannot be beaten as an investment. Plans and all particulars from
J. W. WATKIN, Temperance Hall, Pitt-street.

SURRY HILLS.—For SALE, TERRACE of 8 good HOUSES, each containing 5 rooms, kitchen, bathroom, laundry, &c.; title, freehold; rentals on the block, £436 16s per annum; terms can be arranged; splendid investment; returning over 10 per cent. For full particulars apply
BATT and RODD, 132, Pitt-street.

WAVERLEY, easy access to the City, and close to the proposed Suburban Railway Station.—A substantial and commodious VILLA RESIDENCE, built of brick and stone, in good order, ready for immediate occupation. Five bedrooms; drawing, dining, and sitting rooms; kitchen, pantry, bath, and servants' rooms, outbuildings, large verandahs, about 130 feet, from 8 to 12 feet wide; nearly 2 acres ground, well laid out; lawn, flower, and kitchen garden ornamental trees and shrubs; orchard (all choice trees), abundance of water, fine ocean and landscape view; easy access to the city; price £2500. Part can remain at interest for a term.
THOMAS B. WALKER, Estate Agent, Exchange-corner, Bridge-street.

To Let.

A BEAUTIFULLY furnished HOUSE, with every convenience, to LET, at Newtown. E. Ramsay, George-st.

A FOUR-ROOMED HOUSE and SHOP to LET; rent 14 shillings. C. Selby, Botany-street, Waterloo.

A HOUSE to LET, 5 rooms, every convenience, 15s 6d. 23, Selwyn-street, Moore Park.

A LARGE 6-roomed HOUSE, bathroom, copper, harbour view. Whelan, Goodhope-street, Paddington.

ALBERT PARADE, Ashfield.—Pretty RESIDENCE. 5 bedrooms, &c., &c.; situation unsurpassed. E. Ramsay, George-street.

A VERY nice and compact HOUSE in Stewart-street, Upper Paddington, 6 rooms, garden, large yard, copper, gas in every room; rent, 25s. Apply to S. C. Chisholm, 2, Clarendon-terrace; or 26, Bridge-street.

ASHFIELD.—To LET or SELL, new COTTAGE, 6 rooms, &c., every convenience, 8 minutes of Summer Hill Platform. Apply Mr. Bonomy, Ashfield; or John Knight, Summer Hill.

ASHFIELD.—To LET, COTTAGE, 7 rooms, kitchen, two servants, bathroom, washhouse, stables, and large garden and paddock, five minutes' from railway. Apply at office of Chambers and Laurence, Hunter and Bligh streets; or Mrs. Laurence, Elizabeth-street, Ashfield.

A MOUNTAIN HOME, within two hours of Sydney.—To LET, for twelve months, WYOMING, the present residence and property of Hon. Geoffrey Eagar, situate at "The Valley," and only one minute's walk from the station. The residence is built of brick, and contains 8 rooms and the usual outoffices, and is comfortably furnished throughout. The land consists of 200 acres of magnificent land, abundantly watered and well grassed in all seasons. Full particulars can be obtained from Hardie and Gorman, 175, Pitt-street.

BURWOOD.—To LET, MUSCLIFFE VILLA, newly done up, 11 rooms, bathroom, pantry, &c.; splendid situation and a few minutes from railway station. J. Menzies, Burwood; or 135, Sussex-street.

LIST OF FURNISHED HOUSES AND COTTAGES TO LET—

GLEBE POINT.	House, 6 rooms, kitchen, servant's room, laundry, &c., gas and water laid on. WELL FURNISHED. Good situation; 'bus passing the door. For a term of two months.
PETERSHAM, Norwood Hill.	Cottage, well furnished, 5 rooms, kitchen, servant's room, bathroom, verandah, &c.; stables, coachhouse; rent, £3 3s per week.
FOREST LODGE.	Cottage, 9 good rooms and usual outoffices, all in good order; garden and trees; gas and water laid on; stables and coachhouse. This cottage is really well furnished. Rent, £4 4s per week.
DOUBLE BAY (the very best part).	A splendid detached furnished Villa, containing 9 good rooms, kitchen, scullery, pantry, bathroom, washhouse, billiard-room, &c.; large paddock, garden, and lawn, stables, coachhouse.
WAVERLEY.	Cottage, 8 rooms, bathroom, pantry, stables, large paddocks, garden; magnificent view of the ocean; beautifully furnished. A rare chance for anybody requiring change of air.

BATT and RODD, Auctioneers, &c., 132, Pitt-street.
P.S.—We have several nice HOUSES and COTTAGES to LET, unfurnished.

DARLINGHURST.—To LET, BALHAM HOUSE, 338, Victoria-street, family Residence, every convenience. Mr. Fernandez, Printers' Arms, Liverpool-street East; or Mr. Penfold, Burwood.

FURNISHED HOUSE to LET, Victoria-st., Woolloomooloo. F. Petersen, Furniture Show Rooms, 214, Pitt-st.

FURNISHED HOUSES to LET, city and suburbs. Apply F. Petersen, Furniture Show Rooms, 214, Pitt-street.

GOTHIC Villa, St. John's Road, Forest Lodge, 8 rooms, gas; paddock, garden. Mr. Mathews, next Mr. Korff's.

HOUSE and SHOP to LET, corner of Moncur and Wallace streets, Woollahra; low rent. Apply Burrows and Gleeson, George-street, or on the premises.

HOUSE to LET, 4 rooms and kitchen, shed; water laid on; rent, 15s weekly. St. Mark's Schools, near Darling Point Road.

HOUSE to LET, Victoria-street, Hereford-street, Glebe, 5 rooms, bathroom, servant's room, kitchen, and laundry, gas and water laid on, bells. The rooms are large and airy and well finished; the position is healthy, overlooking Toxteth bush, and within two minutes of Forest Lodge 'bus; rent, 30s weekly. Hardie and Gorman, 175, Pitt-street.

LARGE SHOP, and 7 Rooms, to LET; busiest part of Brickfield-hill. 624, George-street.

MERVALE—house, grounds being done up—to LET. Apply Mrs. Braun, Parramatta Road, Fivedock.

NEWTOWN.—To LET, a HOUSE in Hordern-street, 5 rooms, kitchen, and balcony; 15s per week. W. Wyatt.

NORTH SHORE.—To LET, convenient HOUSE, beautiful views. E. Ramsay, house agent, 412, George-st.

NORTH SHORE.—To LET, six-roomed HOUSE, Eylsford-terrace, Walker-street.

NO. 9, Selwyn-street, Moore Park.—To LET, a very pretty six-roomed HOUSE, bath, washhouse, copper, verandah, balcony back and front; inspection invited. Apply within; also, a five-roomed HOUSE in Hargrave-street, Paddington. Very cheap rental.

ON 'BUS ROUTE.—To LET, COTTAGE, 6 rooms and spacious area; beautiful position. E. Ramsay, George-st.

PETERSHAM.—To LET, new well-finished HOUSE, near English Church. Apply J. Watson, Albert-street.

SHOP and HOUSE to LET, 9, Parramatta-street, near Railway. A golden chance for restaurant. Rent low.

SHOPS to LET, in Pitt-street; also Office, ground floor, furnished. James Pringle, 164, Pitt-street.

SMALL SHOP to LET, 162, Oxford-street, 15s per week, suitable for bootmaker.

STONYHURST, Ocean-street, Woollahra.—To LET, this Family RESIDENCE, containing drawing and dining room 18 x 30, seven bedrooms, bathrooms, kitchen, pantries, &c., gas, water, every convenience; garden, large yard, coachhouse, stable, and other outhouses. Also, another pretty VILLA in the same neighbourhood, to LET. Apply Hinton and Co., No. 422, George-street, Sydney. Cheap rental.

TO LET, a 4-roomed HOUSE, at Pyrmont, near the Bridge. Apply at Patterson's.

TO LET, Maximus-terrace, Glebe Road, HOUSE, 8 rooms, bath, gas, every convenience; rent 28s.

TO LET, COTTAGE, 8 rooms, very large yard, rent £1. Mount Vernon-street, Forest Lodge.

TO LET, four-roomed COTTAGE, near M'Donald Town platform, water, garden. 543, George-street, Sydney.

TO LET, 41, Cumberland-street, thoroughly repaired, ready for immediate occupation. D. Moses, 179, Pitt-street.

TO LET, Balmain, 5-roomed HOUSE. No. 6, Harbour View-terrace, Peacock's Point.

TO LET, a comfortable 6-roomed HOUSE, good water, every convenience; low rent. W. Taylor, Paddington.

TO LET, No. 3, Jarrett's-terrace, Leicester-street, Paddington, 5 rooms, gas, &c.; 15s. Curtis, 147, Pitt-street.

TO LET, No. 2, Maude-terrace, Barcom-street, Darlinghurst, 5 rooms; 18s. Key next door.

TO LET, MONA HOUSE, John-street, Woollahra, 8 rooms, gas, every convenience. G. H. Curtis, 147, Pitt-st.

TO LET, COTTAGE, Cameron-street, near Woollahra 'bus stand, 7 rooms; 15s. Curtis, 147, Pitt-street.

TO LET, HOUSE, 4 rooms, kitchen. Apply No. 1, Lavinia-terrace, Underwood-street, Paddington.

TO LET, COTTAGE, with extensive yard, Phillip-street. Apply Wangenheim's Hotel.

TO LET, a three-roomed HOUSE. Inquire Eveleigh Hotel, Vine-street, Redfern.

TO LET, a good SHOP and Rooms. Apply 34, Regent-street, off George-street South.

TO LET, a 4-roomed HOUSE, near Circular Quay. Apply 7, Little Gloucester-street.

TO LET, HOUSE, 4 rooms, 12s. 15, Beaufort-street, Strawberry Hills, off Wilton-street.

TO LET, Queen-street, Newtown, COTTAGE, 2 rooms, kitchen, &c., 8s. Apply there, or 518, George-street.

TO LET, Queen-street, Newtown, COTTAGE, 4 rooms, kitchen, &c., 12s; plenty water. 518, George-street.

TO LET, Balmain, COTTAGE, 2 rooms and kitchen; rent, 7s. Mr. Spencer, Adolphus-street.

TO LET, Stewart-street, near Park Road, 6-roomed HOUSE; rent, 17s. W. Duncan, Park Road.

TO LET, a Butcher's SHOP, with fixtures, &c. Moore Park Hotel, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

TO LET, a large SHOP and good HOUSE, lease, 93, Oxford-street. First-class stand.

TO LET, in Dixon-street, near Kidman's flour mills, HOUSE, 2 rooms; rent, 7s 6d. Mrs. Summers, opposite.

TO LET, HOUSE, Woollahra, opposite Moore Park, 8 rooms, kitchen, outhouses, stables. C. Kidman, Oxford-st.

TO LET, a HOUSE, 149, Forbes-street, 8 apartments, bathhouse, and suitable out-offices. Apply within; or to J. Donovan, 173, Woolloomooloo-street.

TO BANKS and Others.—To LET, best position in Woollahra, next Mr. E. Arnold's, Queen-street, SHOP and Dwelling. Apply J. Moore, Denison-street.

TO LET, No. 1, HEREFORD COTTAGES, Hereford-street, Glebe Point, 6 rooms, kitchen, washhouse, bath, gas and water, paddock for cow or horse. Apply on premises.

TO LET, COTTAGE, 5 rooms, kitchen, and servants' room, bathroom, stables, coachhouse, garden, plenty of water. Apply W. Foy, 278, George-street.

TO BE LET, COTTAGE, with large yard and stables in New George-street, off Argyle-street. Apply to Allan and Co., Macquarie-place.

TO LET or sell, at Leichhardt, COTTAGE, 6 rooms, kitchen, and washhouse; 2 acres land; water frontage to Iron Cove. Apply John Keep, Barrack-street, or Broughton, Leichhardt.

TO LET, OXFORD HOUSE, 290, Victoria-street, Darlinghurst, six rooms, kitchen, laundry, bathroom, verandah, balcony, gas, &c.; rent, £84, taxes paid. 518, George-street; or J. Brierley, Milton, Five Dock.

TO LET, those PREMISES, Newtown Road, lately occupied by Russell, cab proprietor, next Fenton's, 5 rooms, kitchen, large yard; also the premises next Ware's fruit shop. Geo. Langhorne, Enmore Road.

TO LET, two new HOUSES, Dowling-street, below Cleveland-street, Surry Hills, containing 7 rooms, kitchen, hall, washhouse, and balcony, overlooking Moore Park; gas and water laid on. Apply No. 1.

TO LET, for six months or more, a Family RESIDENCE of 8 rooms, nicely furnished, pianoforte and every requisite, in a quiet respectable neighbourhood; to a respectable tenant coming-in easy. Apply Andrew Allan, 129, King-street.

TO LET, a SHOP and DWELLING, situate in Windmill-street, Miller's Point, containing 6 rooms and kitchen, with stable, large gateway, and yard, suitable for anyone with safety or van. For particulars, apply 17, Lower Fort-street.

TO LET, BEDDINGTON VILLA (near St. Mark's School, Darling Point), contains 6 rooms, kitchen, bathroom, pantry, coachhouse, &c., &c. J. C. Beere, 208, William-street, Woolloomooloo.

TO LET, that large family residence, MILTON HOUSE, Pyrmont Bridge Road, near residence of Hon. J. Lucas, with bath, laundry, coach-house, stables, and paddock. Apply on premises.

TO LET, those PREMISES lately occupied by Mr. Wright as type foundry and engineer shop, Lower George-street. William Simmons, Parramatta-street. Keys to be had from William Macdonald, 352, George-street.

TO LET, for 6 or 12 months, that commodious family RESIDENCE and Grounds known as EGLINTON, Glebe Point Road, adjoining the residence of H. A. Smith, Esq., and Toxteth, the residence of the late Hon. George Allen. The house is delightfully situated, and the grounds comprise flower and vegetable garden, orchard and paddock.
City water and gas.
H. G. Swyny, 124, William-street, Woolloomooloo.

TO LET, for 12 months, furnished, PINE VILLA, Darling-street, Balmain, near English Church, with about 3 acres land, extending from Darling-street to the harbour; back and front verandahs, hall, 6 rooms, two attics, kitchen, laundry, scullery, bathroom, pantries, outhouses, &c.; the whole in thorough order and repair, and comfortably furnished, within 3 minutes of either ferry; will only be let to careful tenant: rent, £200 for the year. Cards to view from Hardie and Gorman, 175, Pitt-street.

TO LET, FOR A TERM OF FIVE YEARS, those very commodious premises so well-known as the old BANK AUCTION ROOMS, lately in the occupation of MESSRS. NICHOLSON and ASCHERBERG.
The rooms and cellar comprise equal areas of 39 x 66 feet, and the yard, around three sides of which there are iron sheds, one side of which is of two floors, has an area of 74 x 71 feet.
The entrance from GEORGE-STREET is 6 feet wide, and the whole capable, at a nominal expense, of being made the most elegant premises in the city.
GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON, 273, George-street.

WOOLLAHRA.—HOUSE, 8 rooms, low rent. Bate, Carlton House, John-street; or, 147, Pitt-street.

WOOLLAHRA.—To LET, Tonbridge Cottage, Piper-street, beautifully situated, commanding harbour view; 7 rooms, large kitchen, pantry, bath-room, gas, stable, and buggy house. Apply next door.

A COMFORTABLE STABLE, with coachhouse, 5s weekly. Our Boys Hotel, William-street.

CELLARS.—To LET, extensive CELLARS, lately occupied by Messrs. D. Cohen and Co., corner of George-street and Charlotte-place. Apply to S. Lyons, 155, Castlereagh-street North.

DRY CELLARS to LET. 73, Pitt-street, Sydney.

HAY and CORN STORE to LET, on Newtown Road, good area. E. Ramsay, 412, George-street.

OFFICE, 4, Change-alley, immediate entry. D. and W. Robertson, 5 and 6, Custom-house Buildings.

COMMODIOUS STORES to LET, on lease, suitable for manufacturing or wholesale business, at the rear of Messrs. Scott, Henderson, and Co.'s premises, 322, George-street. Apply to Charles Moore and Co., 167, Pitt-street.

TO LET, large STORE, centre of Woollahra. Apply Halstenberg, Moncur and John streets, Woollahra.

TO LET, 5-stalled STABLE; also commodious Room, for meetings, &c. Clarendon Hotel, opposite Sacred Heart, Oxford-street.

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